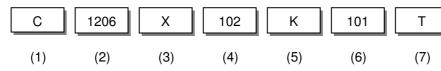


1. Scope

This specification is applies to Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor (MLCC) for use in electric equipment for the voltage is ranging from 100V to 2 KV (not Include).

The MLCC support for Lead-Free wave and reflow soldering, and electrical characteristic and reliability are same as before. (This product compliant with the RoHS.)

2. Parts Number Code



(1)Product

Product Code	
C	Multilaver Ceramic Chin Canacitor

(2)Chip Size

× / I		
Code	Length×Width	unit : mm(inch)
0201	0.60× 0.30	(.024× .011)
0402	1.00× 0.50	(.039× .020)
0603	1.60× 0.80	(.063× .031)
0805	2.00× 1.25	(.079× .049)
1206	3.20× 1.60	(.126× .063)
1210	3.20× 2.50	(.126× .098)
1808	4.60× 2.00	(.181× .079)
1812	4.60× 3.20	(.181× .125)
1825	4.60× 6.35	(.181× .250)
2208	5.70× 2.00	(.220× .197)
2211	5.70× 2.80	(.220× .110)
2220	5.70× 5.00	(.220× .197)
2225	5.70× 6.35	(.220× .250)

(5)Capacitance Tolerance								
Code	Tolerance	Nominal Capacitance						
В	± 0.10 pF	Less Than 10 pF						
С	± 0.25 pF	(Include 10 pF)						
D	± 0.50 pF	_						
E	± 1.00 pF	_						
F	± 1.00 %	More Than 10 pF						
G	± 2.00 %							
J	± 5.00 %	_						
K	± 10.0 %	_						
М	± 20.0 %	_						
Z	+80/-20 %							

(3) let	(3) Temperature Characteristics							
Code	Temperature	Temperature	Temperature					
	Characteristic	Range	Coefficient					
Ν	NPO	-55°∁∼+125° ∁	30 ppm/° C					
L	SL	-25°C ~+85° C	+350~-1000ppm					
Х	X7R	-55°C∼+125° C	± 15%					
В	X5R	-55°C ~+85° C	± 15%					
S	X6S	-55℃~+105℃	± 22%					
Y	Y5V	-30° ℃ ~+85°℃	+22/-82%					
Ζ	Z5U	+10°C∼+85°C	+22/-56%					
E	Y5U	-30°C ~+85 °C	+22/-56%					

(3)Temperature	Characteristics

(4)Capacitance	unit :pico farads(pF)				
Code	Nominal Capacitance (pF)				
5R0	5.0				
120	12.0				
151	150.0				
102	1,000.0				
103	10,000.0				
474	470,000.0				
105	1,000,000.0				
106	10,000,000.0				

 If there is a decimal point, it shall be expressed by an English capital letter R

(6)Rated Voltage

· /	8
Code	Rated Voltage (Vdc)
101	100
201	200
251	250
501	500
631	630
102	1,000
202	2,000
252	2,500
302	3,000
502	5,000

※ Rated Voltage 502 for NPO only.

* Rated Voltage 252 above 1812 Size.

(7)Tapping

Code	Туре
Т	Tape & Reel
В	Bulk



3. Nominal Capacitance and Tolerance

3.1 Standard Combination of Nominal Capacitance and Tolerance

Class	Characteristic	Tolera	ance	Nominal Capacitance
Ι	NPO / SL	Less Then 10 pF	B (± 0.10 pF)	0.5,1,1.5,2,2.5,3
			C (± 0.25 pF)	0.5,1,1.5,2,2.5,3,3.5,4,4.5,5
			D (± 0.50 pF)	5,6,7,8,9,10
			E (± 1.00 pF)	6,7,8,9,10
		More Than 10 pF	F (±1.00 %)	E-12, E-24 series
			G (±2.00 %)	
			J (± 5.00 %)	
			K (± 10.0 %)	
П	X7R/X5R/X7E	K (± 10.0 %),	M (± 20.0 %)	E-3, E-6 series
	Y5V	M (± 20.0 %), Z	Z(+80/-20 %)	E- 3 series
	Z5U			
	Y5U			

3.2 E series(standard Number)

Standard No.	Application Capacitance											
E- 3	1.0				2.2			4.7				
E- 6	1	1.0 1.5 2.2 3.3		.3	4.7		6	6.8				
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2
E-24	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2
	1.1	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.3	5.1	6.2	7.5	9.1

4. Operation Temperature Range

Class	Characteristic	Temperature Range	Reference Temp.
Ι	NPO	-55℃ ~ +125℃	25 ℃
	SL	-55℃ ~ +125℃	25 ℃
П	X7R	-55°C ~ +125°C	25 ℃
	X5R	-55 ℃ ~ +85 ℃	25 ℃
	X6S	-55℃ ~ +105℃	25 ℃
	Y5V	-30 °C ∼ +85 °C	25 ℃
	Z5U	+10°C ~ +85°C	25 ℃
	Y5U	-30 °C ∼ +85 °C	25 ℃
	Other	-25℃ ~ +85℃	25 ℃

5. Storage Condition

Storage Temperature : 5 to 40 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$

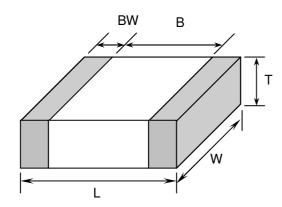
Relative Humidity : 20 to 70 %

Storage Time : 12 months max.



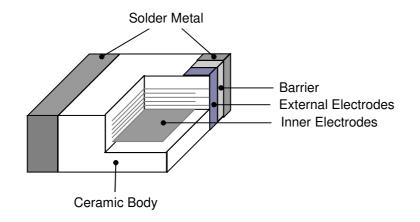
6. Dimensions

6.1 Configuration and Dimension :



					Unit:mm
TYPE	L	W	T (max)	B (min)	BW (min)
0201	0.60± 0.03	0.30± 0.03	0.33	0.20	0.10
0402	1.00± 0.05	0.50± 0.05	0.55	0.30	0.15
0603	1.60± 0.10	0.80± 0.10	1.00	0.40	0.15
0805	2.00± 0.20	1.25± 0.20	1.45	0.70	0.20
1206	3.20 ± 0.30	1.60± 0.20	1.80	1.50	0.30
1210	3.20± 0.30	2.50± 0.20	2.60	1.60	0.30
1808	4.60± 0.30	2.00± 0.20	2.20	2.50	0.30
1812	4.60± 0.30	3.20± 0.30	3.00	2.50	0.30
1825	4.60± 0.30	6.35± 0.40	2.60	2.50	0.30
2208	5.70± 0.40	2.00± 0.20	2.20	3.50	0.30
2211	5.70± 0.40	2.80± 0.40	3.00	3.50	0.30
2220	5.70± 0.40	5.00± 0.40	3.00	3.50	0.30
2225	5.70± 0.40	6.35± 0.40	3.00	3.50	0.30

6.2 Termination Type :





7. Performance

No.	ltem			Specifica	ation	Test Condition	
1	Visua				r appearance	Visual inspection	
	Dimens		See Page 3			Visual inspection	
2				- E00/C	0		
3			10,000MΩo Product Whi	chever l	ls Smaller	V≦500V, Rated Voltage V>500V, Applied 500Vdc Charge Time∶60sec. Is applied less than 50mA current.	
4	Capacitance	Class T	Within The Sp	ecified	Tolerance	Class I :	
		NPO/SL				NPO/SL	
		Class ∏	Within The Sp	ecified	Tolerance	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline C & = & Frequency & Voltage \\ \hline C & \leq & 1000 pF & 1 MHz \pm & 10\% \\ \hline C & > & 1000 pF & 1 KHz \pm & 10\% \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	
5	Q	Class I	More Than 30 30pF & Below	/: Q≧40	00+20C	Class II : Frequency Voltage	
		NPO/SL	(C : Capacita	ance , p	,	X7R 1KHz±10% 1.0±0.2Vrms Z5U/Y5U 1KHz±10% 1.0±0.2Vrms	
	Tan δ	Class ∏	Char. X7R		Maximum 2.5%	Perform a heat temperature at 150±5°C for	
		ш	Z5U/Y5U		4.0%	30min. then place room temp. for 24±2hr.	
6	Withstan Voltag	•	No dielectric mechanical l			V<500V : 200% Rated Voltage 500V≦V<1000V: 150% Rated Voltage	
						 1000 ≤ V :120% Rated Voltage Voltage ramp up rate ≤ 500v/sec for 1~5 sec. charge/discharge Current is less than 50mA. ※ Withstanding voltage testing requires immersion of the element in a isolation fluid prevent arcing on the 	
	-					chip surface, at voltage over 1000Vdc.	
7	Temperature Capacitance Coefficient	Class I	Char. Temp. I NPO -55℃~ SL -30℃~-	+ 125 ℃	Cap. Change(%) ± 30 ppm/℃ +350~-1000ppm	[C2-C1/C1(T2-T1)] × 100%	
		Class ∏	Char. Temp. I X7R -55℃~	Range +125℃	Cap. Change(%) ± 15% +22% ~-56%		
			Y5U -30℃ ^ Z5U +10℃ ^		+22% ~-56%	C1:Capacitance at standard temperature $(25^{\circ}C)$ C2: Capacitance at test temperature (T2)	
8	Adhesive S of Termin	ation			3.	Pull force shall be applied for 10 ± 1 second. $\leq 06035N(= 0.5 \text{ Kg} \cdot \text{f})$ $> 060310N(= 1.0 \text{ Kg} \cdot \text{f})$ N·f	
9	to	Appear- ance			-	Bending shall be applied to the 1.0 mm with 1.0 mm/sec.	
	Flexure of Substrate	C-Meter	Capacitance (Char. NPO SL X7R Y5U/Z5U	$\begin{array}{rrr} NPO & \leq \pm 5.0\% \\ SL & \leq \pm 5.0\% \\ X7R & \leq \pm 12.5\% \end{array}$		C Meter 45±1mm 45±1mm	



No.	lte	em	Sp	ecification		Test Condition
10	Solde	rability	More than 90% is to be soldere does not come	d newly, so	metal part	-
11	Resistance To Soldering Heat	ance Capacit- ance Q Class I Tan δ Class II Insulation Resistance Withstand Voltage	No mechanical Characterist Class I (NPO/SL) Class X7R II Z5U/Y To satisfy the s To satisfy the s To satisfy the s	ic Cap Within ±0.25 er is l initial Within 5U Within pecified init pecified init pecified init	b. Change $h \pm 2.5\%$ or pFwhichev arger of value $h \pm 10\%$ $h \pm 20\%$ ial value ial value ial value ial value	 ✓ Dip : Solder Temperature of 260± 5℃ Dip Time : 10 ± 1sec. Immersing Speed : 25±10% mm/s Flux :Rosin Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class I : 24 ± 2 Hours Class II : 48 ± 4 Hours
12	Tempera ture Cycle	Appear- ance Capacit- ance Q Class Ι Tan δ Class Ι Insulation Resistance	No mechanical Characterist Class I (NPO/SL) Class X7R II Z5U/Y To satisfy the sp To satisfy the sp To satisfy the sp	ic Cap Within ±0.25 er is larg value Within 5U Within pecified init	b. Change $h \pm 2.5\%$ or pFwhichev ger of initial $h \pm 7.5\%$ $h \pm 20\%$ ial value ial value	 Capacitor shall be subjected to five cycles of the temperature cycle as following: Step Temp.(°C) Time(min) Min Rated Temp. +0/-3 Max Rated Temp. +3/-0 Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class I :24 ± 2 Hrs Class II :48 ± 4 Hrs Solder the capacitor on P.C. board shown in Fig 2. before testing.
13	Humidity	Appear- ance Capacit- ance Q Class Ι Tan δ Class Ι I Insulation	No mechanical Characteristi Class I (NPO/SL) Class X7R II Z5U/Y5 More Than 30p 30pF & Below: Char. X7R Z5U/Y5U 1,000MΩ or 50	cCapWithin $\pm 0.5 pF$ is largevalueWithin $5U$ Within $F: Q \ge 350$ $Q \ge 275$ $+$ Maxi 5.0	. Change ± 5.0% or whichever er of initial ± 15% ± 30% 0 - 2.5×C mum 0% 0%	Class II capacitor shall be set for 48 ± 4 hours at room temperature after one hour heat treatment at $150\pm0/-10$ °C before initial measure. Temperature : 40 ± 2 °C Relative Humidity : $90 \sim 95\%$ RH Test Time : $500 \pm 12/-0$ Hr Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class I : 24 ± 2 Hrs Class II : 48 ± 4 Hrs Solder the capacitor on P.C. board shown in Fig 2. before testing.

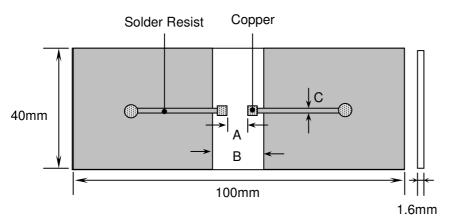


	F	Resistance	smalle	r.				
No.	Iter	n		S	pecific	ation	Test Cond	dition
14	High Temperature Load (Life Test)	Appear- ance Capacit- ance		aracteris I		age shall occur Cap. Change Within ±3.0% or ±0.3pFwhicheve r is larger	Class II capacitors applied table) is applied for one h operation temperature ±3°(48±4 hours at room temper measurement shall be cond Applied Voltage :	our at maximum then shall be set for ature and the initial
			Class	X71		Within ± 15%		
		Q	II Mara I	<u>//Z5U</u> Than 30		Within $\pm 30\%$	Rated Voltage	Applied Voltage
		Class I				$2 \le 350$ 275 + 2.5× C	V<250Vdc<1.0uF	150%Rated Voltage
		Tan δ		nar.		maximum	V≦250Vdc≧1.0 uF	100%Rated Voltage
		Class II		7R		5.0%	250 Vdc \leq V \leq 500Vdc $<$ 0.1 uF	120%Rated Voltage
		Inquilation		/Y5U		5.0%	$250 \text{Vdc} \leq \text{V} \leq 500 \text{Vdc} \geq 0.1 \text{ uF}$	100%Rated Voltage
		Resistance		$00M\Omega \text{ or } 50/C \ \Omega \text{ whichever is}$		(C in Farad)	Less Than 1KVdc	120%Rated Voltage
						(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	More Than 1KVdc (include 1KV)	100%Rated Voltage
							Temperature : max. operati Test Time : $1000 + 12/-0$ Hr Current Applied : 50 mA Ma Measure at room temperati Class I : 24 ± 2 Hours Class II : 48 ± 4 Hours	ax.
15	Vibration	Appear-	No me	chanica	l dam	age shall occur	Solder the capacitor on P.	C. Board shown in
		ance					Fig 2. before testing.	
		Capacit- ance	Class (NPO/ Class II		R	Cap. Change Within ± 2.5% or ±0.25pFwhichev er is larger Within ± 7.5% Within ± 20%	r Vibrate the capacitor with amplitude of 1	
		Q	To sati			ed initial value	directions.	
		Class I Tan δ Class II		-	•	ed initial value		
		Insulation Resistance		sfy the s	specifi	ed initial value		



Fig.1

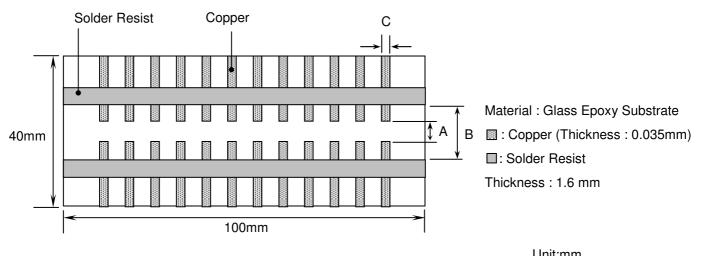
P.C. Board for Bending Strength Test



Material : Glass Epoxy Substrate : Copper (Thickness : 0.035mm) : Solder Resist

Fig.2

Test Substrate



			Unit:mm
Туре	A	В	С
0201	0.2	0.9	0.4
0402	0.5	1.5	0.6
0603	1.0	3.0	1.0
0805	1.2	4.0	1.6
1206	2.2	5.0	2.0
1210	2.2	5.0	2.9
1808	3.5	7.0	2.5
1812	3.5	7.0	3.7
2208	4.5	8.0	2.5
2211	4.5	8.0	3.0
2220	4.5	8.0	5.6

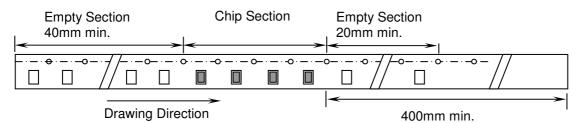


8. Packing

8.1 Bulk Packing

According to customer request.

8.2 Chip Capacitors Tape Packing



8.3 Material And Quantity

Tape	0201	0402	0603/	0805
Material T≦0.33mm		T≦0.55mm	T≦0.90mm	T>0.90mm
Paper	15,000 pcs/Reel	10,000 pcs/Reel	4,000 pcs/Reel	NA
Plastic	NA	NA	NA	3,000 pcs/Reel

Tape	1206						
Material	T≦0.90mm	0.90 mm $<$ T \leq 1.25 mm	T>1.25mm				
Paper	4,000 pcs/Reel	NA	NA				
Plastic	NA	3,000 pcs/Reel	2,000 pcs/Reel				

Таре	1808/1210					
Material	T≦1.25mm	1.25 mm $<$ T \leq 2.40 mm	T>2.40mm			
Paper	NA	NA	NA			
Plastic	3000 pcs/Reel	2000 pcs/Reel	500/1,000 pcs/Reel			

Tape	1812/2211/2220		1825/	2208	
Material	T≦2.20mm	T>2.20mm	T≦2.20mm	T>2.20mm	T≦2.20mm
Paper	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Plastic	1000 pcs/Reel	700 pcs/Reel	700 pcs/Reel	400 pcs/Reel	1000 pcs/Reel

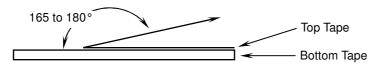
NA : Not Available

8.4 Cover Tape Reel Off Force

8.4.1 Peel-Off Force

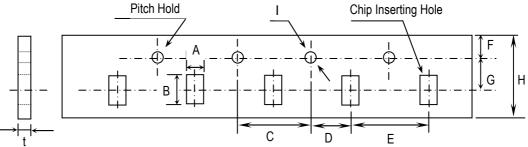
5 g·f \leq Peel-Off Force \leq 70 g·f

8.4.2 Measure Method





8.5 Paper Tape

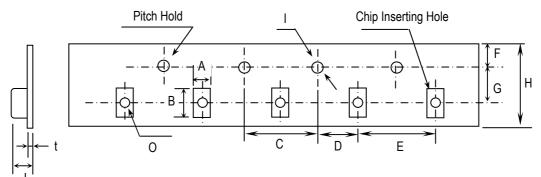


Unit:mm

TYPE	А	В	С	D	E
0201	0.37± 0.1	0.67± 0.1	4.00± 0.1	2.00± 0.05	2.00± 0.1
0402	0.61± 0.1	1.20± 0.1			
0603	1.10± 0.2	1.90± 0.2			4.00± 0.1
0805	1.50± 0.2	2.30± 0.2			
1206	1.90± 0.2	3.50± 0.2			
1210	2.90± 0.2	3.60 ± 0.2			

TYPE	F	G	Н		t
0201	1.75± 0.10	3.50± 0.05	8.0± 0.30	<i>φ</i> 1.50 +0.10/-0	1.10 max.
0402					
0603					
0805					
1206					
1210					

8.6 Plastic Tape



Unit:mm

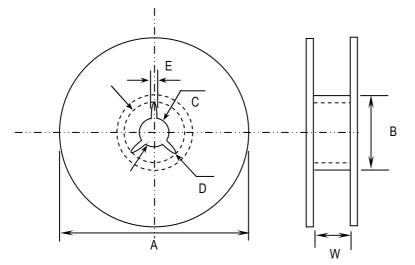
Туре	А	В	С	D	E	F
0805	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0± 0.1	2.0 ± 0.05	4.0± 0.1	1.75± 0.1
1206	1.9±0.2	3.5±0.2				
1210	2.9±0.2	3.6±0.2				
1808	2.5±0.2	4.9±0.2				
1812	3.6±0.2	4.9±0.2			8.0± 0.1	
1825	6.9±0.2	4.9±0.2				
2208	2.5±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2211	3.2±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2220	5.4±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2225	6.9±0.2	6.1±0.2				



Туре	G	Н		J	t	0
0805	3.5± 0.05	8.0± 0.3	<i>φ</i> 1.5+0.1/-0	3.0 max.	0.3 max.	1.0± 0.1
1206						
1210						
1808	5.5± 0.05	12.0 ± 0.3		4.0 max.		1.5± 0.1
1812						
1825						
2208						
2211						
2220						
2225						

8.7 Reel Dimensions

Reel Material : Polystyrene



Unit:mm

Туре	А	В	С	D	E	W
0201	φ 382 max	arphi 50 min	φ 13± 0.5	φ 21± 0.8	2.0±0.5	10± 0.15
0402						
0603						
0805						
1206						
1210						
1808	φ 178±0.2	φ 60±0.2				13±0.3
1812						
1825						
2208						
2211						
2220						
2225						



Precautionary Notes:

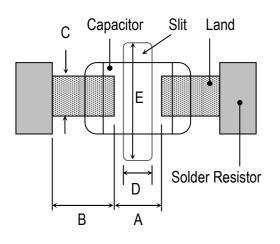
1. Storage

Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity don't exceed 40 °C and 70%RH. We recommend that the capacitors be used within 12 months from the date of manufacturing. Store the products in the original package and do not open the outer wrapped, polyethylene bag, till just before usage. If it is open, seal it as soon as possible or keep it in a desiccant with a desiccation agent.

2. Construction of Board Pattern

Improper circuit layout and pad/land size may cause excessive or not enough solder amount on the PC board. Not enough solder may create weak joint, and excessive solder may increase the potential of mechanical or thermal cracks on the ceramic capacitor. Therefore we recommend the land size to be as shown in the following table:

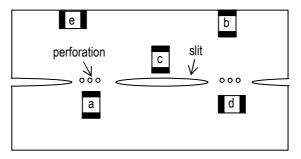
2.1 Size and recommend land dimensions for reflow soldering .



	Chip (mm)		Land (mm)				
EIA Code	L	W	А	В	C	D	E
0201	0.60	0.30	0.2~0.3	0.2~0.4	0.2~0.4		
0402	1.00	0.50	0.3~0.5	0.3~0.5	0.4~0.6		
0603	1.60	0.80	0.4~0.6	0.6~0.7	0.6~0.8		
0805	2.00	1.25	0.7~0.9	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.1		
1206	3.20	1.60	2.2~2.4	0.8~0.9	1.0~1.4	1.0~2.0	3.2~3.7
1210	3.20	2.50	2.2~2.4	1.0~1.2	1.8~2.3	1.0~2.0	4.1~4.6
1808	4.60	2.00	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	1.5~1.8	1.0~2.8	3.6~4.1
1812	4.60	3.20	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	2.3~3.0	1.0~2.8	4.8~5.3
1825	4.60	6.35	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	5.1~5.8	1.0~4.0	7.1~8.3
2208	5.70	2.00	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	1.5~1.8	1.0~4.0	3.6~4.1
2211	5.70	2.80	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	2.0~2.6	1.0~4.0	4.4~4.9
2220	5.70	5.00	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	3.5~4.8	1.0~4.0	6.6~7.1
2225	5.70	6.35	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	5.1~5.8	1.0~4.0	7.1~8.3

2.2 Mechanical strength varies according to location of chip capacitors on the P.C. board. Design layout of components on the PC board such a way to minimize the stress imposed on the components, upon flexure of the boards in depanelization or other processes.

Component layout close to the edge of the board or the "depanelization line" is not recommended. Susceptibility to stress is in the order of: a>b>c and d>e



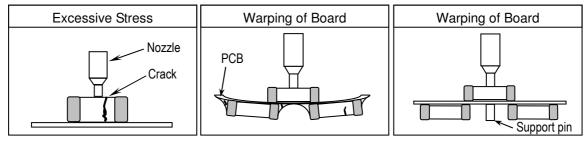


2.3 Layout Recommendation

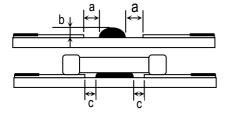
Example	Use of Common Solder Land	Solder With Chassis	Use of Common Solder Land With Other SMD
Need to Avoid	Lead Wire Chip Solder	Chassis \downarrow Excessive Solder \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow	Solder Land
Recommendation	Lead Wire Chip Solder Resist	Solder Resist	

3. Mounting

3.1 Sometimes crack is caused by the impact load due to suction nozzle in pick and place operation. In pick and place operation, if the low dead point is too low, excessive stress is applied to component. This may cause cracks in the ceramic capacitor, therefore it is required to move low dead point of a suction nozzle to the higher level to minimize the board warp age and stress on the components. Nozzle pressure is typically adjusted to 1N to 3N (static load) during the pick and place operation.



3.2 Amount of Adhesive



Example : 0805 & 1206

a	0.2mm min.
b	70 ~ 100 µm
С	Do not touch the solder land

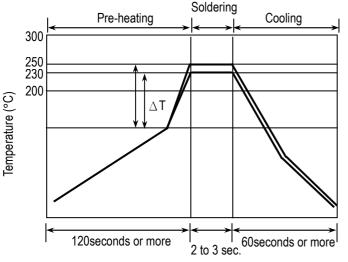


4. Soldering

4.1. Wave Soldering

Most of components are wave soldered with solder at 230 to 250 °C. Adequate care must be taken to prevent the potential of thermal cracks on the ceramic capacitors. Refer to the soldering methods below for optimum soldering benefits.

Recommend flow soldering temperature Profile



Soldering Method	Change in Temp.(°C)
1206 and Under	∆ T ≤ 100~130 max.

To optimize the result of soldering, proper preheating is essential:

- 1) Preheat temperature is too low
 - a. Flux flows to easily
 - b. Possibility of thermal cracks
- 2) Preheat temperature is too high
 - a. Flux deteriorates even when oxide film is removed
 - b. Causes warping of circuit board
 - c. Loss of reliability in chip and other components

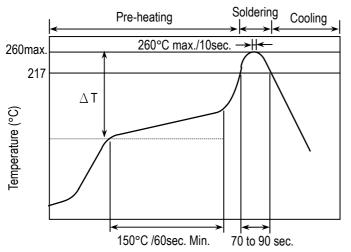
Cooling Condition:

Natural cooling using air is recommended. If the chips are dipped into a solvent for cleaning, the temperature difference (Δ T) between the solvent and the chips must be less than 100 °C.

4.2 Reflow Soldering

Preheat and gradual increase in temperature to the reflow temperature is recommended to decrease the potential of thermal crack on the components. The recommended heating rate depends on the size of component, however it should not exceed $3^{\circ}C/Sec$.

Recommend reflow profile for Lead-Free soldering temperature Profile (MIL-STD-202G #210F)



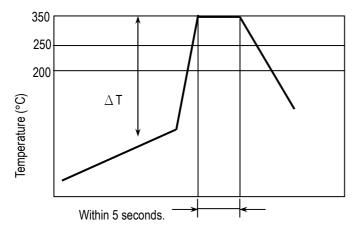
% The cycles of soldering : Twice (max.)

Soldering Method	Change in Temp.($^{\circ}$ C)
1206 and Under	$\Delta T \leq 190 \degree C$
1210 and Over	∆T ≦ 130 °C



4.3 Hand Soldering

Sudden temperature change in components, results in a temperature gradient recommended in the following table, and therefore may cause internal thermal cracks in the components. In general a hand soldering method is not recommended unless proper preheating and handling practices have been taken. Care must also be taken not to touch the ceramic body of the capacitor with the tip of solder Iron.



Soldering Method	Change in Temp.($^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$)
1206 and Under	∆T ≦ 190 °C
1210 and Over	∆T ≦ 130 °C

How to Solder Repair by Solder Iron

1) Selection of the soldering iron tip

The required temperature of solder iron for any type of repair depends on the type of the tip, the substrate material, and the solder land size.

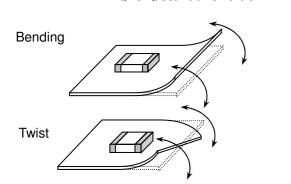
- 2) recommended solder iron condition
 - a.) Preheat the substrate to (60 °C to 120 °C) on a hot plate. Note that due to the heat loss, the actual setting of the hot plate may have to be higher. (For example 100 °C to 150 °C)
 - b.) Soldering iron power shall not exceed 30 W.

Higher potential of crack

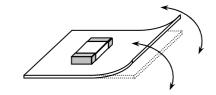
- c.) Soldering iron tip diameter shall not exceed 3mm.
- d.) Temperature of iron tip shall not exceed 350 °C., and the process should be finished within 5 seconds. (refer to MIL-STD-202G)
- f.) Do not touch the ceramic body with the tip of solder iron. Direct contact of the soldering iron tip to ceramic body may cause thermal cracks.
- g.) After soldering operation, let the products cool down gradually in the room temperature.

5. Handling after chip mounted

5.1 Proper handling is recommended, since excessive bending and twist of the board, depends on the orientation of the chip on the board, may induce mechanical stress and cause internal crack in the capacitor.



Lower potential of crack



5.2 There is a potential of crack if board is warped due to excessive load by check pin





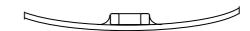
5.3 Mechanical stress due to warping and torsion.

- (a) Crack occurrence ratio will be increased by manual separation.
- (b) Crack occurrence ratio will be increased by tensile force , rather than compressive force.

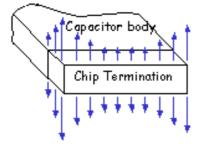
imes :Tensile Stress

O :Compressive Stress





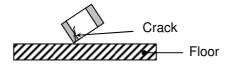
Capacitor Stress Analysis



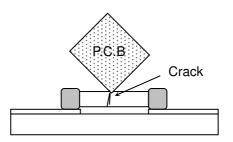


6. Handling of Loose Chip Capacitor

6.1 If dropped the chip capacitor may crack.



6.2 In piling and stacking of the P.C. boards after mounting for storage or handling, the corner of the P.C. board may hit the chip capacitor mounted on another board to cause crack.



7. Safekeeping condition and period

For safekeeping of the products, we recommend to keep the storage temperature between +5 to +40 $^{\circ}$ C and under humidity of 20 to 70% RH. The shelf life of capacitors is 12 months.