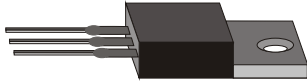


SR2020CT THRU SR20100CT



20.0 AMP SCHOTTKY BARRIER RECTIFIERS



FEATURES

- * Low forward voltage drop
- * High current capability
- * High reliability
- * High surge current capability
- * Epitaxial construction

MECHANICAL DATA

- * Case: Molded plastic
- * Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- * Lead: Lead solderable per MIL-STD-202, method 208 guaranteed
- * Polarity: As Marked
- * Mounting position: Any

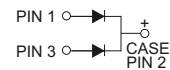
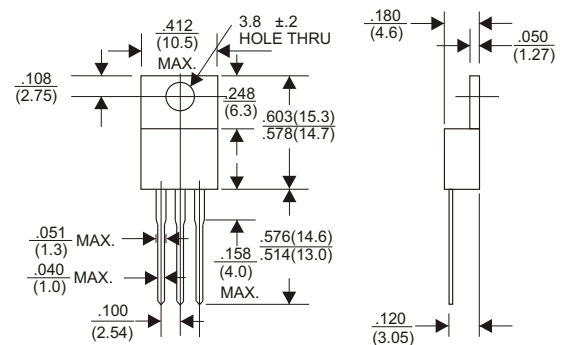
VOLTAGE RANGE

20 to 100 Volts

CURRENT

20.0 Amperes

TO-220



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

TYPE NUMBER	SR 2020CT	SR 2030CT	SR 2040CT	SR 2050CT	SR 2060CT	SR 2080CT	SR 20100CT	UNITS	
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	20	30	40	50	60	80	100	V	
Maximum RMS Voltage	14	21	28	35	42	56	70	V	
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	20	30	40	50	60	80	100	V	
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current									
at T _c =95°C								20.0	A
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)								200	A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage per Leg at 10A	0.55		0.70		0.85			V	
Maximum DC Reverse Current T _a =25°C								0.5	mA
at Rated DC Blocking Voltage T _a =100°C								50	mA
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note1)								500	pF
Typical Thermal Resistance R _{θJC} (Note 2)								2.0	°C/W
Operating Temperature Range T _j								-65 — +150	°C
Storage Temperature Range T _{stg}								-65 — +150	°C

NOTES:

1. Measured at 1MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V D.C.
2. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case.

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (SR2020CT THRU SR20100CT)

FIG.1-TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

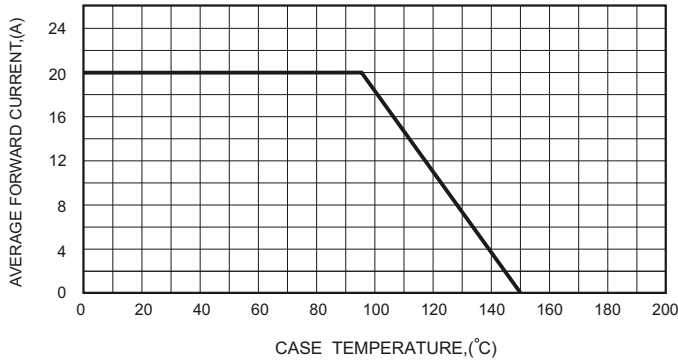


FIG.2-TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

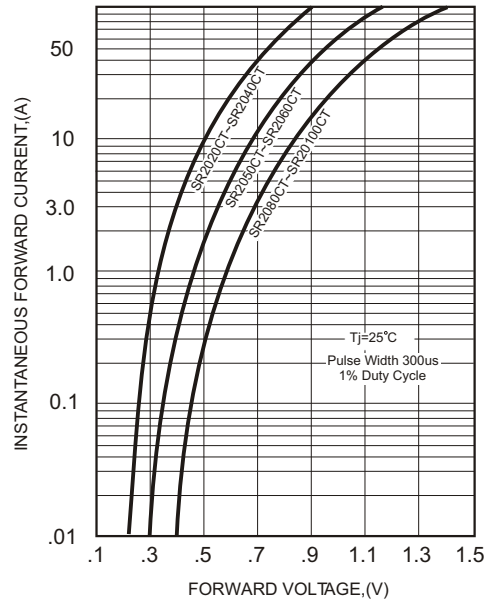


FIG.3-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

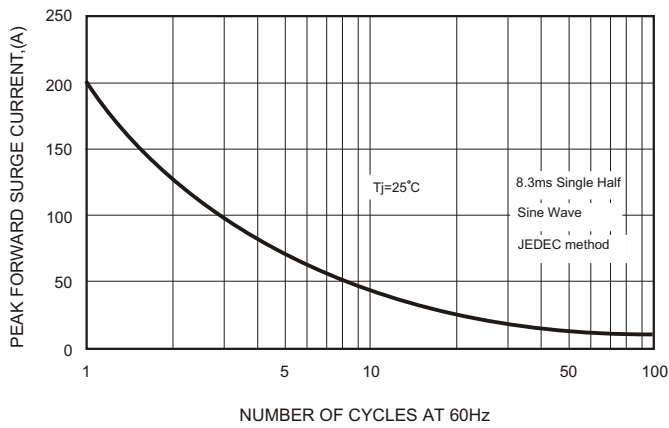


FIG.4-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

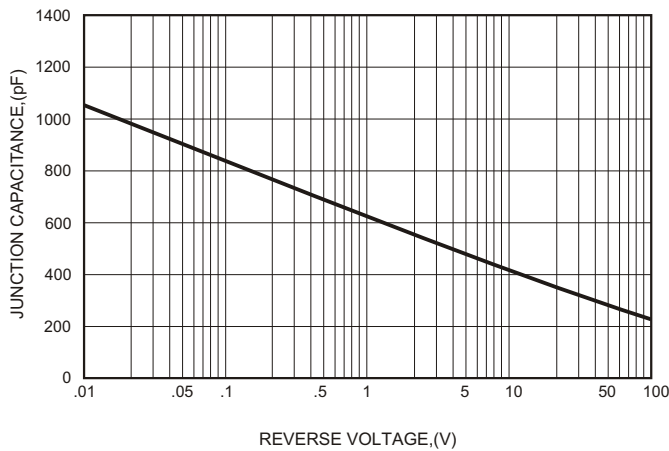


FIG.5 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

