



## **Fixed Resistors CONTENTS**

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#### All products in this catalog comply with the RoHS Directive.

The RoHS Directive is "the Directive (2011/65/EU) on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment " and its revisions.

#### △Safety Precautions (Common precautions for Fixed Resistors)

- When using our products, no matter what sort of equipment they might be used for, be sure to make a written agreement on the specifications with us in advance. The design and specifications in this catalog are subject to change without prior notice.
- Do not use the products beyond the specifications described in this catalog.
- This catalog explains the quality and performance of the products as individual components. Before use, check and evaluate their operations when installed in your products.
- Install the following systems for a failsafe design to ensure safety if these products are to be used in equipment where a defect in these products may cause the loss of human life or other significant damage, such as damage to vehicles (automobile, train, vessel), traffic lights, medical equipment, aerospace equipment, electric heating appliances, combustion/gas equipment, rotating equipment, and disaster/crime prevention equipment.
- \* Systems equipped with a protection circuit and a protection device

\* Systems equipped with a redundant circuit or other system to prevent an unsafe status in the event of a single fault

#### (1) Precautions for use

- These products are designed and manufactured for general and standard use in general electronic equipment (e.g. AV equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment)
- These products are not intended for use in the following special conditions. Before using the products, carefully check the effects on their quality and performance, and determine whether or not they can be used.
  - 1. In liquid, such as water, oil, chemicals, or organic solvent
  - 2. In direct sunlight, outdoors, or in dust
  - 3. In salty air or air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, or NO<sub>2</sub>
  - 4. Electric Static Discharge (ESD) Environment These components are sensitive to static electricity and can be damaged under static shock (ESD). Please take measures to avoid any of these environments. Smaller components are more sensitive to ESD environment.
  - 5. Electromagnetic Environment
    - Avoid any environment where strong electromagnetic waves exist.
  - 6. In an environment where these products cause dew condensation
  - 7. Sealing or coating of these products or a printed circuit board on which these products are mounted, with resin or other materials
- These products generate Joule heat when energized. Carefully position these products so that their heat will not affect the other components.
- Carefully position these products so that their temperatures will not exceed the category temperature range due to the effects of neighboring heat-generating components. Do not mount or place heat-generating components or inflammables, such as vinyl-coated wires, near these products.
- Note that non-cleaning solder, halogen-based highly active flux, or water-soluble flux may deteriorate the performance or reliability of the products.
- Carefully select a flux cleaning agent for use after soldering. An unsuitable agent may deteriorate the performance or reliability. In particular, when using water or a water-soluble cleaning agent, be careful not to leave water residues. Otherwise, the insulation performance may be deteriorated.

#### (2) Precautions for storage

The performance of these products, including the solderability, is guaranteed for a year from the date of arrival at your company, provided that they remain packed as they were when delivered and stored at a temperature of 5  $^{\circ}$ C to 35  $^{\circ}$ C and a relative humidity of 45 % to 85 %.

Even within the above guarantee periods, do not store these products in the following conditions. Otherwise, their electrical performance and/or solderability may be deteriorated, and the packaging materials (e.g. taping materials) may be deformed or deteriorated, resulting in mounting failures.

1. In salty air or in air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as  $CI_2$ ,  $H_2S$ ,  $NH_3$ ,  $SO_2$ , or  $NO_2$ 2. In direct sunlight

#### <Package markings>

Package markings include the product number, quantity, and country of origin. In principle, the country of origin should be indicated in English.

## **Thick Film Chip Resistors**

100

102

## **Thick Film Chip Resistors**

## Type: ERJ XG, 1G, 2G, 3G, 6G, 8G, 14, 12, 12Z, 1T



105

#### Features

- Small size and lightweight
- High reliability

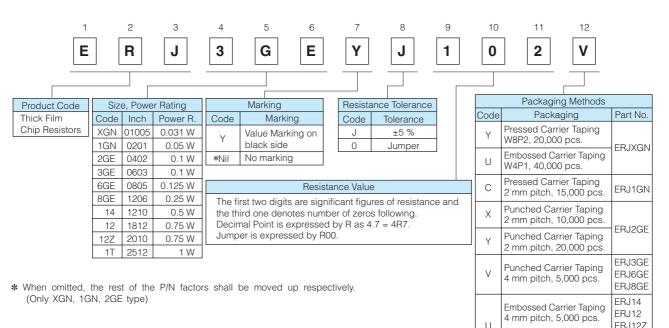
Metal glaze thick film resistive element and three layers of electrodes

- Compatible with placement machines Taping packaging available
- Suitable for both reflow and flow soldering
- Reference Standards IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8, EIAJ RC-2134B
- AEC-Q200 qualified (Exemption ERJXG)
- RoHS compliant

#### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

#### **Explanation of Part Numbers**

• ERJXGN, 1GN, 2GE, 3GE, 6GE, 8GE, 14, 12, 12Z, 1T Type, ±5 %



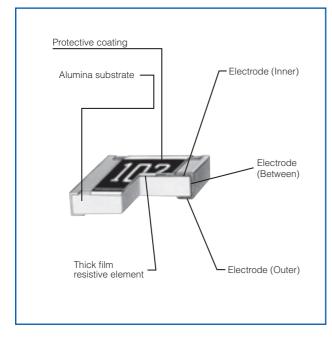
FBJ1T

Embossed Carrier Taping

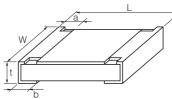
4 mm pitch, 4,000 pcs.

## **Thick Film Chip Resistors**

#### Construction



#### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Part No.		Dim	iensions (r	nm)		Mass (Weight)
Tartino.	L	W	а	b	t	(g/1000 pcs.)
ERJXG	0.40 <sup>±0.02</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.02</sup>	$0.10^{\pm 0.03}$	0.10 <sup>±0.03</sup>	$0.13^{\pm 0.02}$	0.04
ERJ1G	0.60 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.03</sup>	$0.10^{\pm 0.05}$	0.15 <sup>±0.05</sup>	$0.23^{\pm 0.03}$	0.15
ERJ2G	1.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	$0.50^{\pm 0.05}$	0.20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.25 <sup>±0.05</sup>	$0.35^{\pm 0.05}$	0.8
ERJ3G	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.80 <sup>+0.15</sup>	$0.30^{\pm 0.20}$	0.30 <sup>±0.15</sup>	$0.45^{\pm 0.10}$	2
ERJ6G	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	$0.40^{\pm 0.20}$	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$0.60^{\pm 0.10}$	4
ERJ8G	3.20+0.05	1.60+0.05	$0.50^{\pm 0.20}$	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	10
ERJ14	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	2.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$0.50^{\pm 0.20}$	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$0.60^{\pm 0.10}$	16
ERJ12	4.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$0.50^{\pm 0.20}$	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$0.60^{\pm 0.10}$	27
ERJ12Z	5.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	2.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	27
ERJ1T	6.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$0.65^{\pm 0.20}$	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$0.60^{\pm 0.10}$	45

#### Ratings

#### [For Resistor]

Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating <sup>(3)</sup> at 70 °C (W)	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /⁰C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade		
ERJXG (01005)	0.031	15	30	±5	1 to 1M (E24)	<10 $\Omega$ : -100 to +600 10 $\Omega$ to 100 $\Omega$ : ±300 100 $\Omega \le$ : ±200	-55 to +125	_		
ERJ1G (0201)	0.05	25	50	±5	1 to 10M (E24)		–55 to +125	Grade 1		
ERJ2G (0402)	0.1	50	100	±5	1 to 10M (E24)		–55 to +155	Grade 0		
ERJ3G (0603)	0.1	75	150	±5	1 to 10M (E24)	<10 Ω: –100 to +600	-55 to +155	Grade 0		
ERJ6G (0805)	0.125	150	200	±5	1 to 10M (E24)		–55 to +155	Grade 0		
ERJ8G (1206)	0.25	200	400	±5	1 to 10M (E24)	10 Ω to 1M Ω: ±200	–55 to +155	Grade 0		
ERJ14 (1210)	0.5	200	400	±5	1 to 10M (E24)		-55 to +155	Grade 0		
ERJ12 (1812)	0.75	200	500	±5	1 to 10M (E24)	1M Ω<: –400 to +150	–55 to +155	Grade 0		
ERJ12Z (2010)	0.75	200	500	±5	1 to 10M (E24)		-55 to +155	Grade 0		
ERJ1T (2512)	1	200	500	±5	1 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +155	Grade 0		

Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=\Power Rating × Resistance Values, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.
 Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV=Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV or Maximum Overload Voltage listed above, whichever less.

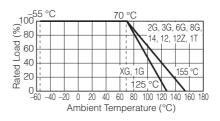
(3) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

#### [For Jumper]

[								
Part		Rated Current	Maximum Overload Current <sup>(1)</sup>					
(inch	size)	(A)	(A)					
ERJXG	(01005)	0.5	1					
ERJ1G	(0201)	0.5	I					
ERJ2G	(0402)	1	2					
ERJ3G	(0603)	Ι	۷					
ERJ6G	(0805)							
ERJ8G	(1206)							
ERJ14	(1210)	2	4					
ERJ12	(1812)	2	4					
ERJ12Z	(2010)							
ERJ1T	(2512)							

#### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure below.



(1) Overload test current

# **Thick Film Chip Resistors**

Perfomance			
Test Item	Performance		Test Conditions
	Resistor type	Jumper type	
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	50m $\Omega$ or less	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	50m $\Omega$ or less	+25 °C/+155 °C (ERJXG, ERJ1G : +25 °C/+125 °C)
Overload	±2%	50m $\Omega$ or less	Rated Voltage × 2.5, 5 s Jumper type : Max. Overload Current, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	50m $\Omega$ or less	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	50m $\Omega$ or less	-55 °C (30min.) / +155 °C (ERJXG, ERJ1G : +125 °C) (30min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	50m $\Omega$ or less	+155 °C (ERJXG, ERJ1G : +125 °C) , 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	50m $\Omega$ or less	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	50m $\Omega$ or less	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, Rated Voltage (Jumper type: Rated Current), 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	50m $\Omega$ or less	70 °C, Rated Voltage(Jumper type: Rated Current), 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

## **Precision Thick Film Chip Resistors**

Precision Thick Film Chip Resistors		-	-	-		1001
Type: ERJ XG, 1G ERJ 1R, 2R, 3R, 6R ERJ 3E, 6E, 8E, 14, 12, 1T	1001		1001	100	1	1001

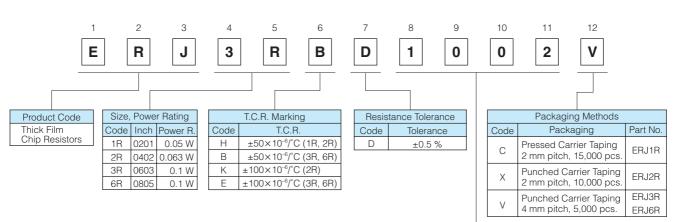
#### Features

- Small size and lightweight
- High reliability
- Metal glaze thick film resistive element and three layers of electrodes
- Compatible with placement machines Taping packaging available
- Suitable for both reflow and flow soldering
- Low Resistance Tolerance ERJXG, 1G, 2R, 3E, 6E, 8E, 14, 12, 1T Type : ±1 % ERJ1R, 2R, 3R, 6R Type : ±0.5 %
- Reference Standards IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8, EIAJ RC-2134B
- AEC-Q200 qualified (Exemption ERJXG, ERJ1R)
- RoHS compliant

#### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

## Explanation of Part Numbers

• ERJ1R, 2R, 3R, 6R Type, ±0.5 %

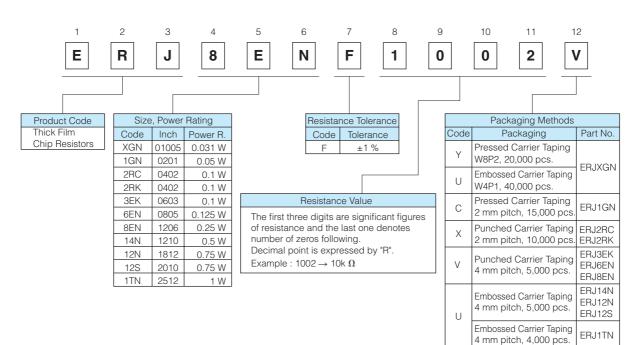


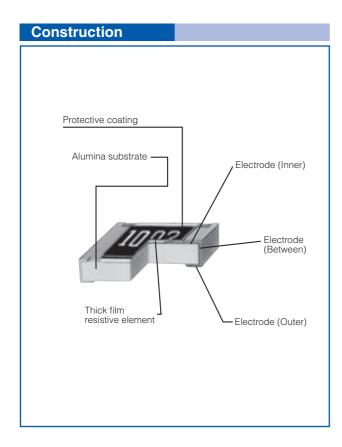
Resistance Value

The first three digits are significant figures of resistance and the last one denotes number of zeros following. Example: 1002  $\rightarrow$  10k  $\Omega$ 

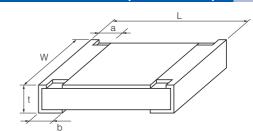
# **Precision Thick Film Chip Resistors**

• ERJXGN, 1GN, 2RC, 2RK, 3EK, 6EN, 8EN, 14N, 12N, 12S, 1TN Type, ±1%





#### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Part No.		Dim	iensions (r	nm)		Mass (Weight)
Fall NO.	L	W	а	b	t	[g/1000 pcs.]
ERJXG	$0.40^{\pm 0.02}$	0.20 <sup>±0.02</sup>	0.10 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.10 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.13 <sup>±0.02</sup>	0.04
ERJ1G, 1R	$0.60^{\pm 0.03}$	0.30 <sup>±0.03</sup>	$0.10^{\pm 0.05}$	0.15 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.23 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.15
ERJ2R	1.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.25 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.8
ERJ3R□ ERJ3EK	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.80 <sup>+0.15</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2
ERJ6R□ ERJ6EN	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	4
ERJ8EN	3.20 <sup>+0.05</sup> <sub>-0.20</sub>	1.60 <sup>+0.05</sup> <sub>-0.15</sub>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	10
ERJ14N	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	2.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	16
ERJ12N	4.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	27
ERJ12S	5.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	2.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	27
ERJ1TN	$6.40^{\pm 0.20}$	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	45

# **Precision Thick Film Chip Resistors**

# Ratings

Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating at 70 °C <sup>(4)</sup> (W)	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10⁻⁶/°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
ERJ1RH (0201)	0.05	15	30	±0.5	1k to 1M (E24, E96)	±50	–55 to +125	_
ERJ2RH (0402)	0.063	50	100	±0.5	100 to 100k (E24, E96)	±50	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ2RK (0402)	0.063	50	100	±0.5	10 to 97.6 102k to 1M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ3RB (0603)	0.1	50	100	±0.5	100 to 100k (E24, E96)	±50	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ3RE (0603)	0.1	50	100	±0.5	10 to 97.6 102k to 1M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ6RB (0805)	0.1	150	200	±0.5	100 to 100k (E24, E96)	±50	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ6RE (0805)	0.1	150	200	±0.5	10 to 97.6 102k to 1M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0

#### <±1 %>

Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating at 70 °C <sup>(4)</sup> (W)	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>−6</sup> /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
ERJXGN (01005)	0.031	15	30	±1	10 to 1 M <sup>(3)</sup> (E24, E96)	$ \begin{array}{l} <100 \ \Omega \ \vdots \ \pm 300 \\ 100 \ \Omega \leq \vdots \ \pm 200 \end{array} $	-55 to +125	_
ERJ1GN (0201)	0.05	25	50	±1	10 to 1 M <sup>(3)</sup> (E24, E96)	±200	-55 to +125	Grade 1
ERJ2RC (0402)	0.1	50	100	±1	1 to 9.76 (E24, E96)	-100 to +600	-55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ2RK (0402)	0.1	50	100	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ3EK (0603)	0.1	75	150	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ6EN (0805)	0.125	150	200	±1	10 to 2.2 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ8EN (1206)	0.25	200	400	±1	10 to 2.2 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ14N (1210)	0.5	200	400	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ12N (1812)	0.75	200	500	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ12S (2010)	0.75	200	500	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ1TN (2512)	1	200	500	±1	10 to 1 M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0

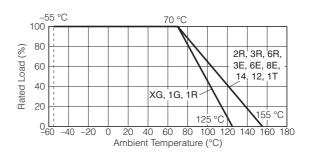
(1) Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV= $\sqrt{Power Rating \times Resistance Values}$ , or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.

(2) Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV=Specified Magnification (refer to performance)  $\times$  RCWV or Maximum Overload Voltage listed above, whichever less. (3) Please contact us when you need a type with a resistance of less than 10  $\Omega$ .

(4) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

#### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.



#### Perfomance

• ERJ1R, 2R, 3R, 6R Type, ±0.5%(D)

Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+125 °C
Overload	±2%	Rated Voltage × 2.5, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	–55 °C (30min.) / +155 °C (ERJ1R : +125 °C) (30min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C (ERJ1R : +125 °C) , 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±2% ERJ1R: ±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±2% ERJ1R: ±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

#### • ERJXGN, 1GN, 2RC, 2RK, 3EK, 6EN, 8EN, 14N, 12N, 12S, 1TN Type, ±1%(F)

Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+155 °C (ERJXG, ERJ1G : +25 °C/+125 °C)
Overload	±2%	Rated Voltage × 2.5, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	–55 °C (30min.) / +155 °C (ERJXG, ERJ1G : +125 °C) (30min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C (ERJXG, ERJ1G : +125 °C) , 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±2% ERJXG, ERJ1G: ±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±2% ERJXG, ERJ1G: ±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

## Metal Film (Thin Film) Chip Resistors, **High Reliability Type**

## Type: ERA 1A, 2A, 3A, 6A, 8A

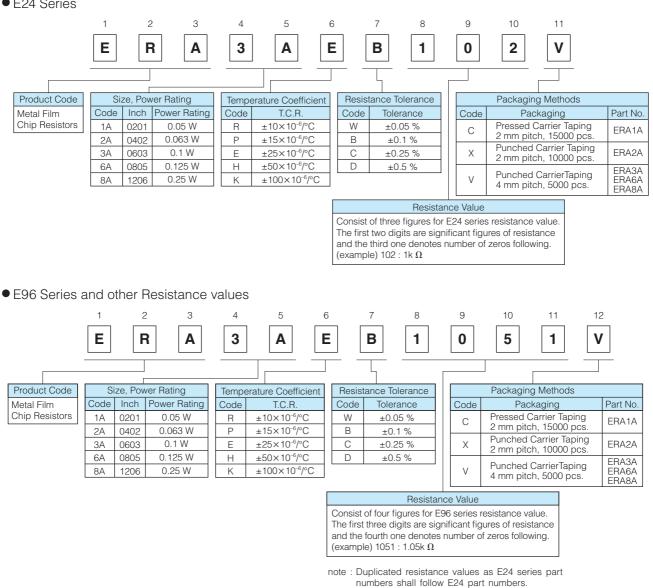
#### Features

- High reliability ..... Stable at high temperature and humidity
  - (85 °C 85 %RH rated load, Category temperature range : -55 °C to +155 °C)
- High accuracy ...... Small resistance tolerance and Temperature Coefficient of Resistance
- High performance ..... Low current noise, excellent linearity
- Reference Standard ...... IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8, EIAJ RC-2133B
- AEC-Q200 gualified
- RoHS compliant

#### As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

#### **Explanation of Part Numbers**

E24 Series

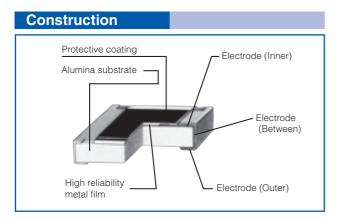


(apply three digit resistance value)

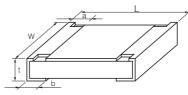
Design and specifications are each subject to change without notice. Ask factory for the current technical specifications before purchase and/or use Should a safety concern arise regarding this product, please be sure to contact us immediately

102

108



#### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



1	Part No.		Dimensions (mm)							
	(inch size)	L	W	а	b	t	[g/1000pcs.]			
	ERA1A (0201)	$0.60^{\pm 0.03}$	$0.30^{\pm 0.03}$	$0.15^{\pm 0.05}$	$0.15^{\pm 0.05}$	$0.23^{\pm 0.03}$	0.14			
		$1.00^{\pm 0.10}$					0.6			
	ERA3A (0603)						2			
	ERA6A (0805)	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	$0.40^{\pm 0.25}$	$0.40^{\pm 0.25}$	$0.50^{\pm 0.10}$	4			
	ERA8A (1206)	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.60+8:95	$0.50^{\pm 0.25}$	$0.50^{\pm 0.25}$	$0.60^{\pm 0.10}$	8			

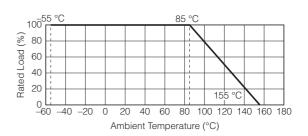
#### Ratings

Part No. (nch size)         Power Raining Eventual tes 5 °C (W)         Untiling Eventual (V)         Maximum (V)         Part No. (detail)         Resistance (%)         T.C. R. (%)         Resistance (%)         Callegy (0)         Callegy Temportune Range (%)           ERA1AE         ± 0.1         ± 25         100 to 10k (E24, E96)         (C)           ERA1AE         ± 0.1         ± 10         100 to 10k (E24, E96)         (C)           ERA1AE         ± 0.1         ± 10         100 to 10k (E24, E96)         (C)           ERA2AED         ± 0.5         ± 10         100 to 46.4 (E24, E96)         (C)           ERA2AED         ± 0.5         ± 10         100 to 46.4 (E24, E96)         (C)           ERA2AED         ± 0.5         ± 10         100 to 46.4 (E24, E96)         (C)           ERA2AED         ± 0.1         ± 15         200 to 47k (E24, E96)         (C)         (C)           ERA2AED         ± 0.1         ± 10         200 to 47k (E24, E96)         (C)         (C)         (C)         (C)           ERA3AED         ± 0.1         ± 10         200 to 47k (E24, E96)         (C)         (C)         (C)         (C)         (C)         (C)         (C)         (C)           ERA3AED         ± 0.1         ± 10         1									,
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			Limiting Element	Maximum				Dongo <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	(inch size)		(V)		(detail)		$(\times 10^{-6}/^{\circ}C)$	U U	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ERA1AEB	±0.1	05		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ERA1AEC	±0.25	7 ±20	100 to 10k (E24, E96)	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		0.05	25	50	ERA1ARC				1
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	(0201)	(0201)			ERA1ARB	±0.1	±10	100 to 10k (E24, E96)	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				ERA1ARW	±0.05		1k to 10k (E24, E96)	1	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ERA2AKD	±0.5	±100	10 to 46.4 (E24, E96)	1
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ERA2AED	±0.5			1
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ERA2AEC	±0.25	±25	47 to 100k (E24, E96)	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ERA2A	0.000	50	100	ERA2AEB	±0.1			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	(0402)	0.063	50	100	ERA2APC	±0.25	. 4 5	000 to 171 (F01 F00)	1
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ERA2APB	±0.1	±15	200 lo 47k (E24, E96)	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ERA2ARC	±0.25	. 10	200 to 17k (E01 E06)	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ERA2ARB	±0.1	±10	200 l0 4/k (E24, E90)	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ERA3AHD	±0.5	±50	10 to 46.4 (E24, E96)	]
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ERA3AED	±0.5			-
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ERA3AEC	±0.25		47 to 330k (E24, E96)	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					<b>ERA3AEB</b>	±0.1			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			75	150	<b>ERA3APC</b>	±0.25	. 16	470 to 100k (E04 E06)	1
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	(0003)				ERA3APB	±0.1	±15	470 lo 100k (E24, E96) 	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					<b>ERA3ARC</b>	±0.25			
ERA6A (0805)0.125100200 $ERA6AED \pm 0.5 \pm 25$ ERA6AED $\pm 0.1$ ERA6AED $\pm 0.1$ ERA6APC $\pm 0.25 \pm 25$ 47 to 1M (E24, E96) 47 to 100k (E24, E96) ERA6APB $\pm 0.1$ ERA6ARB $\pm 0.1$ ERA6ARD $\pm 0.5$ ERA6ARD $\pm 0.5$ ERA8AED $\pm 0.5$ 					<b>ERA3ARB</b>	±0.1		1k to 100k (E24, E96)	
ERA6A (0805)0.125100200 $ERA6AED \pm 0.5$ $ERA6AEB \pm 0.1$ $\pm 25$ 47 to 1M (E24, E96)200 $ERA6AEB \pm 0.1$ $\pm 15$ 470 to 100k (E24, E96) $ERA6APB \pm 0.1$ $\pm 15$ 470 to 100k (E24, E96) $ERA6ARC \pm 0.25$ $ERA6ARB \pm 0.1$ $\pm 10$ 1k to 100k (E24, E96) $ERA6ARW \pm 0.05$ $\pm 10$ 1k to 100k (E24, E96) $ERA8AHD \pm 0.5$ $\pm 50$ 10 to 46.4 (E24, E96) $ERA8AED \pm 0.5$ $ERA8AED \pm 0.5$ $\pm 25$ 47 to 1M (E24, E96) $ERA8AED \pm 0.5$ $ERA8AED \pm 0.5$ $\pm 25$ 47 to 1M (E24, E96) $ERA8AED \pm 0.5$ $ERA8AED \pm 0.1$ $\pm 10$ 1k (E24, E96) $ERA8AED \pm 0.5$ $ERA8AED \pm 0.1$ $\pm 10$ 10 to 46.4 (E24, E96)					<b>ERA3ARW</b>	±0.05			
ERA6A (0805) $0.125$ $100$ $200$ $\frac{ERA6AEC}{ERA6AEB} \pm 0.1$ $\pm 25$ $47$ to $1M$ (E24, E96) $ERA6APC$ $\pm 0.25$ $\pm 15$ $470$ to $100k$ (E24, E96) $ERA6APB$ $\pm 0.1$ $\pm 15$ $470$ to $100k$ (E24, E96) $ERA6ARB$ $\pm 0.1$ $\pm 10$ $1k$ to $100k$ (E24, E96) $ERA6ARB$ $\pm 0.1$ $\pm 10$ $1k$ to $100k$ (E24, E96) $ERA6ARW$ $\pm 0.05$ $\pm 10$ $10$ to $46.4$ (E24, E96) $ERA8AD$ $\pm 0.5$ $\pm 25$ $47$ to $1M$ (E24, E96) $ERA8AED$ $\pm 0.5$ $\pm 25$ $47$ to $1M$ (E24, E96) $ERA8AED$ $\pm 0.5$ $\pm 25$ $47$ to $1M$ (E24, E96) $ERA8AED$ $\pm 0.5$ $\pm 25$ $47$ to $1M$ (E24, E96) $ERA8AED$ $\pm 0.1$ $\pm 10.1$ $\pm 10$ $100k$ (E24, E96) $ERA8AED$ $\pm 0.5$ $\pm 25$ $47$ to $100k$ (E24, E96) $ERA8AED$ $\pm 0.25$ $\pm 15$ $470$ to $100k$ (E24, E96)					ERA6AHD	±0.5	±50	10 to 46.4 (E24, E96)	]
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					ERA6AED	±0.5			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						±0.25	±25	47 to 1M (E24, E96)	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						-			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0.125	100	200		±0.25	±15	470 to 100k (E24 E96)	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	(0000)					-	±10	470 10 100K (L24, L90)	
ERA8A (1206)         0.25         150         300         ERA8APC         ±0.05         ±15         470 to         100k (E24, E96)           ERA8APC         ±0.25         ±0.25         ±15         470 to         100k (E24, E96)						±0.25			
ERA8A (1206)       0.25       150       300 $ERA8AHD \pm 0.5 \pm 50$ 10 to 46.4 (E24, E96) ERA8AED \pm 0.5 \pm 25         47 to 1M (E24, E96)         ERA8AE $\pm 0.1$ ERA8APC $\pm 0.25$ $\pm 15$ 470 to 100k (E24, E96)							±10	1k to 100k (E24, E96)	
ERA8A       0.25       150       300 $ERA8AED \pm 0.25$ $\pm 25$ 47 to 1M (E24, E96)         ERA8AEB $\pm 0.1$ ERA8AED $\pm 0.25$ $\pm 15$ 470 to 100k (E24 E96)						1			
ERA8A       0.25       150       300       ERA8AEC $\pm 0.25$ $\pm 25$ 47 to       1M (E24, E96)         ERA8AEB $\pm 0.1$ ERA8AEB $\pm 0.1$ 100k (E24, E96)					ERA8AHD		±50	10 to 46.4 (E24, E96)	
ERA8A (1206)         0.25         150         300         ERA8AEB         ±0.1           ERA8APC         ±0.25         ±15         470 to 100k (E24 E96)									
ERA8A 0.25 150 300 ERA8APC ±0.25 ±15 470 to 100k (E24 E96)						±0.25	±25	47 to 1M (E24, E96)	
(1206) 0.25 150 300 ERASAPC ±0.25 ±15 470 to 100k (E24 E96)					ERA8AEB				
		.25 150	150 300			+15	470 to 100k (F24 F96)		
					ERA8APB	±0.1	CIŦ		-
ERA8ARC ±0.25							±10		
								1k to 100k (E24, E96)	
ERA8ARW ±0.05					ERA8ARW	±0.05			

(1) Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=VRated Power × Resistance Values, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.
 (2) Overload (Short-time Overload) Test Voltage (SOTV) shall be determined from SOTV=2.5 × RCWV or max. Overload Voltage listed above whichever less.
 (3) E192 series resistance values are also available. Please contact us for details.
 (4) Duplicated resistance values between E96, E192 and E24 series shall follow E24 Part Numbers. (apply three digit resistance value)

#### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 85 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.



### Panasonic **High Precision Thick Film Chip Resistors**

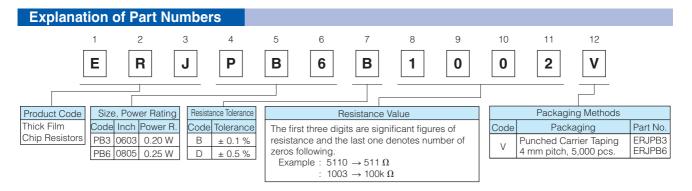
## **High Precision Thick Film Chip Resistors**

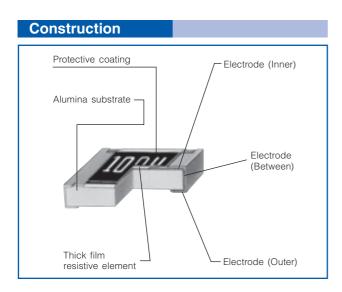
## Type: ERJ PB3, PB6

#### Features

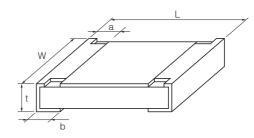
- Achieve the resistance tolerance ±0.1 % with high reliability metal glaze thick film resistor
- Guarantee the temperature coefficient of Resistance  $\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}$ /°C in high resistance range up to 1M  $\Omega$
- Suitable for both reflow and flow soldering
- High power … 0.20 W : 0603 inch / 1608 mm size (ERJPB3) 0.25 W : 0805 inch / 2012 mm size (ERJPB6)
- Reference Standards… IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8, EIAJ RC-2134B
- AEC-Q200 gualified
- RoHS compliant

#### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files





#### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



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Part No.		Dim	Mass (Weight)			
(inch size)	L	W	а	b	t	[g/1000 pcs.]
ERJPB3 (0603)	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	$0.80^{+0.15}_{-0.05}$	$0.15\substack{+0.15\\-0.10}$	0.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2
ERJPB6 (0805)	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.25 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	4

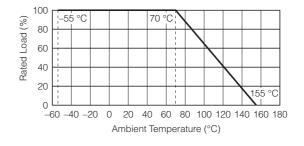
# Panasonic High Precision Thick Film Chip Resistors

Ratings							
Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating <sup>(3)</sup> at 70 °C (W)	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>−6</sup> /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)
ERJPB3 (0603)	0.20	150	200	±0.1 ±0.5	200 to 100k (E24, E96)	±50	–55 to +155
ERJPB6 (0805)	0.25	150	200	±0.1 ±0.5	200 to 1M (E24, E96)	±50	-55 to +155

Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=VPower Rating × Resistance Values, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.
 Overload (Short-time Overload) Test Voltage (SOTV) shall be determined from SOTV=2.5 × RCWV or max. Overload Voltage listed above whichever less.
 Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below 155 °C.

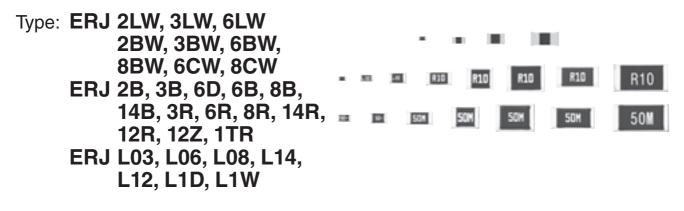
#### **Power Derating Curve**

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.



# Panasonic Thick Film Chip Resistors / Low Resistance Type

## **Thick Film Chip Resistors / Low Resistance Type**



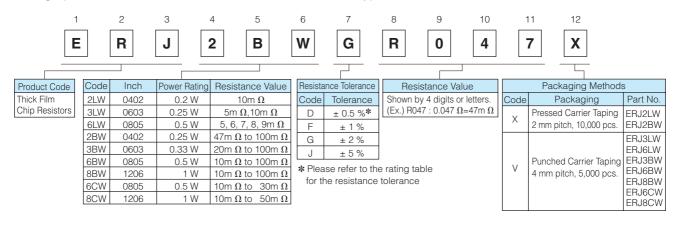
#### Features

- Current Sensing resistor
- Small size and lightweight
- Realize both low-resistance & High-precision by original thick film resistive element & special electrode structure
- Suitable for both reflow and flow soldering
- Realize High-power by double-sided resistive elements structure that aimed to suppress temperature rising : ERJ2LW, 3LW, 6LW, 2BW, 3BW, 6BW, 8BW, 6CW, 8CW
- Low TCR :  $\pm 75 \times 10^{-6}$ /°C (ERJ6CW, 8CW)
- Low Resistance Value : Thick film resistors available from 5m  $\Omega$  (ERJ3LW, 6LW)
- Reference Standards : IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8, JEITA RC-2144
- AEC-Q200 qualified
- RoHS compliant

#### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

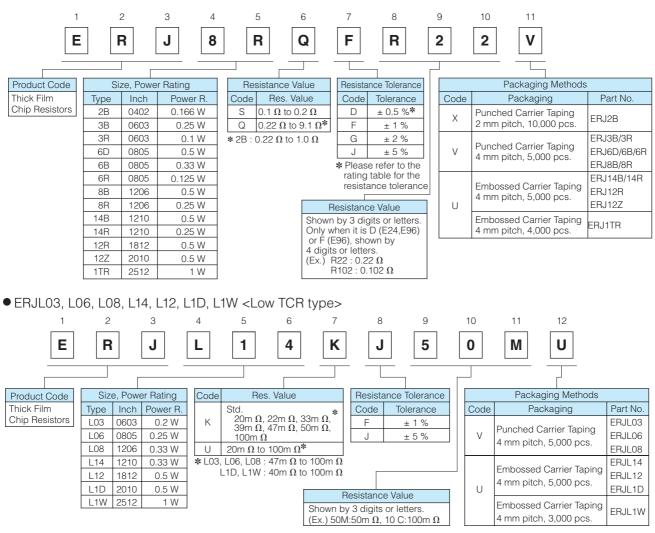
#### **Explanation of Part Numbers**

ERJ2LW, 3LW, 6LW, 2BW, 3BW, 6BW, 8BW, 6CW, 8CW
 < High power (double-sided resistive elements structure) type>



# Panasonic Thick Film Chip Resistors / Low Resistance Type

• ERJ2BS/2BQ, 3BS/3BQ, 6BS/6BQ, 8BS/8BQ, 14BS/14BQ, 6D, 3R, 6R, 8R, 14R, 12R, 12Z, 1TR <High power type/Standard type>



#### Ratings

<high (dou<="" power="" th=""><th colspan="8"><high (double-sided="" elements="" power="" resistive="" structure)="" type=""></high></th></high>	<high (double-sided="" elements="" power="" resistive="" structure)="" type=""></high>							
Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating <sup>(2)</sup> at 70 °C (W)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance $^{(1)}$ Range ( $\Omega$ )	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade		
ERJ2LW (0402)	0.2	±1, ±2, ±5	10m	0 to 500	-55 to +125	Grade 1		
ERJ3LW (0603)	0.25	±1, ±2, ±5	5m	0 to 700	–55 to +125	Grade 1		
ENJOLVV (0003)	0.25	±1, ±2, ±3	10m	0 to 300	–55 to +125	Glaue I		
ERJ6LW (0805)	0.5	±1, ±2, ±5	5, 6, 7, 8, 9m	0 to 300	–55 to +125	Grade 1		
ERJ2BW (0402)	0.25	±1, ±2, ±5	47m to 100m (E24)	±300	–55 to +155	Grade 0		
ERJ3BW (0603)	0.33	±1, ±2, ±5	20m to 100m (E24)	$\begin{array}{l} \text{20m } \Omega \leq R < \ \text{39m } \Omega : \pm 250 \\ \text{39m } \Omega \leq R \leq 100m \ \Omega : \pm 150 \end{array}$	–55 to +155	Grade 0		
ERJ6BW (0805)	0.5	±1, ±2, ±5	10m to 100m (E24)	$\begin{array}{l} 10m \ \Omega \leq R < & 15m \ \Omega : \pm 300 \\ 15m \ \Omega \leq R \leq & 100m \ \Omega : \pm 200 \end{array}$	-55 to +155	Grade 0		
ERJ8BW (1206)	1	±1, ±2, ±5	10m to 100m (E24)	$\begin{array}{l} 10m \ \Omega \leq R < & 20m \ \Omega : \pm 200 \\ 20m \ \Omega \leq R < & 47m \ \Omega : \pm 150 \\ 47m \ \Omega \leq R \leq & 100m \ \Omega : \pm 100 \end{array}$	–55 to +155	Grade 0		
ERJ6CW (0805)	0.5	±0.5, ±1, ±2, ±5	10m to 30m (E24)	±75	-55 to +125	Grade 1		
ERJ8CW (1206)	1	±1, ±2, ±5	10m to 50m (E24)	±75	-55 to +125	Grade 1		

(1) Please contact us when resistors of irregular series are needed.

(2) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

• Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV =  $\sqrt{Power}$  Rating × Resistance Values. • Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV = Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV.

#### Ratings

<High power type>

Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating <sup>(2)</sup> at 70 °C (W)	Resistance <sup>(3)</sup> Tolerance (%)	Resistance $^{\scriptscriptstyle (1)}$ Range $(\Omega)$	T.C.R. (×10⁻⁶/°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
ERJ2BS (0402)	0.166	±1, ±2, ±5	0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±300	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ2BQ (0402)	0.100	<u> </u>	0.22 to 1.0 (E24)	±250	-00 10 + 100	
ERJ3BS (0603)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±300		
ERJ3BQ (0603)	0.25	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	±300	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ENJ3DQ (0003)			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±200		
ERJ6DS (0805)	0.5	±0.5, ±1,	0.10 to 0.20 (E24, E96)	±150	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ6DQ (0805)	0.5	±2, ±5	0.22 to 9.1 (E24, E96)	±100	-55 10 + 155	Grade 0
ERJ6BS (0805)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±250		
ERJ6BQ (0805)	0.33	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	±230	-55 to +155	Grade 0
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±200		
ERJ8BS (1206)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±250		
ERJ8BQ (1206)	0.5	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	±230	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ENJODQ (1200)			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±200		
ERJ14BS (1210)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	. 200		
	0.5	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	±200	–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJ14BQ (1210)			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±100		

(1) Please contact us when resistors of irregular series are needed.

(2) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

(3) E96 series also have  $\pm 0.5$  %,  $\pm 1$  % line-up.

Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV =  $\sqrt{Power Rating \times Resistance Values}$ .

· Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV = Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV.

#### <Standard type>

<standard type=""></standard>								
Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating <sup>(2)</sup> at 70 °C (W)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance $^{(1)}$ Range ( $\Omega$ )	T.C.R. (×10⁻⁶/°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade		
ERJ3RS (0603)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±300				
ERJ3RQ (0603)	0.1	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	±300	-55 to +155	Grade 0		
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±200				
ERJ6RS (0805)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±250				
ERJ6RQ (0805)	0.125	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)		-55 to +155	Grade 0		
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±200				
ERJ8RS (1206)	_		0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±250				
ERJ8RQ (1206)	0.25	0.25	0.25	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)		-55 to +155	Grade 0
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±200				
ERJ14RS (1210)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±200				
ERJ14RQ (1210)	0.25	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)		-55 to +155	Grade 0		
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±100				
ERJ12RS (1812)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±200				
ERJ12RQ (1812)	0.5	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	1200	-55 to +155	Grade 0		
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±100				
ERJ12ZS (2010)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±200				
ERJ12ZQ (2010)	0.5	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)		-55 to +155	Grade 0		
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±100				
ERJ1TRS (2512)			0.10 to 0.20 (E24)	±200				
ERJ1TRQ (2512)	1	±1, ±2, ±5	0.22 to 0.91 (E24)	1200	-55 to +155	Grade 0		
			1.0 to 9.1 (E24)	±100				

(1) Please contact us when resistors of irregular series are needed.

(2) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

 $\sim$  Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV =  $\sqrt{Power Rating \times Resistance Values}$ .

· Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV = Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV.

# Panasonic Thick Film Chip Resistors / Low Resistance Type

#### <Low TCR type>

Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating <sup>(2)</sup> at 70 °C (W)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance $^{(1)}$ Range $(\Omega)$	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
ERJL03 (0603)	0.2	±1, ±5	47m to 100m	±200	–55 to +125	Grade 1
ERJL06 (0805)	0.25	±1, ±5	47m to 100m	±100	–55 to +125	Grade 1
ERJL08 (1206)	0.33	±1, ±5	47m to 100m	±100	–55 to +125	Grade 1
ERJL14 (1210)	0.33	±1, ±5	20m to 100m		–55 to +125	Grade 1
ERJL12 (1812)	0.5	±1, ±5	20m to 100m	$R < 47m\ \Omega$ : ±300	–55 to +125	Grade 1
ERJL1D (2010)	0.5	±1, ±5	40m to 100m	$R \ge 47m \ \Omega : \pm 100$	–55 to +125	Grade 1
ERJL1W (2512)	1	±1, ±5	40m to 100m		–55 to +125	Grade 1

(1) Standard R.V. : 20m  $\Omega$ , 22m  $\Omega$ , 33m  $\Omega$ , 39m  $\Omega$ , 47m  $\Omega$ , 50m  $\Omega$ , 100m  $\Omega$ , Custom R.V. : Each 1m  $\Omega$  within upper range. (2) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

· Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV =  $\sqrt{Power Rating \times Resistance Values}$ .

· Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV = Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV.

Power Derating Curve

with the figure below.

-55 °C

100

80

60 40

20

0

-60 -40 -20 0

Rated Load (%)

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance

70 °C

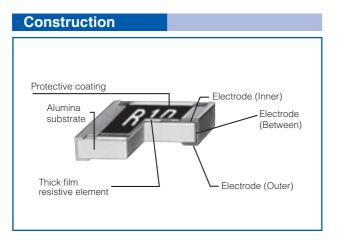
Ambient Temperature (°C)

125

°C

20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160 180

155 °C



#### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)

						0
Part No.		Dim	ensions (	mm)		Mass(Weight)
Tarrio.	L	W	а	b	t	[g/1000 pcs.]
ERJ2LW	1.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.50 <sup>+0.10</sup>	0.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	$0.40^{\pm 0.05}$	0.8
ERJ2BW	1.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.50 <sup>+0.10</sup>	0.24 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.24 <sup>±0.10</sup>	$0.35^{\pm 0.05}$	0.8
ERJ2BS	1.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.50+0.10	0.20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.27 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.8
ERJ2BQ	1.00	0.30-0.05	0.20	0.27	0.35	0.0
ERJ3LW (5m Ω)	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.55 <sup>±0.10</sup>	3
ERJ3LW (10m Ω) ERJ3BW	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.55 <sup>±0.10</sup>	3
ERJ3R						
ERJ3B	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.80 <sup>+0.15</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2
ERJL03						
ERJ6LW	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.63 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.63 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$0.70^{\pm 0.10}$	6
ERJ6BW	$2.00^{\pm 0.20}$	1.25 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$0.55^{\pm 0.20}$	$0.55^{\pm 0.20}$	$0.65^{\pm 0.10}$	6
ERJ6CW (10 to 13m Ω)	2.05 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.10</sup>	6
ERJ6CW (15 to 30m Ω)	2.05	1.30	0.45 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.05	0
ERJ6D	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	$0.40^{\pm 0.20}$	$0.55^{\pm 0.25}$	$0.60^{\pm 0.10}$	5
ERJ6R						
ERJ6B	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	5
ERJL06						

Part No.		Dim	ensions (	mm)		Mass(Weight)
Faltino.	L	W	а	b	t	[g/1000 pcs.]
ERJ8BW	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$0.65^{\pm 0.10}$	13
ERJ8CW (10 to 16m Ω)	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.10 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.10 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.10</sup>	13
ERJ8CW (18 to 50m Ω)	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.10</sup>	13
ERJ8R						
ERJ8B	3.20+0.05	1.60 <sup>+0.05</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	10
ERJL08						
ERJ14R						
ERJ14B	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	2.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$0.50^{\pm 0.20}$	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	16
ERJL14						
ERJ12R	4.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	27
ERJL12	4.30	3.20	0.50	0.50	0.00	21
ERJ12Z ERJL1D	5.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	2.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	27
ERJ1TR	6.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	45
ERJL1W	6.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.10 <sup>±0.10</sup>	79

#### Performance

• ERJ2LW, 3LW, 6LW, 2BW, 3BW, 6BW, 8BW, 6CW, 8CW <High power (double-sided resistive elements structure) type>

Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+125 °C
Overload	±2%	Rated Voltage × 2.0, 5 s ERJ6LW : × 1.77, 5 s ERJ8BW (R > 0.05 $\Omega$ ) : × 1.77, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1% ERJ2LW : ±2%	_55 °C (30 min.) / +155 °C (ERJ <b>≭</b> LW, ERJ <b>≭</b> CW : +125 °C) (30 min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C (ERJ*LW, ERJ*CW : +125 °C), 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

# • ERJ2BS/2BQ, 3BS/3BQ, 6BS/6BQ, 8BS/8BQ, 14BS/14BQ, 6D, 3R, 6R, 8R, 14R, 12R, 12Z, 1TR <High power type/Standard type>

Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+125 °C
Overload	±2%	Rated Voltage × 2.5 (ERJ6D : × 1.77), 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	–55 °C (30 min.) / +155 °C (30 min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C, 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

#### • ERJL03, L06, L08, L14, L12, L1D, L1W <Low TCR type>

Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+125 °C
Overload	±2%	Rated Voltage × 2.5, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	–55 °C (30 min.) / +125 °C (30 min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+125 °C, 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

## Current Sensing Resistors, Metal Plate Type



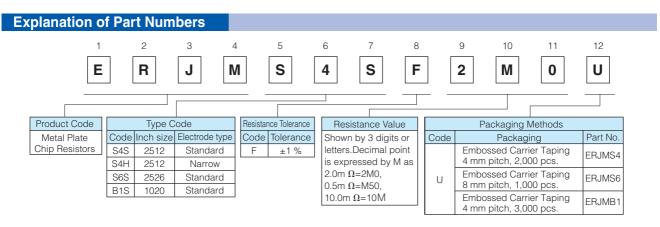
Type: ERJ MS4, MS6, MB1

#### Features

- Ideal for current sensing solution
- Small case size with high power
- Metal plate bonding technology. Excellent long term stability
- Outer Resin with high heat dissipation. Wide temperature range (-65 °C to +170 °C)
- AEC-Q200 qualified
- RoHS compliant
- ISO9001, ISO/TS16949 certified

#### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions,

Please see Data Files



#### Ratings

Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating at 70 °C (W)	Resistance Range (m $\Omega$ )	Resistance Tolerance (%)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	Terminal temp. upper limit (°C)
ERJMS4S (2512)	3	1, 2, 3, 4	F:±1	±75	-65 to +170	130
ERJMS4H	3	5, 6	F:±1	±75	-65 to +170	130
(2512)	2	7, 8, 9, 10	F:±1	±75	-65 to +170	100
ERJMS6S (2526)	5	0.5, 1, 2	F:±1	±75	-65 to +170	130
ERJMB1S (1020)	2	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	F:±1	±75	-65 to +170	130

\* Please contact us when resistors of irregular series are needed

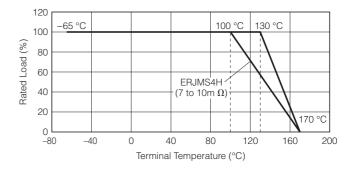
#### Power Derating Curve

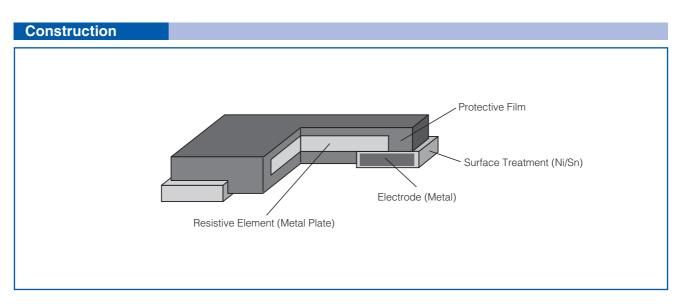
If the terminal temperature of the resistor is more than terminal temperature upper limit value of the rated table, please reduce the rated power according to the Power Derating Curve shown in the figure on the right.

#### <Supplemented>

In the case of the temperature measurement of the terminal portion of the resistor, Please perform under the following conditions.

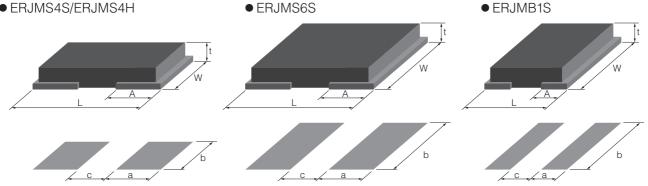
- Tarminal temperature measurement, please apply the temperature of the higher of either the left or right electrode upper surface of the resistor
- 2) Please measure the temperature of the resistor in the land pattern printed of circuit board and plan to use by real conditions.





Dimensions in mm (not to scale), Recommended Land Pattern

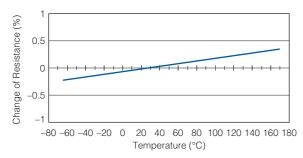




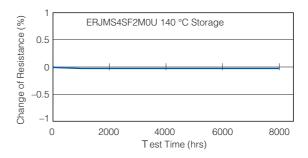
Land Pattern

Part No.	Dimension (mm)				Recomme	Mass (Weight)		
(inch size)	L	W	А	t	а	b	С	(g/1000 pcs.)
ERJMS4S (2512)	6.40±0.25	3.20±0.25	2.20±0.25	1.20±0.15	2.7	3.4	2.0	120
ERJMS4H (2512)	6.40±0.25	3.20±0.25	1.25±0.25	1.20±0.15	1.7	3.4	4.0	115
ERJMS6S (2526)	6.40±0.25	6.80±0.25	2.20±0.25	1.20±0.15	2.7	7.0	2.0	260
ERJMB1S (1020)	2.55±0.25	5.00±0.25	0.68 <sup>+0.15</sup>	0.90±0.15	1.15	5.5	1.1	40





#### Long-term stability

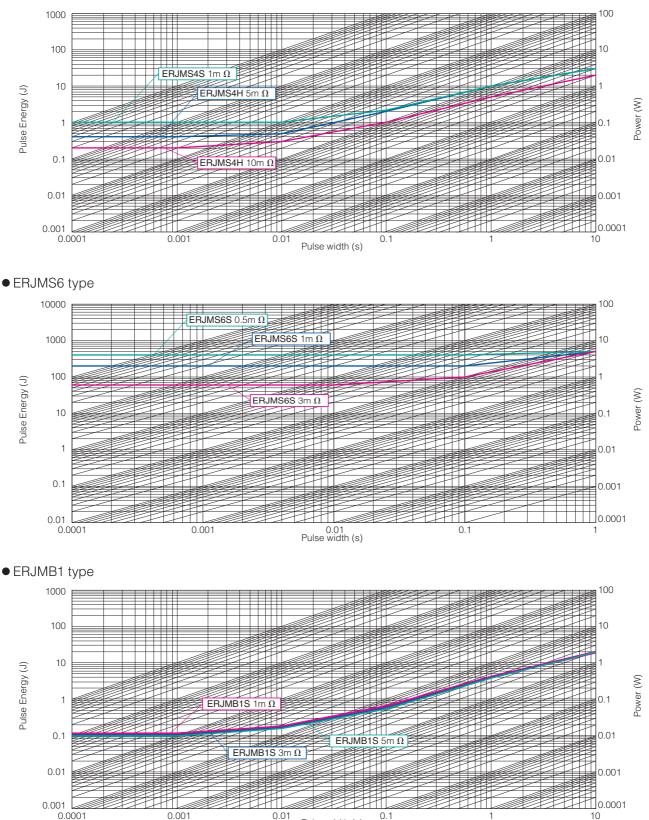


#### Maximum pulse energy respectively pulse power for continuous operation

Referance Data

Condition : Room Temperature, OFF : 10 s, 1000 cycle, Wave form : Square Change of Resistance=±1 %

#### ERJMS4 type



Design and specifications are each subject to change without notice. Ask factory for the current technical specifications before purchase and/or use. Should a safety concern arise regarding this product, please be sure to contact us immediately.

Pulse width (s)

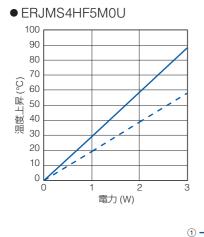
#### Performance (AEC-Q200)

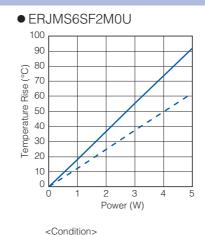
• ERJMS4, ERJMS6 type			
Test Item	Test Condition	Specification	Typical value
Thermal Shock	–55 °C/155 °C, 1000cycles	±1 %	0.20 %
Overload	$3 \times \text{Rated Power}, 5 \text{ sec}$	±0.5 %	0.10 %
Solderability	245 °C, 3 sec	> 95% coverage	> 95% coverage
Resistance to Solvents	MIL-STD-202 method 215, 2.1a, 2.1d	No damage	No damage
Low Temperature Storage and Operation	–65 °C, 24 h	±0.5 %	0.03 %
Resistance to Soldering Heat	MIL-STD-202 method 210 (260 °C, 10s)	±0.5 %	0.10 %
Moisture Resistance	MIL-STD-202 method 106	±0.5 %	0.10 %
Shock	MIL-STD-202 method 213-A	±0.5 %	0.10 %
Vibration, High Frequency	10 to 2000 (Hz)	±0.5 %	0.05 %
Life	70 °C, Rated Power, 2000 h	±1 %	0.30 %
Storage Life at Elevated Temperature	170 °C, 2000 h	±1 %	0.30 %
High Temperature Characteristics	140 °C, 2000 h	±0.5 %	0.05 %
Frequency Characteristics	Inductance	< 5 nH	< 2 nH

#### ERJMB1 type

Test Item	Test Condition	Specification	Typical value
Thermal Shock	–55 °C/155 °C, 1000cycles	±1 %	0.30 %
Overload	2.5 $\times$ Rated Power, 5 sec	±1 %	0.30 %
Solderability	245 °C, 3 sec	> 95% coverage	> 95% coverage
Resistance to Solvents	MIL-STD-202 method 215, 2.1a, 2.1d	No damage	No damage
Low Temperature Storage and Operation	–65 °C, 24 h	±0.5 %	0.03 %
Resistance to Soldering Heat	MIL-STD-202 method 210 (260 °C, 10s)	±0.5 %	0.10 %
Moisture Resistance	MIL-STD-202 method 106	±0.5 %	0.10 %
Shock	MIL-STD-202 method 213-A	±0.5 %	0.10 %
Vibration, High Frequency	10 to 2000 (Hz)	±0.5 %	0.05 %
Life	70 °C, Rated Power, 2000 h	±1 %	0.30 %
Storage Life at Elevated Temperature	170 °C, 2000 h	±1 %	0.30 %
High Temperature Characteristics	140 °C, 2000 h	±0.5 %	0.05 %
Frequency Characteristics	Inductance	< 5 nH	< 2 nH

#### **Temperature Rise**

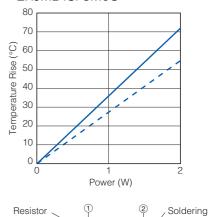




Base material : FR-4 (t1.6mm)

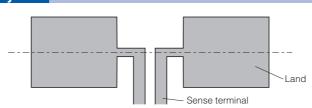
Copper Thickness : 70 µm, Two layer

• ERJMB1SF3M0U





2 - - -



Design and specifications are each subject to change without notice. Ask factory for the current technical specifications before purchase and/or use. Should a safety concern arise regarding this product, please be sure to contact us immediately. 04

- 23 -

PWB

## Current Sensing Resistors, Metal Plate Type

Type: ERJM1W

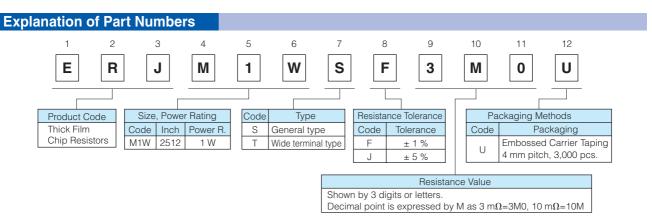


#### Features

- Low resistance values and high precision (1 m $\Omega$  to 20 m $\Omega$ )
- Stable resistance not influenced by measurement position
- High heat emission
- Low profile, strong body
- Inductance less than 1.0 nH for the metal plate structure
- RoHS compliant

#### As for Packaging Methods, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions,

Please see Data Files

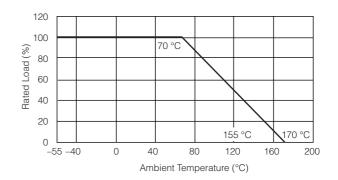


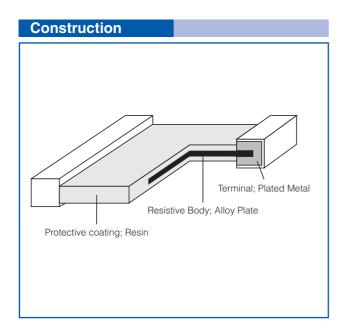
Ratings	Ratings								
Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating at 70 °C (W)	Standard Resistance (m $\Omega$ )	Resistance Tolerance (%)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	Circuit board of use			
ERJM1WS		3, 4		±350		You should use the aluminum substrate when the added wattage exceeds 0.5 W.			
(2512)	- 1	5, 6, 10, 15, 20		±100	–55 to +170				
ERJM1WT	IWT	1, 1.5	F: ±1, J: ±5	350±100					
(2512)		2, 3, 4		100±50					

\* Please contact the factory for other values and the range

#### Power Derating Curve

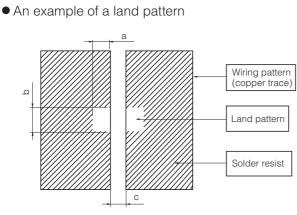
For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70  $^{\circ}$ C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.





Dimensions in mm (not to scale)						
			<u> </u>	*	>	
	Devt Ma		Dim	ensions	(mm)	
Туре	Part No. (inch size)	L	W	Т	а	Mass (Weight) [g/1000 pcs.]
S Type	ERJM1WS (2512)	6.40 <sup>±0.25</sup>	2 20±0.25	0.80 <sup>±0.30</sup>	1.00 <sup>±0.25</sup>	70
Т Туре	ERJM1WT (2512)	6.40 <sup>±0.40</sup>	5.20	0.00	2.10 <sup>±0.30</sup>	90

#### **Recommended Land Pattern**



Part No.	Dimensions (mm)			
Fait NO.	а	b	С	
ERJM1WS	2.1	3.4	4.2	
ERJM1WT	3.1	3.4	2.2	

## Current Sensing Resistors, Metal Foil Type



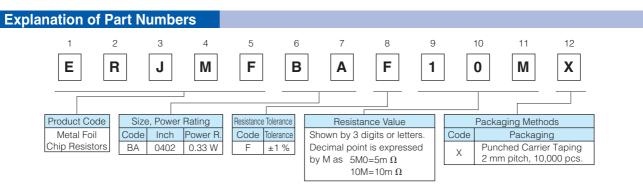
## Type: ERJ MFBA

#### Features

- Suitable for current sensing for smartphones and other small devices
- Unique metal foil process achieved high power and low temperature coefficient
- RoHS compliant
- ISO9001 certified

## ■ As for Packaging Methods, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions,

Please see Data Files



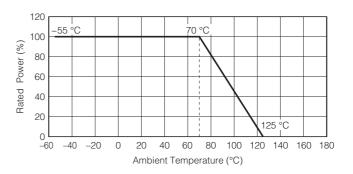
#### Ratings

Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating at 70 °C (W)	Resistance Range* (mΩ)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	T.C.R. (×10⁻⁶/°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)
ERJMFBA (0402)	0.33	5, 10, 20	F:±1	±150	–55 to +125

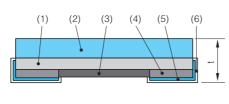
\* Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below 125 °C.

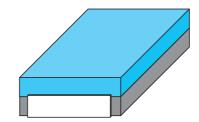
#### Power Derating Curve

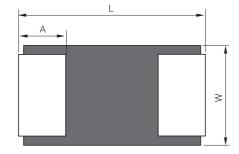
If the ambient temperature of the resistor is more than ambient temperature upper limit value of the rated table, please reduce the rated power according to the Power Derating Curve shown in the figure on the right.



#### Construction, Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



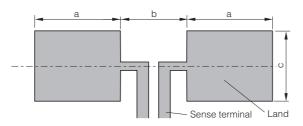




	Name
(1)	Resistive element
(2)	Base material
(3)	Protective Resin
(4)	Electrode (Inner)
(5)	Electrode (Between)
(6)	Electrode (Outer)

Part No	Part No.					
Part No.	L	W	A	t	(g/1000 pcs.)	
ERJMFBA	1.00±0.10	0.55±0.10	0.25±0.10	0.30±0.10	0.73	

#### **Recommended Land Pattern, Sense terminal-Layout**



	Part No.	Recommended Land Pattern (mm)				
		а	b	С		
	ERJMFBA	0.40	0.50	0.50		

#### Performance

Test Item	Test Condition	Specification	Typical value
Thermal Shock	–55 °C/125 °C, 5 cycles	±2 %	0.20 %
Overload	3 × Rated Power, 5 sec	±2 %	0.20 %
Solderability	245 °C, 3 sec	> 95% coverage	> 95% coverage
Resistance to Solvents	MIL-STD-202 method 215, 2.1a, 2.1d	No damage	No damage
Low Temperature Storage and Operation	–65 °C, 24 h	±1 %	0.10 %
Resistance to Soldering Heat	MIL-STD-202 method 210 (260 °C, 10 s)	±1 %	0.10 %
Moisture Resistance	MIL-STD-202 method 106	±1 %	0.10 %
Shock	MIL-STD-202 method 213-A	±1 %	0.10 %
Vibration, High Frequency	10 to 2000 (Hz)	±1 %	0.10 %
Life	70 °C, Rated Power, 1000 h	±3 %	0.30 %
Storage Life at Elevated Temperature	125 °C, 1000 h	±1 %	0.10 %
Frequency Characteristics	Inductance	< 5 nH	< 2 nH

## **High Power Chip Resistors /** Wide Terminal Type

#### RIO

RIO

HI0

# Type: ERJ A1, B1, B2, B3

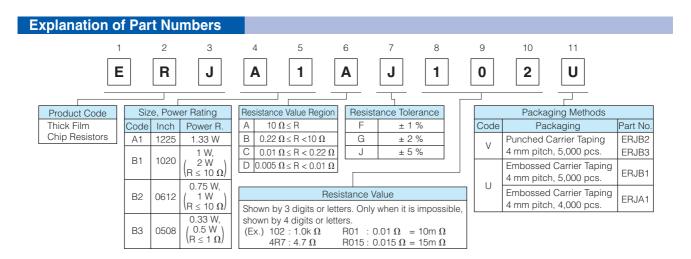
#### Features

- High solder-joint reliability by wide terminal construction
- Excellent heat dissipation characteristics by wide terminal construction
- AEC-Q200 gualified
- RoHS compliant

#### **Recommended Applications**

- Automotive electronic circuits including ECUs (Electrical control unit), anti-lock breaking systems and air-bag systems
- Current sensing for power supply circuits in a variety of equipment

#### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

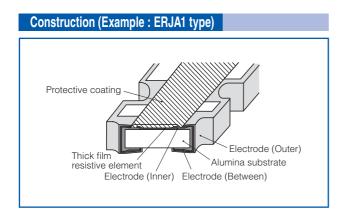


# Panasonic High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type

Ratin	gs								
Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating <sup>(3)</sup> at 70 °C (W)	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade	
ERJA1				±1	100m to 10k (E24)	±100			
(1225)	1.33	200	400	±2, ±5	10m to 10k (E24)	$\begin{array}{c} R\!<\!100m\;\Omega\;:\;\pm\!350\\ 100m\;\Omega\;\leqR\qquad:\;\pm\!200 \end{array}$	–55 to +155	Grade 0	
ERJB1 (1020)	1 2(R ≤ 10 Ω)	) 200 4	400	±1	10m to 10k (E24)	$\begin{array}{c} R < 22m \ \Omega \ : \pm 350 \\ 22m \ \Omega \ \leq R < 47m \ \Omega \ : \pm 200 \\ 47m \ \Omega \ \leq R < 100m \ \Omega \ : \pm 150 \\ 100m \ \Omega \ \leq R \ : \pm 100 \end{array}$	–55 to +155	Grade 0	
× ,				±2, ±5	10m to 10k (E24)	$\begin{array}{c} R<\ 22m\ \Omega\ :\ \pm 350\\ 22m\ \Omega\ \le R \qquad :\ \pm 200 \end{array}$			
ERJB2	0.75 1(R ≤ 10 Ω)	2) 200 400	400	±1	10m to 1M (E24)	$\begin{array}{c} R < 22m \ \Omega \ : 0 \ \text{to} \ +300\\ 22m \ \Omega \ \leq R < 47m \ \Omega \ : 0 \ \text{to} \ +200\\ 47m \ \Omega \ \leq R < 100m \ \Omega \ : 0 \ \text{to} \ +150\\ 100m \ \Omega \ \leq R < 220m \ \Omega \ : 0 \ \text{to} \ +100\\ 220m \ \Omega \ \leq R \ : \pm 100 \end{array}$		Our de C	
(0612)			400 <u>±2</u> ±5	±2	10m to 1M (E24)		co 1M (E24) R< 22m Ω : 0 to +300	-55 to +155	5 Grade 0
				±5	5m, 6m, 7m, 8m, 9m, 10m to 1M (E24)	$\begin{array}{l} 22m \ \Omega \ \leq R < \ 47m \ \Omega \ : 0 \ \text{to} \ +200 \\ 47m \ \Omega \ \leq R < \ 100m \ \Omega \ : 0 \ \text{to} \ +150 \\ 100m \ \Omega \ \leq R < \ 220m \ \Omega \ : 0 \ \text{to} \ +200 \\ 220m \ \Omega \ \leq R \ : \ \pm200 \end{array}$			
<b>ERJB3</b> (0508)	0.33 0.5(R ≤ 1 Ω)	150 200	200	±1 200 ±2, ±5	20m to 10 (E24)	$\begin{array}{c} R<47m\ \Omega\ :0\ \text{to}\ +300\\ 47m\ \Omega\ \leqR< 1\ \Omega\ :0\ \text{to}\ +200\\ 1\ \Omega\ \leqR\qquad \qquad :\pm100 \end{array}$	–55 to +155	Grade 0	
			200		20m to 10 (E24)	$\begin{array}{c} R < \ 47m \ \Omega \ : \ 0 \ to \ +300 \\ 47m \ \Omega \ \le R < \ 1 \ \Omega \ : \ 0 \ to \ +200 \\ 1 \ \Omega \ \le R \qquad \qquad : \ \pm 200 \end{array}$			

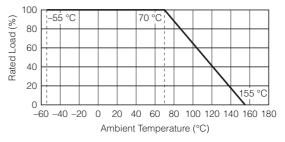
(1) Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=\/Power Rating × Resistance Values, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.

(2) Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV=Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV or Maximum Overload Voltage listed above, whichever less.
 (3) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

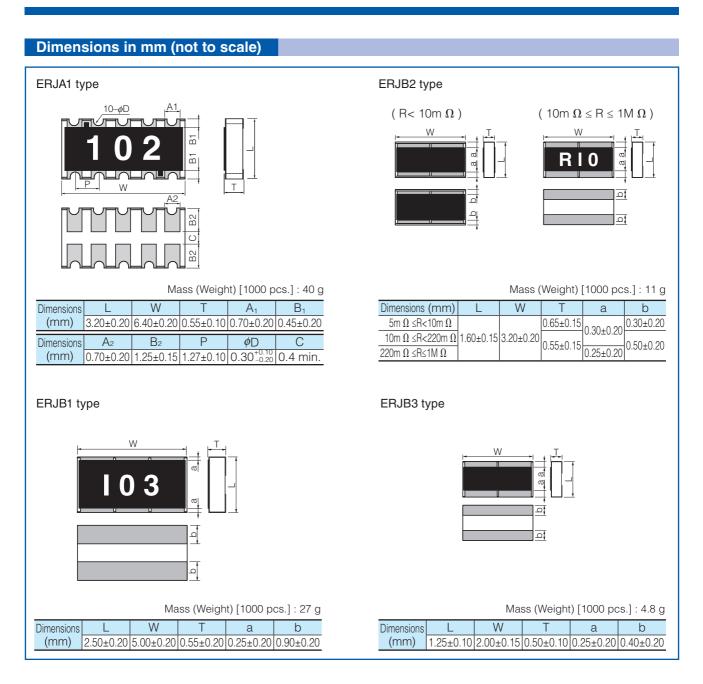


#### Power Derating Curve

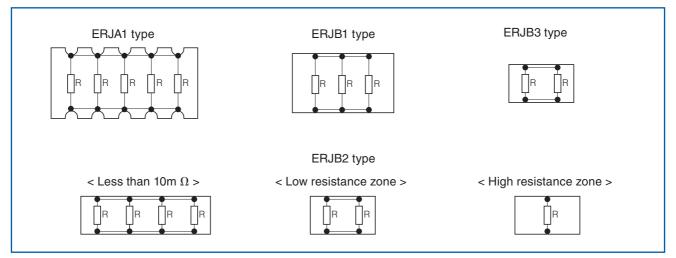
For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70  $^{\circ}$ C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure below.



# Panasonic High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type



#### **Circuit Configuration**



# **Panasonic** High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type

Perfomance		
Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+125 °C
Overload	±2%	$ \begin{array}{ll} \mbox{ERJA1, ERJB1 (R > 10), ERJB3 (R > 1) & : \mbox{Rated Voltage $\times$ 2.5, 5 s$} \\ \mbox{ERJB2 (R > 10) & : \mbox{Rated Voltage $\times$ 2.2, 5 s$} \\ \mbox{ERJB1 (R $\le$ 10), ERJB2 (R $\le$ 10), ERJB3 (R $\le$ 1) : \mbox{Rated Voltage $\times$ 2.0, 5 s$} \\ \end{array} $
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±2%	55 °C (30min.) / +125 °C (30min.), 1000 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C, 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

## Low TCR High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type

#### .010

.010

# Type: **ERJ D1, D2**

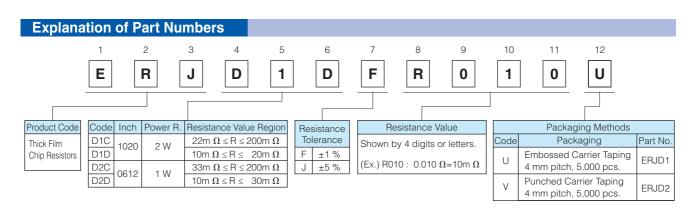
#### Features

- Achieved High power and low TCR (±100×10<sup>-6</sup>/°C) using wide terminal electrode structure and original material
- Suitable for small size/high power current detection (Low TCR enables high accuracy of current detection)
- High solder-joint reliability by wide terminal construction
- Excellent heat dissipation characteristics by wide terminal construction
- AEC-Q200 qualified
- RoHS compliant

#### **Recommended Applications**

- Automotive electronic circuits including ECUs (Electrical control unit), anti-lock breaking systems and air-bag systems
- Current sensing for power supply circuits in a variety of equipment

#### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files



Ratings										
Part No. (inch size)	Part NO.   Poting <sup>(2)</sup>   Toloropoo		$\begin{array}{c} {\sf Resistance} \\ {\sf Range}^{\scriptscriptstyle(1)} \\ (\Omega) \end{array}$	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade				
ERJD1 (1020)	2	±1, ±5	10m to 200m (E24)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0				
ERJD2 (0612)	1	±1, ±5	10m to 200m (E24)	±100	-55 (0 + 155	Grade 0				

(1) Please contact us when resistors of irregular series are needed.

(2) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV =  $\sqrt{Power Rating \times Resistance Values}$ .

· Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV = Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV.

Power Derating Curve

with the figure below.

–55 °C

-60 -40 -20

0

20 40

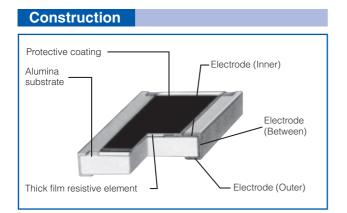
100

80 60

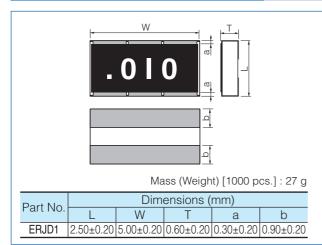
40 20

0

Rated Load (%)



#### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



# 

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance

70 °C

60

Ambient Temperature (°C)

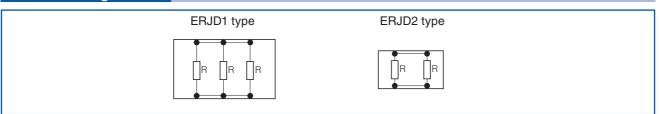
Mass (Weight) [1000 pcs.]: 11 g

155 °C

80 100 120 140 160 180

Part No.	Dimensions (mm)							
Fart NO.	L	W	Т	а	b			
ERJD2	1.60±0.15	$3.20 \pm 0.20$	0.65±0.15	0.30±0.20	0.50±0.20			

#### **Circuit Configuration**



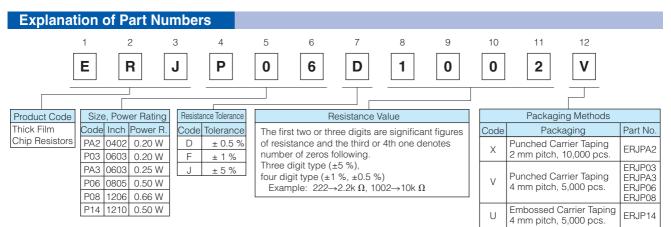
#### Perfomance

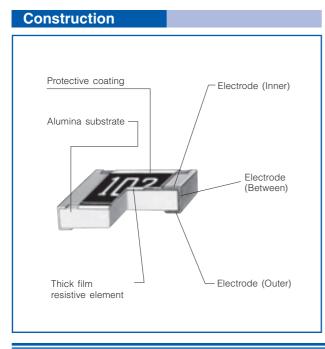
Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions				
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C				
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+125 °C				
Overload	±2%	Rated Voltage × 2.0, 5 s				
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s				
Rapid Change of Temperature	±2%	55 °C (30min.) / +125 °C (30min.), 1000 cycles				
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C, 1000 h				
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, 1000 h				
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h				
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h				

#### 

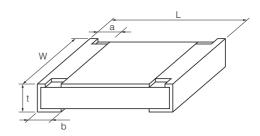
- High power … 0.20 W : 0402 inch / 1005 mm size (ERJPA2), 0603 inch / 1608 mm size (ERJP03)
  - 0.25 W : 0603 inch / 1608 mm size (ERJPA3)
  - 0.50 W : 0805 inch / 2012 mm size (ERJP06), 1210 inch / 3225 mm size (ERJP14)
  - 0.66 W : 1206 inch / 3216 mm size (ERJP08)
- Reference Standards… IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8, EIAJ RC-2134B
- AEC-Q200 qualified
- RoHS compliant

#### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files





#### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Part No.		Mass (Weight)				
Part NO.	L	W	а	b	t	[g/1000 pcs.]
ERJPA2	1.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.25 <sup>±0.05</sup>	$0.35^{\pm 0.05}$	0.8
ERJP03	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.80 <sup>+0.15</sup> <sub>-0.05</sub>	0.15+0.15	0.30 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2
ERJPA3	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.80 <sup>+0.15</sup> <sub>-0.05</sub>	0.15+0.15	0.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2
ERJP06	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.25 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	4
ERJP08	3.20 <sup>+0.05</sup> <sub>-0.20</sub>	1.60 <sup>+0.05</sup> <sub>-0.15</sub>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	10
ERJP14	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	2.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	16

Ratings	6							
Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating <sup>(3)</sup> at 70 °C (W)	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /⁰C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
ERJPA2	0.20	50	100	±0.5, ±1	10 to 1M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
(0402)	0.20	00	100	±5	10 to 1M (E24)	±200	00101100	
				±0.5	10 to 1M (E24, E96)	±150	-55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJP03	0.20	150	200	±1	10 to 1M (E24, E96)	±200		
(0603)				±5	1 to 1M (E24)	$\begin{array}{c} R < 10 \ \Omega & :-150 \ \text{to} \ +400 \\ 10 \ \Omega \leq \ R & : \pm 200 \end{array}$		
ERJPA3	0.25	150	200	±0.5, ±1	10 to 1M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
(0603)				±5	1 to 1.5M (E24)	±200		
ERJP06	0.50	400	600	±0.5, ±1	10 to 1M (E24, E96)	R < 33 Ω ∶±300 33 Ω ≤ R ∶±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
(0805)				±5	1 to 3.3M (E24)	$\begin{array}{rrr} {\sf R} < 10 \; \Omega & : -100 \; \text{to} \; +600 \\ 10 \; \Omega \leq \; {\sf R} < 33 \; \Omega \; : \; \pm 300 \\ 33 \; \Omega \leq \; {\sf R} & : \; \pm 200 \end{array}$		
ERJP08	0.66	0.66 500	1000	±0.5, ±1	10 to 1M (E24, E96)	±100		Grade 0
(1206)				±5	1 to 10M (E24)	$\begin{array}{c} R < 10 \ \Omega & : -100 \ \text{to} \ +600 \\ 10 \ \Omega \leq \ R & : \pm 200 \end{array}$	–55 to +155	
ERJP14				±0.5, ±1	10 to 1M (E24, E96)	±100		
(1210)	0.50	200	400	±5	1 to 1M (E24)	$\begin{array}{c} R < 10 \ \Omega & :-100 \ \text{to} \ +600 \\ 10 \ \Omega \leq \ R & : \pm 200 \end{array}$	–55 to +155	Grade 0

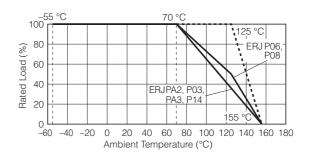
Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=VPower Rating × Resistance Values, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.
 Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV=Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV or Maximum Overload Voltage listed above, whichever less.

(3) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

#### **Power Derating Curve**

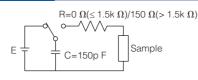
For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.

✤ When the temperature of ERJP14 is 155 °C or less, the derating start temperature can be changed to 125 °C. (See the dotted line)

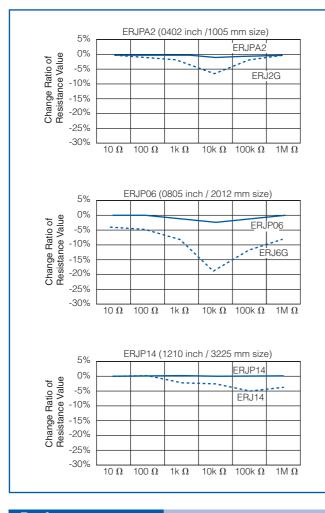


### **Anti-Surge Thick Film Chip Resistors**

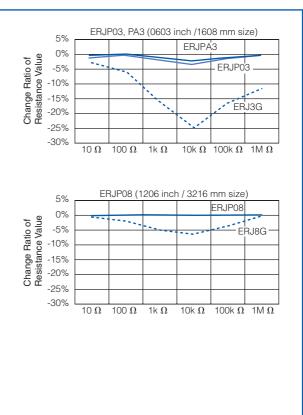
### **ESD Characteristic**



0402 inch size : E=±1k V 0603, 0805, 1206, 1210 inch size : E=±3k V



Anti-Surge Thick Film Chip Resistors(ERJP Type) Thick Film Chip Resistors(ERJ Type)



### Performance

Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions		
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C		
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+155 °C (ERJPA2 : +125 °C)		
Overload	±2% Only when it is ERJP03 (D), P14 (D) : ±0.5%	ERJP06: Rated Voltag × 1.77, 5 sERJPA2, ERJPA3, ERJP08 : Rated Voltag × 2.0, 5 sERJP03, ERJP14: Rated Voltag × 2.5, 5 s		
Resistance to Soldering Heat	D : ±0.5%, F, J : ±1%	270 °C, 10 s		
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	–55 °C (30 min.) / +155 °C (30 min.) , 100 cycles		
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C, 1000 h		
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, 1000 h		
Load Life in Humidity	±3% Only when it is ERJP03 (D), P14 (D) : ±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON / 0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h		
Endurance at 70 °C	±3% Only when it is ERJP03 (D), P14 (D) : ±1%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON / 0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h		

### **Anti-Pulse Thick Film Chip Resistors**

-100

### Anti-Pulse Thick Film Chip Resistors

### Type: ERJ T06, T08, T14 ERJ T14L

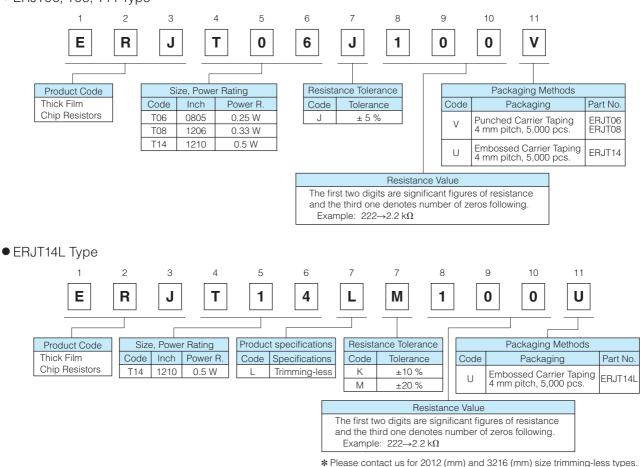
### Features

- Anti-Pulse characteristics
- High pulse characteristics achieved by the optimized trimming specifications (ERJT06, T08, T14)
- Further high pulse characteristics achieved by trimming-less specifications (ERJT14L)
- High reliability
- Metal glaze thick film resistive element and three layers of electrodes
- Suitable for both reflow and flow soldering
- High power ··· 0.25W : 0805 inch / 2012 mm size (ERJT06)
   0.33W : 1206 inch / 3216 mm size (ERJT08)
  - 0.50W : 1210 inch / 3225 mm size (ERJT14, ERJT14L)
- Reference Standards…IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8, EIAJ RC-2134B
- AEC-Q200 gualified
- RoHS compliant

### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

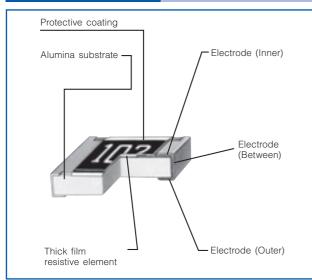
### **Explanation of Part Numbers**

• ERJT06, T08, T14 Type

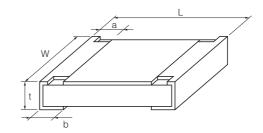


## **Anti-Pulse Thick Film Chip Resistors**

#### Construction



### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Part No.		Mass (Weight)				
(inch size)	L	W	а	a b		[g/1000 pcs.]
ERJT06 (0805)	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	$0.25^{\pm 0.20}$	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	4
ERJT08 (1206)	3.20 <sup>+0.05</sup> <sub>-0.20</sub>	1.60 <sup>+0.05</sup> <sub>-0.15</sub>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	10
ERJT14 ERJT14L (1210)	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	2.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	16

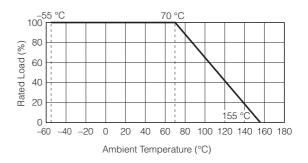
Ratings							
Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating at 70 °C (W)	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /⁰C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)
ERJT06 (0805)	0.25	150	200	±5	1 to 1 M (E24)	Less than 10 $\Omega$ : –100 to +600 Less than 33 $\Omega$ : ±300 More than 33 $\Omega$ : ±200	–55 to +155
ERJT08 (1206)	0.33	200	400	±5	1 to 1 M (E24)	Less than 10 $\Omega$ : –100 to +600 More than 10 $\Omega$ : ±200	–55 to +155
ERJT14 (1210)	0.50	200	400	±5	1 to 1 M (E24)	Less than 10 $\Omega$ : –100 to +600 More than 10 $\Omega$ : ±200	–55 to +155
ERJT14L (1210)	0.50	200	400	±10 ±20	1 to 1 M (E12)	Less than 10 $\Omega$ : –100 to +600 More than 10 $\Omega$ : ±200	–55 to +155

 Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=VPower Rating × Resistance Values, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.

(2) Overload (Short-time Overload) Test Voltage (SOTV) shall be determined from SOTV=2.5 × RCWV or max. Overload Voltage listed above whichever less.

#### Power Derating Curve

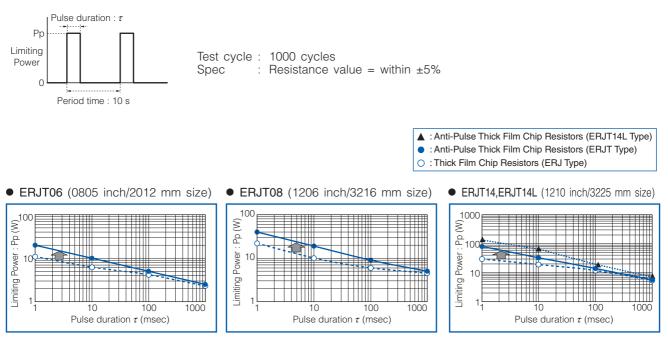
For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.



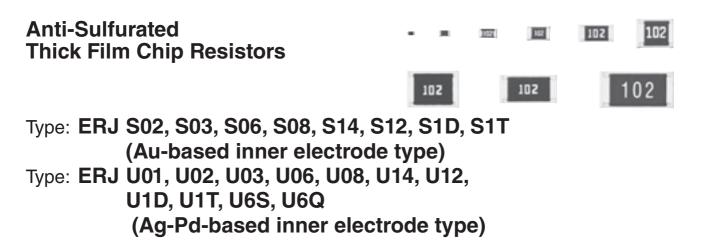
### **Anti-Pulse Thick Film Chip Resistors**

### Limiting Power Curve

In rush pulse Characteristic



\* Please contact us for 2012 (mm) and 3216 (mm) size trimming-less types.



### Features

- High resistance to sulfurization achieved by adopting an Au-based inner electrode (ERJS type) and Ag-Pd-based inner electrode (ERJU type)
- High reliability Metal glaze thick film resistive element and three layers of electrodes
- Suitable for both reflow and flow soldering
- Low Resistance type  $\cdots$  ERJU6S, U6Q : 0.1  $\Omega$  to 1.0  $\Omega$
- Reference Standard IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8, EIAJ RC-2134B
- AEC-Q200 qualified (Exemption ERJU01)
- RoHS compliant

### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

#### **Explanation of Part Numbers**

Code

U6

Product Code

Thick Film Chip Resistors

Inch

0805

Power R

0.25 W

Code

S

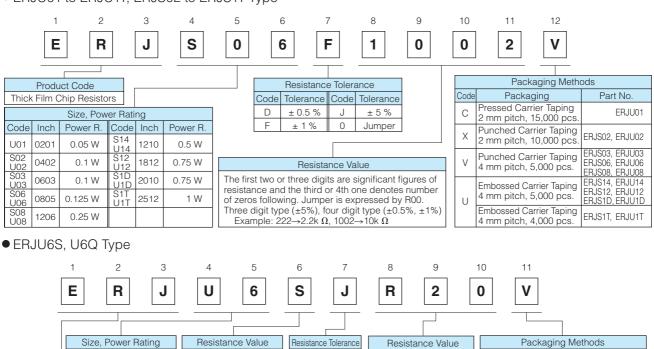
Q

Res. Value

 $0.1 \Omega$  to  $0.2 \Omega$ 

0.22  $\Omega$  to 1  $\Omega$ 

• ERJU01 to ERJU1T, ERJS02 to ERJS1T Type



F

G

J

Part No.

ERJU6Q

Code

V

Shown by 3 digits or

R20 : 0.20  $\Omega$ =200m  $\Omega$ 

1R0 : 1.0 Ω=1000m Ω

letters.

(Example)

Packaging

4 mm pitch, 5,000 pcs.

Punched Carrier Taping ERJU6S

Code Tolerance

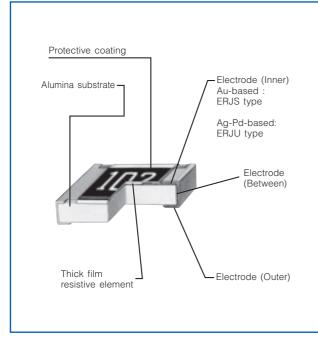
±1%

±2 %

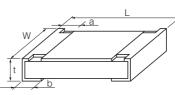
±5 %

## **Anti-Sulfurated Thick Film Chip Resistors**

#### Construction



### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Part No.		Dim	nensions (r	nm)		Mass (Weight)
raitino.	L	W	а	b	t	[g/1000 pcs.]
ERJU01	0.60 <sup>±0.03</sup>	$0.30^{\pm 0.03}$	0.10 <sup>±0.05</sup>	$0.15^{\pm 0.05}$	0.23 <sup>±0.03</sup>	0.15
ERJS02 ERJU02	1.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.8
ERJS03 ERJU03	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.80 <sup>+0.15</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2
ERJS06 ERJU06	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	4
ERJU6	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	$0.45^{\pm 0.20}$	$0.45^{\pm 0.20}$	0.55 <sup>±0.10</sup>	6
ERJS08 ERJU08	3.20+0.05	1.60+0.05	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	10
ERJS14 ERJU14	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	2.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	16
ERJS12 ERJU12	4.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	27
ERJS1D ERJU1D	5.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	2.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	27
ERJS1T ERJU1T	6.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	45

### Ratings

Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating <sup>(3)</sup> at 70 °C (W)	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Ra	stance ange $(\Omega)$	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>°6</sup> /⁰C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade	
ERJU01 (0201)	0.05	25	50	±1 ±5	10 to 1M 1 to 1M	(E24, E96) (E24)	-	–55 to +125	_	
ERJS02 ERJU02 (0402)	0.1	50	100	±0.5, ±1 ±5	1 to 1M 1 to 3.3M	(E24, E96) (E24)	<10 Ω: -100 to +600		–55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJS03 ERJU03 (0603)	0.1	75	150	±0.5, ±1 ±5	1 to 1M 1 to 10M	(E24, E96) (E24)			-55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJS06 ERJU06 (0805)	0.125	150	200	±0.5, ±1 ±5	1 to 1M 1 to 10M	(E24, E96) (E24)	10 Ω to 1M Ω:	-55 to +155	Grade 0	
ERJS08 ERJU08 (1206)	0.25	200	400	±0.5, ±1 ±5	1 to 1M 1 to 10M	(E24, E96) (E24)	±200(±5%) ±100(±0.5, ±1%)*	–55 to +155	Grade 0	
ERJS14 ERJU14 (1210)	0.5	200	400	±0.5, ±1 ±5	1 to 1M 1 to 10M	(E24, E96) (E24)	*ERJU01, ERJS02, ERJU02 :	–55 to +155	Grade 0	
ERJS12 ERJU12 (1812)	0.75	200	500	±0.5, ±1 ±5	1 to 1M 1 to 10M	(E24, E96) (E24)	±200	–55 to +155	Grade 0	
ERJS1D ERJU1D (2010)	0.75	200	500	±0.5, ±1 ±5	1 to 1M 1 to 10M	(E24, E96) (E24)	1M Ω<: -400 to +150	–55 to +155	Grade 0	
ERJS1T ERJU1T (2512)	1.0	200	500	±0.5, ±1 ±5	1 to 1M 1 to 10M	(E24, E96) (E24)		–55 to +155	Grade 0	

Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=\sqrt{Power Rating × Resistance Values, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.
 Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV=Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV or Maximum Overload Voltage listed above, whichever less.

(3) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

#### [Low Resistance type]

Part No. (inch size)	PowerRating <sup>(1)</sup> at 70 °C (W)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /⁰C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
ERJU6S (0805)	0.25	±1, ±2, ±5	0.1 to 0.2 (E24)	±150	-55 to +155	Grade 0
ERJU6Q (0805)	0.23	±1, ±2, ±3	0.22 to 1 (E24)	±130	-33 (0 + 133	Grade 0

(1) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV = V Power Rating × Resistance Values.

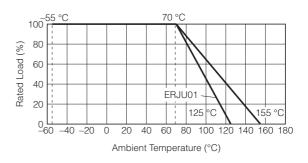
· Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV = Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV.

#### [For Jumper]

[		
Part No. (inch size)	Rated Current (A)	Maximum Overload Current <sup>(1)</sup> (A)
ERJU01 (0201)	0.5	1
ERJS02 ERJU02 (0402)	1	2
ERJS03 ERJU03 (0603)		۷.
ERJS06 ERJU06 (0805)		
ERJS08 ERJU08 (1206)		
ERJS14 ERJU14 (1210)	2	4
ERJS12 ERJU12 (1812)	2	4
ERJS1D ERJU1D (2012)		
ERJS1T ERJU1T (2512)		

#### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure below.



(1) Overload test current

#### Performance

### • ERJU01 to ERJU1T, ERJS02 to ERJS1T Type

Test Item	Performance	Requirements	Test Conditions
iest item	Resistor type	Jumper type	
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	100m $\Omega$ or less	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	200m $\Omega$ or less	+25 °C/+155 °C (ERJU01 : +25 °C/+125 °C)
Overload	±2%	100m $\Omega$ or less	Rated Voltage × 2.5, 5s Jumper type : Max. Overload Current, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	100m $\Omega$ or less	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	100m $\Omega$ or less	–55 °C (30min.) / +155 °C (ERJU01: +125 °C) (30min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	100m $\Omega$ or less	+155 °C (ERJU01 : +125 °C), 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	100m $\Omega$ or less	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	100m $\Omega$ or less	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, Rated Voltage (Jumper type : Rated Current), 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000h
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	100m $\Omega$ or less	70 °C, Rated Voltage (Jumper type : Rated Current), 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

### • ERJU6S, U6Q Type

Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+125 °C
Overload	±1%	Rated Voltage $\times$ 2.5, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	-55 °C (30min.) / +125 °C (30min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C, 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

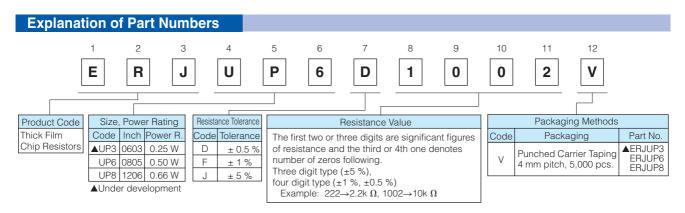
### Anti-Sulfurated Thick Film Chip Resistors / Anti-Surge Type

### Type: ERJ UP3, UP6, UP8

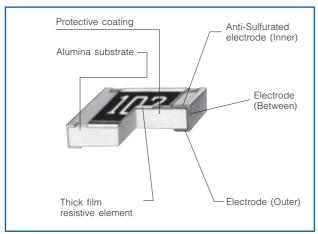
### Features

- High resistance to sulfurization achieved by adopting Anti-Sulfurated electrode structure and material
- ESD surge characteristics superior to standard metal film resistors
- High reliability
- Metal glaze thick film resistive element and three layers of electrodes
- Suitable for both reflow and flow soldering
- High power … 0.25 W : 0603 inch / 1608 mm size (ERJUP3)
  - 0.50 W : 0805 inch / 2012 mm size (ERJUP6)
  - 0.66 W : 1206 inch / 3216 mm size (ERJUP8)
- Reference Standards… IEC 60115-8, JIS C 5201-8, EIAJ RC-2134B
- AEC-Q200 qualified
- RoHS compliant

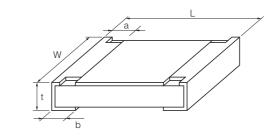
### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files







### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



152

123

112

Dort No.	Dimensions (mm)					
Part No.	L	W	а	b	t	[g/1000pcs.]
▲ERJUP3	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.80 <sup>+0.15</sup> 0.05	$0.15^{+0.15}_{-0.10}$	0.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2
ERJUP6	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.25 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	4
ERJUP8	3.20+0.05	1.60 <sup>+0.05</sup> <sub>-0.15</sub>	0.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	10

## Panasonic Anti-Sulfurated Thick Film Chip Resistors / Anti-Surge Type

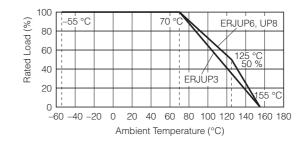
Ratings								
Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating <sup>(3)</sup> at 70 °C (W)	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /⁰C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
▲ERJUP3	0.25	150	200	±0.5, ±1	10 to 1M (E24, E96)	±100	–55 to +155	Grade 0
(0603)	0.20	100	200	±5	1 to 1.5M (E24)	±200		
ERJUP6				±0.5, ±1	10 to 1M (E24, E96)	±100		
(0805)	0.50	400	600	±5	1 to 3.3M (E24)	R < 10 $\Omega$ : -100 to +600	–55 to +155	Grade 0
						10 Ω ≤ R : ±200		
ERJUP8				±0.5, ±1	10 to 1M (E24, E96)	±100		
(1206)	0.66	500	1000	±5	1 to 10M (E24)	R < 10 $\Omega$ : -100 to +600	–55 to +155	Grade 0
(1200)				±5	1 to 101v1 (LZ4)	$10 \ \Omega \le R$ : ±200		

(1) Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=VPower Rating × Resistance Values, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.

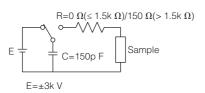
(2) Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV=Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV or Maximum Overload Voltage listed above, whichever less.
 (3) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

**Power Derating Curve** 

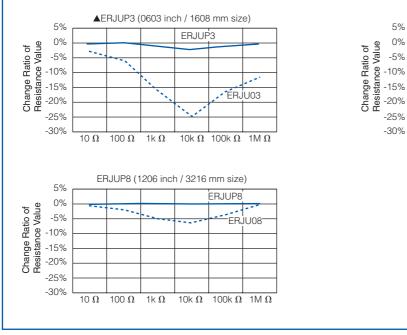
For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.

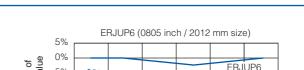


#### **ESD Characteristic**



Anti-Sulfurated Thick Film Chip Resistors / Anti-Surge Type (ERJUP Type) Anti-Sulfurated Thick Film Chip Resistors (ERJU Type)





 $1 k \Omega$ 

10 Ω

100 Ω

ERJU06

10k Ω 100k Ω 1M Ω

1.1

## **Panasonic** Anti-Sulfurated Thick Film Chip Resistors / Anti-Surge Type

Performance		
Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+155 °C
Overload	±2%	ERJUP6: Rated Voltage × 1.77, 5 s▲ERJUP3, ERJUP8: Rated Voltage × 2.0, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	D ∶ ±0.5% F, J∶ ±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	–55 °C (30 min.) / +155 °C (30 min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C, 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95%RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON / 0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON / 0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

### Anti-Sulfurated High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type

### ROI

### Type: ERJ C1

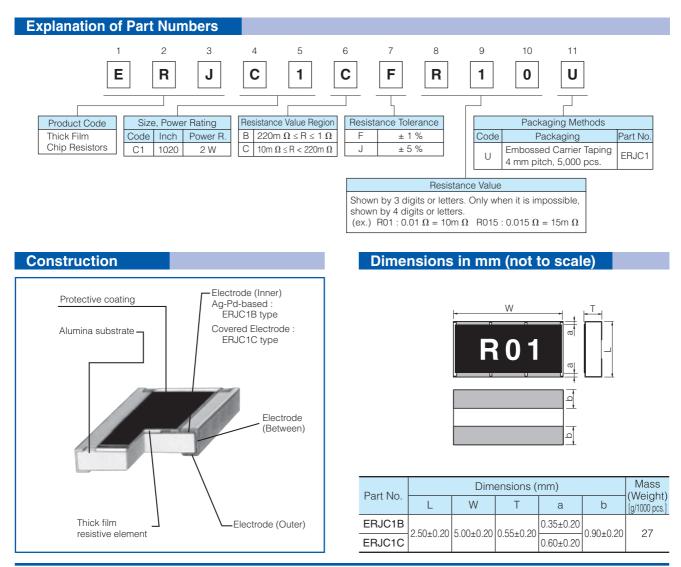
### Features

- High resistance to sulfurization achieved by adopting Anti-Sulfurated electrode structure and material
- High solder-joint reliability by wide terminal construction
- Excellent heat dissipation characteristics by wide terminal construction
- AEC-Q200 qualified
- RoHS compliant

### **Recommended Applications**

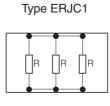
- Motor control circuit of the industrial equipment
- Automotive electronic circuits including ECUs (Electrical control unit), anti-lock breaking systems and air-bag systems
- Current sensing for power supply circuits in a variety of equipment

### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files



### Panasonic Anti-Sulfurated High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type

### **Circuit Configuration**



### Ratings

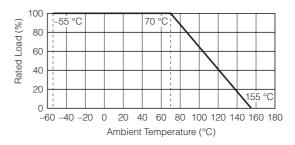
Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating at 70 °C <sup>(1)</sup> (W)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade
ERJC1	2	±1	10m to 1	$\begin{array}{ll} 10m \ \Omega &\leq R < 22m \ \Omega &: \pm 350 \\ 22m \ \Omega &\leq R < 47m \ \Omega &: \pm 200 \\ 47m \ \Omega &\leq R < 100m \ \Omega &: \pm 150 \\ 100m \ \Omega &\leq R \leq 1 \ \Omega &: \pm 100 \end{array}$	m $\Omega$ : ±200 Dm $\Omega$ : ±150	
(1020)	2	±5	(E24)	$\begin{array}{ll} 10m \ \Omega & \leq R < 22m \ \Omega & : \pm 350 \\ 22m \ \Omega & \leq R < 1 \ \Omega & : \pm 200 \end{array}$	-33 10 + 133	Grade 0

(1) Use it on the condition that the case temperature is below the upper category temperature.

Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV = √Power Rating × Resistance Values.
 Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV = Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV.

#### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.



Perfomance		
Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+125 °C
Overload	±2%	Rated Voltage $\times$ 2.0, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±2%	–55 °C (30min.) / +125 °C (30min.), 1000 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+155 °C, 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage, 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

### Chip Resistor Array

Type: EXB 14V, 18V, 24V, 28V, N8V, 2HV, 34V, V4V, 38V, V8V, S8V

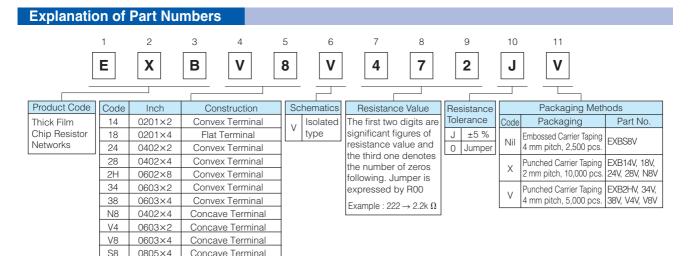
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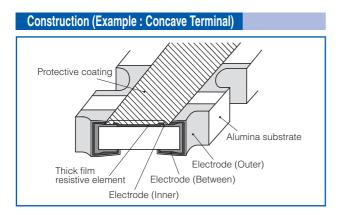
### Features

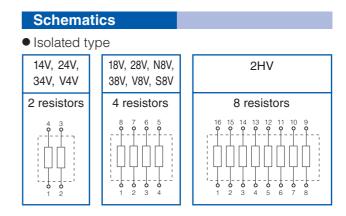
High density

- 2 resistors in 0.8 mm × 0.6 mm size / 0302 inch size : EXB14V
- 4 resistors in 1.4 mm × 0.6 mm size / 0502 inch size : EXB18V
- 2 resistors in 1.0 mm × 1.0 mm size / 0404 inch size : EXB24V
- 4 resistors in 2.0 mm × 1.0 mm size / 0804 inch size : EXB28V. EXBN8V
- 8 resistors in 3.8 mm × 1.6 mm size / 1506 inch size : EXB2HV
- 2 resistors in 1.6 mm × 1.6 mm size / 0606 inch size : EXB34V. EXBV4V
- 4 resistors in 3.2 mm × 1.6 mm size / 1206 inch size : EXB38V, EXBV8V
- 4 resistors in 5.1 mm × 2.2 mm size / 2009 inch size : EXBS8V
- Improvement of placement efficiency Placement efficiency of Chip Resistor Array is two, four or eight times of the flat type chip resistor
- Reference Standard...IEC 60115-9, JIS C 5201-9, EIAJ RC-2129
- AEC-Q200 qualified (EXB2, EXB3)
- RoHS compliant

### As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files







Ratings									
[For Resist	or]								
Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating at 70 °C (W / element)	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>−6</sup> /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade	
EXB14V (0201×2)	0.031	12.5	25	±5	10 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	-	
EXB18V (0201×2)	0.031 (0.1 W / package)	12.5	25	±5	10 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	-	
EXB24V (0402×2)	0.063	50	100	±5	1 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	Grade 1	
EXB28V (0402×4)	0.063	50	100	±5	1 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	Grade 1	
EXB2HV (0602×8)	0.063 (0.25 W / package)	25	50	±5	10 to 1M (E24)	<10 Ω : -200 to +600	-55 to +125	Grade 1	
EXB34V (0603×2)	0.063	50	100	±5	1 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	Grade 1	
EXB38V (0603×4)	0.063	50	100	±5	1 to 1M (E24)	10 Ω to1M Ω : ±200	-55 to +125	Grade 1	
EXBN8V (0402×4)	0.031	50	100	±5	10 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	-	
EXBV4V (0603×2)	0.063	50	100	±5	10 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	_	
EXBV8V (0603×4)	0.063	50	100	±5	10 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	_	
EXBS8V (0805×4)	0.1	100	200	±5	10 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	_	

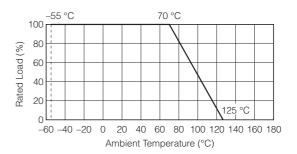
Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV= \/Power Rating × Resistance Values, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.
 Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV=Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV or Maximum Overload Voltage listed above, whichever less.

#### [For Jumper]

Part No. (inch size)	Rated Current (A / element)	Maximum Overload Current <sup>(1)</sup> (A)
EXB14V (0201×2)	0.5	1
EXB18V (0201×4)	0.5	1
EXB24V (0402×2)	1	2
EXB28V (0402×4)	1	2
EXB2HV (0602×8)	1	2
EXB34V (0603×2)	1	2
EXB38V (0603×4)	1	2
EXBN8V (0402×4)	1	2
EXBV4V (0603×2)	1	2
EXBV8V (0603×4)	1	2
EXBS8V (0805×4)	2	4

#### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure below.

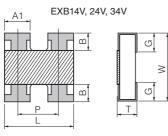


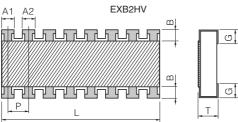
(1) Overload test current

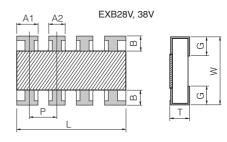
- 49 -

### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)

(1) Convex Terminal type



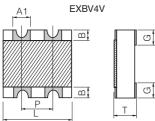




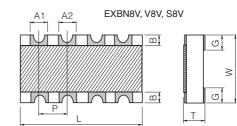
Part No.	Dimensions (mm)								
(inch size)	L	W	Т	A1	A2	В	Р	G	[g/1000 pcs.]
EXB14V (0201×2)	0.80 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	_	0.15 <sup>±0.10</sup>	(0.50)	0.15 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.5
EXB24V (0402×2)	1.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.10</sup>	_	0.18 <sup>±0.10</sup>	(0.65)	0.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.2
EXB28V (0402×4)	2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	(0.50)	0.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2.0
EXB2HV (0602×8)	3.80 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.10</sup>	(0.50)	0.30 <sup>±0.10</sup>	9.0
EXB34V (0603×2)	1.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.15</sup>	_	0.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>	(0.80)	0.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.5
EXB38V (0603×4)	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>	(0.80)	0.35 <sup>±0.20</sup>	7.0
								(	) Reference

≥

(2) Concave Terminal type

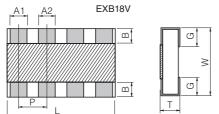


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Part No.	Dimensions (mm)								Mass (Weight)
(inch size)	L	W	Т	A1	A2	В	Р	G	[g/1000 pcs.]
EXBN8V (0402×4)	2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.15</sup>	(0.50)	0.30 <sup>±0.15</sup>	3.0
EXBV4V (0603×2)	1.60+0.20	1.60+0.20	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	_	0.30 <sup>±0.15</sup>	(0.80)	0.45 <sup>±0.15</sup>	5.0
EXBV8V (0603×4)	3.20 <sup>+0.20</sup>	1.60 <sup>+0.20</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.15</sup>	(0.80)	0.45 <sup>±0.15</sup>	10
EXBS8V (0805×4)	5.08+0.20	2.20+0.20	0.70 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.15</sup>	(1.27)	0.55 <sup>±0.15</sup>	30

(3) Flat Terminal type



	<b>_</b>	-								
Part No.		Dimensions (mm)								
(inch size)	L	W	Т	A1	A2	В	Р	G	[g/1000 pcs.]	
EXB18V (0201×4)	1.40±0.10	0.60±0.10	0.35±0.10	0.20±0.10	0.20±0.10	0.10±0.10	(0.40)	0.20±0.10	1.0	
								(	) Reference	

Design and specifications are each subject to change without notice. Ask factory for the current technical specifications before purchase and/or use Should a safety concern arise regarding this product, please be sure to contact us immediately.

05 Feb. 2018

() Reference

Perfomance					
Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions			
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C			
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+125 °C			
Overload	±2%	Rated Voltage × 2.5, 5 s Jumper type : Max. Overload Current, 5 s			
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s			
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	–55 °C (30min.) / +125 °C (30min.), 100 cycles			
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+125 °C , 1000 h			
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, 1000 h			
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, Rated Voltage (Jumper type: Rated Current), 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h			
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage(Jumper type: Rated Current), 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h			

### **Anti-Sulfurated Chip Resistor Array**

### **Anti-Sulfurated Chip Resistor Array**

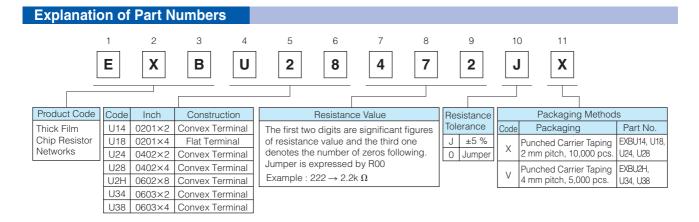
Panasonic

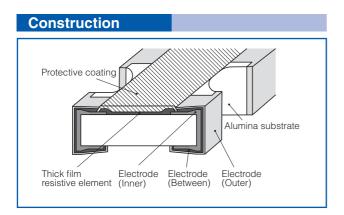
### Type: **EXB U14, U18, U24, U28,** U2H, U34, U38

### Features

- High resistance to sulfurization achieved by adopting an Ag-Pd-based inner electrode
- High density
  - 2 resistors in 0.8 mm × 0.6 mm size / 0302 inch size : EXBU14
- 4 resistors in 1.4 mm × 0.6 mm size / 0502 inch size : EXBU18 2 resistors in 1.0 mm × 1.0 mm size / 0404 inch size : EXBU24
- 4 resistors in 2.0 mm × 1.0 mm size / 0804 inch size : EXBU28
- 8 resistors in 3.8 mm × 1.6 mm size / 1506 inch size : EXBU2H
- 2 resistors in 1.6 mm × 1.6 mm size / 0606 inch size : EXBU34
- 4 resistors in 3.2 mm × 1.6 mm size / 1206 inch size : EXBU38
- Improvement of placement efficiency Placement efficiency of Chip Resistor Array is two, four or eight times of the flat type chip resistor
- Reference Standard…IEC 60115-9, JIS C 5201-9, EIAJ RC-2129
- AEC-Q200 qualified (EXBU2, EXBU3)
- RoHS compliant

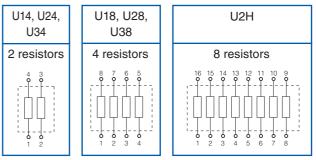
### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files





### Schematics

Isolated type



Па	ungs
Eor	Resistor]

[I UI Resist									
Part No. (inch size)	Power Rating at 70 °C (W / element)	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> (V)	Resistance Tolerance (%)	Resistance Range (Ω)	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C)	Category Temperature Range (°C)	AEC-Q200 Grade	
EXBU14 (0201×2)	0.031	12.5	25	±5	10 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	-	
EXBU18 (0201×4)	0.031 (0.1 W / package)	12.5	25	±5	10 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	_	
EXBU24 (0402×2)	0.063	50	100	±5	1 to 1M (E24)	<10 Ω : -200 to +600	-55 to +125	Grade 1	
EXBU28 (0402×4)	0.063	50	100	±5	1 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	Grade 1	
EXBU2H (0602×8)	0.063 (0.25 W / package)	25	50	±5	10 to 1M (E24)	10 Ω to1M Ω : ±200	-55 to +125	Grade 1	
EXBU34 (0603×2)	0.063	50	100	±5	1 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	Grade 1	
EXBU38 (0603×4)	0.063	50	100	±5	1 to 1M (E24)		-55 to +125	Grade 1	

Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=\sqrt{Power Rating × Resistance Values, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.
 Overload Test Voltage (OTV) shall be determined from OTV=Specified Magnification (refer to performance) × RCWV or Maximum Overload Voltage listed above, whichever less.

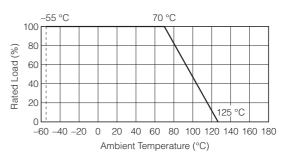
#### [For Jumper]

Part No. (inch size)	Rated Current (A / element)	Maximum Overload Current <sup>(1)</sup> (A)
EXBU24 (0402×2)		
EXBU28		
(0402×4)		
EXBU2H	4	2
(0602×8)	I	۷.
EXBU34		
(0603×2)		
EXBU38		
(0603×4)		

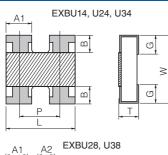
(1) Overload test current

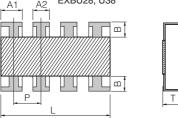
#### Power Derating Curve

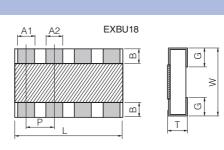
For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure below.

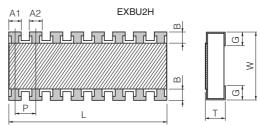


### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)









Part No.	Dimensions (mm)								
(inch size)	L	W	Т	A1	A2	В	Р	G	[g/1000 pcs.]
EXBU14 (0201×2)	$0.80^{\pm 0.10}$	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	$0.35^{\pm 0.10}$	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	—	0.15 <sup>±0.10</sup>	(0.50)	0.15 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.5
EXBU18 (0201×4)	1.40 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.10 <sup>±0.10</sup>	(0.40)	0.20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.0
EXBU24 (0402×2)	1.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.40 <sup>±0.10</sup>	_	0.18 <sup>±0.10</sup>	(0.65)	0.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.2
EXBU28 (0402×4)	2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	(0.50)	0.25 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2.0
EXBU2H (0602×8)	3.80 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.35 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.10</sup>	(0.50)	0.30 <sup>±0.10</sup>	9.0
EXBU34 (0603×2)	1.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.15</sup>	_	0.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>	(0.80)	0.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.5
EXBU38 (0603×4)	3.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.60 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.50 <sup>±0.10</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.45 <sup>±0.15</sup>	0.30 <sup>±0.20</sup>	(0.80)	0.35 <sup>±0.20</sup>	7.0
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Perfomance		
Test Item	Performance Requirements	Test Conditions
Resistance	Within Specified Tolerance	20 °C
T. C. R.	Within Specified T. C. R.	+25 °C/+125 °C
Overload	±2%	Rated Voltage × 2.5, 5 s Jumper type : Max. Overload Current, 5 s
Resistance to Soldering Heat	±1%	270 °C, 10 s
Rapid Change of Temperature	±1%	–55 °C (30min.) / +125 °C (30min.), 100 cycles
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	+125 °C , 1000 h
Damp Heat, Steady State	±1%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, 1000 h
Load Life in Humidity	±3%	60 °C, 90% to 95 %RH, Rated Voltage (Jumper type: Rated Current), 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h
Endurance at 70 °C	±3%	70 °C, Rated Voltage(Jumper type: Rated Current), 1.5 h ON/0.5 h OFF cycle, 1000 h

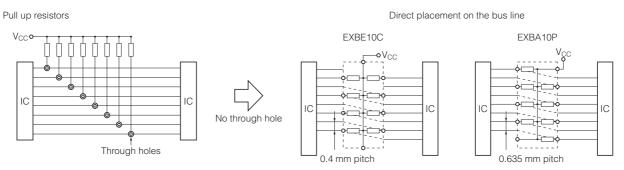
### **Chip Resistor Networks**

Chip Resistor Networks	102	102	102
Type: <b>EXBD</b>	102	102	102
EXBE EXBA	102	102	102
EXBQ	150		CITER OF A

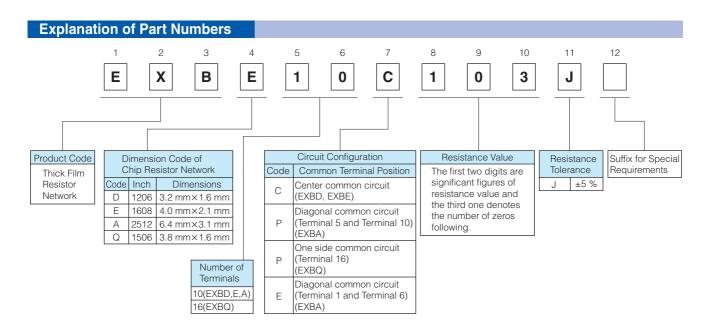
### Features

- High density placing for digital signal circuits
  - $\cdot$  Bussed 8 or 15 resistors for pull up/down circuits EXBD: 3.2 mm × 1.6 mm × 0.55 mm, 0.635 mm pitch EXBE: 4.0 mm × 2.1 mm × 0.55 mm, 0.8 mm pitch EXBA: 6.4 mm × 3.1 mm × 0.55 mm, 1.27 mm pitch
  - EXBQ:  $3.8 \text{ mm} \times 1.6 \text{ mm} \times 0.45 \text{ mm}$ , 0.5 mm pitch
  - · Available direct placing on the bus line by means of half pitch spacing without through-holes on PWB ("High density placing" is shown below)
- High speed mounting using conventional placing machine
- Reference Standard...IEC 60115-9, JIS C 5201-9, EIAJ RC-2130
- RoHS compliant

#### [High density placing]

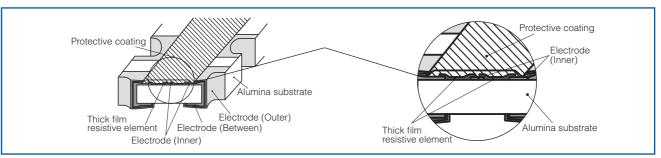


### ■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

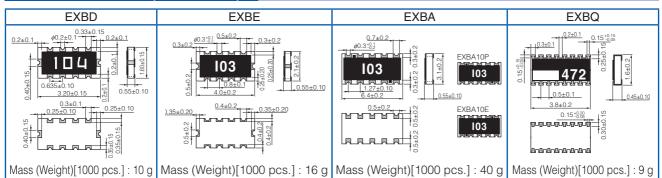


### **Chip Resistor Networks**

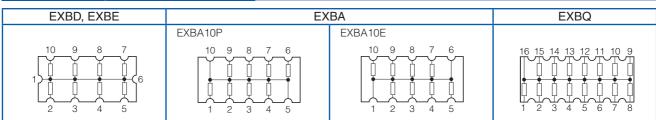
### Construction (Example : EXBD)



### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



### **Circuit Configuration**



### Ratings

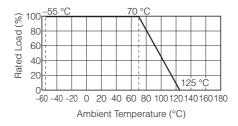
Item		Specifications						
Series	EXBD	EXBA	EXBQ					
Resistance Range			100 $\Omega$ to 470 k $\Omega$ (E6 series)					
Resistance Tolerance		5%						
Number of Terminals			16 terminals					
Number of Resistors		8 element						
Power Rating at 70 °C	0.05 W/element	0.05 W/element 0.063 W/element						
Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	25	ōV	50 V	25V				
Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	50	) V	100 V	50 V				
T. C. R.	±200 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / °C							
Category Temperature Range	−55 °C to +125 °C							

(1) Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=VPower Rating × Resistance Value, or Limiting Element Voltage listed above, whichever less.

(2) Overload (Short-time Overload) Test Voltage (SOTV) shall be determined from SOTV=2.5 × RCWV\* or Maximum Overload Voltage listed above whichever less.

#### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.



### **Chip Attenuator**

Type: EXB 14AT EXB 24AT

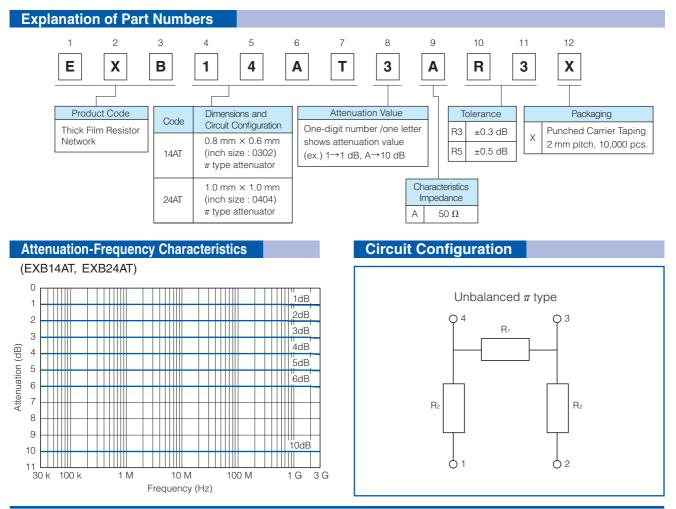


### Features

- Unbalanced π type attenuator circuit in one chip EXB14AT (0.8 mm × 0.6 mm), EXB24AT (1.0 mm × 1.0 mm)
- Reduced mounting area : EXB14AT : About 60 % smaller than the area of an attenuator circuit consisting of three 0603 chip resistors, almost equal to the area of three 0402 chip resistors
   EXB24AT : About 50 % smaller than the area of an attenuator circuit consisting of three 1005 chip resistors, almost equal to the area of three 0603 chip resistors
- Mounting cost reduction : (Only 1 chip placed as compared to 3)
- Attenuation : 1 dB to 10 dB
- RoHS compliant

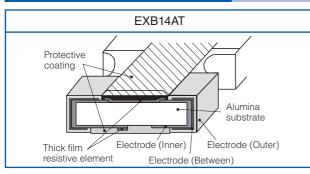
### **Recommended Applications**

- Attenuation / level control / impedance matching of high frequency (communication signalling equipment cellular phones(GSM, CDMA, PDC, etc.), PHS, PDAs)
- As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

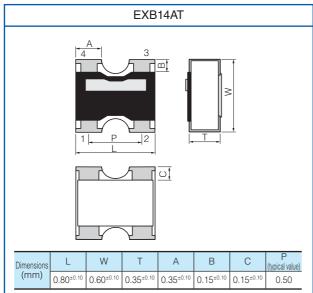


## **Chip Attenuator**

### Construction



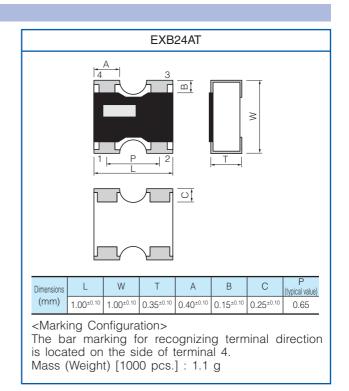
### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



#### <Marking Configuration>

The bar marking for recognizing terminal direction is located on the side of terminal 3, 4. Mass (Weight) [1000 pcs.] : 0.7 g

### EXB24AT Protective coating Frotective coating Alumina substrate Thick film resistive element Electrode (Inner) Electrode (Between)

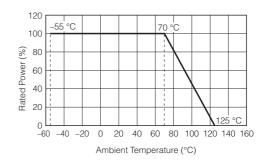


#### Ratings Part No. EXB14AT, EXB24AT 1 dB, 2 dB, 3 dB, 4 dB, 5 dB, 6 dB, 10 dB\* Attenuation Value 1 dB, 2 dB, 3 dB, 4 dB, 5 dB : ±0.3 dB Attenuation Value Tolerance 6 dB, 10 dB : ±0.5 dB Characteristic Impedance 50 Ω Power Rating 0.04 W /package Frequency Range at 70 °C DC to 3.0 GHz VSWR (Voltage Standing Wave Ratio) 1.3 max. 3 resistors Number of Resistors Number of Terminals 4 terminals Category Temperature Range -55 °C to +125 °C

\* Please inquire about the other Attenuator value

#### **Power Derating Curve**

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.



Surface N	Iount Resistors Serie	S	Pac	kaging (Standard	Quantity : pcs./	reel)
Products	Part No.	Size mm (inch)	Pressed Carrier Taping (2 mm pitch)	Punched Carrier Taping (2 mm pitch)	Punched Carrier Taping (4 mm pitch)	Embossed Carrier Taping (4 mm pitch)
	ERJXGN	0402(01005)	20,000 *			4,0000 **
	ERJ1GN	0603(0201)	15,000			_
	ERJ2GE	1005(0402)		10,000, 20,000		_
	ERJ3GE	1608(0603)			5,000	_
Thick Film	ERJ6GE	2012(0805)			5,000	
Chip Resistors	ERJ8GE	3216(1206)			5,000	
	ERJ14	3225(1210)				5,000
	ERJ12	4532(1812)				5,000
	ERJ12Z	5025(2010)				5,000
	ERJ1T	6432(2512)				4,000
	ERJXGN	0402(01005)	20,000 *			4,0000 **
	ERJ1GN/1RH	0603(0201)	15,000	—		—
	ERJ2RC/2RH/2RK	1005(0402)		10,000		
	ERJ3RB/3RE/3EK	1608(0603)			5,000	_
Precision	ERJ6RB/6RE/6EN	2012(0805)			5,000	
Thick Film Chip Resistors	ERJ8EN	3216(1206)			5,000	_
	ERJ14N	3225(1210)				5,000
	ERJ12N	4532(1812)				5,000
	ERJ12S	5025(2010)				5,000
	ERJ1TN	6432(2512)				4,000
	ERA1A	0603(0201)	15,000			
Metal Film (Thin Film)	ERA2A/2V	1005(0402)		10,000		
Chip Resistors, High Reliability Type	ERA3A/3V	1608(0603)			5,000	_
/Anti-ESD Type	ERA6A/6V	2012(0805)			5,000	_
	ERA8A	3216(1206)			5,000	
	ERJ2LW/2BW	1005(0402)	10,000			
	ERJ2BS/2BQ	1005(0402)		10,000		
	ERJ3L/3B/3R/L03	1608(0603)			5,000	
Thick Film	ERJ6L/6B/6C ERJ6D/6R/L06	2012(0805)			5,000	_
Chip Resistors/	ERJ8B/8C/8R/L08	3216(1206)		—	5,000	—
Low Resistance Type	ERJ14B/14R/L14	3225(1210)		—		5,000
. )	ERJ12R/L12	4532(1812)		—		5,000
	ERJ12Z/L1D	5025(2010)				5,000
	ERJ1TR	6432(2512)				4,000
	ERJL1W	6432(2512)		—		3,000
	ERJMP2	3216(1206)	—	—		3,000
	ERJMP3	5025(2010)				3,000
Current Sensing	ERJMP4	6432(2512)	—	—		2,000
Resistors,	ERJMS4	6432(2512)				2,000
Metal Plate Type	ERJMS6	6468(2526)				1,000 (8 mm Pitch)
	ERJMB1	2550(1020)				3,000
	ERJM1W	6432(2512)				3,000
Current Sensing Resistors, Metal Foil Type		1005(0402)	_	10,000		-

\* W8P2 : Width 8 mm, Pitch 2 mm, \*\* W4P1 : Width 4 mm, Pitch 1 mm (1) Anti-Sulfurated High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type

Surface N	Nount Resistors Serie	S		kaging (Standard		,
Products	Part No.	Size mm (inch)	Pressed Carrier Taping (2 mm pitch)	Punched Carrier Taping (2 mm pitch)	Punched Carrier Taping (4 mm pitch)	Embossed Carrier Taping (4 mm pitch)
	ERJA1	3264(1225)				4,000
High Power Chip Resistors/	ERJB1/ERJC1 <sup>(1)</sup> ERJC1 <sup>(2)</sup>	2550(1020)				5,000
Wide Terminal Type	ERJB2/ERJD2 <sup>(2)</sup>	1632(0612)			5,000	
	ERJB3	1220(0508)			5,000	
	ERJPA2	1005(0402)		10,000		
High Precision/	ERJPB3/P03/PA3	1608(0603)			5,000	
Anti-Surge Thick Film	ERJPB6/P06	2012(0805)			5,000	
Chip Resistors	ERJP08	3216(1206)			5,000	
·	ERJP14	3225(1210)				5,000
Anti-Pulse	ERJT06	2012(0805)			5,000	
Thick Film	ERJT08	3216(1206)			5,000	
Chip Resistors	ERJT14	3225(1210)		_		5,000
	ERJU01	0603(0201)	15,000			
	ERJS02/U02	1005(0402)		10,000		
	ERJS03/U03	1608(0603)			5,000	
Anti-Sulfurated	ERJS06/U06 ERJU6S/U6Q/UP6	2012(0805)			5,000	
Thick Film	ERJS08/U08/UP8	3216(1206)			5,000	
Chip Resistors	ERJS14/U14	3225(1210)				5,000
	ERJS12/U12	4532(1812)				5,000
	ERJS1D/U1D	5025(2010)				5,000
	ERJS1T/U1T	6432(2512)				4,000
	EXB14V	0806(0302)		10,000		
	EXB24V	1010(0404)		10,000		
	EXB34V	1616(0606)			5,000	
	EXBV4V	1616(0606)			5,000	
	EXB18V	1406(0502)		10,000		
Chip Resistor	EXB28V	2010(0804)		10,000		
Array	EXBN8V	2010(0804)		10,000		
	EXB38V	3216(1206)			5,000	
	EXBV8V	3216(1206)			5,000	
	EXBS8V	5022(2009)				2,500
	EXB2HV	3816(1506)			5,000	
	EXBU14	0806(0302)		10,000		
	EXBU18	1406(0502)		10,000		
Anti-Sulfurated	EXBU24	1010(0404)		10,000		
Chip Resistor	EXBU34	1616(0606)			5,000	
Array	EXBU28	2010(0804)		10,000		
	EXBU38	3216(1206)			5,000	
	EXBU2H	3816(1506)		_	5,000	
	EXBD	3216(1206)			5,000	
Chip Resistor	EXBE	4021(1608)				4,000
Networks	EXBA	6431(2512)				4,000
	EXBQ	3816(1506)			5,000	
	EXB14AT	0806(0302)		10,000		
Chip Attenuator	EXB24AT	1010(0404)		10,000		

Anti-Sulfurated High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type
 Low TCR High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type

Carrier 1	Гаре											
	Pressed Ca	arrier Pur	Inched C	arrier Ei	nbossed Carri	er <u>p</u>			P0 P	φD1 (Only E	≥ Emboss)	
Pressed ● Chip Resist						Chin / Lov	v Resistanc	ce / Anti-Su	rae / Anti-	Sulfur		(Unit : mm)
Part No.	Size mm (inch)	A		B	W	F	E	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	Po	φDo	Т
ERJXGN ( ERJ1GN	0402(01005)	0.24 <sup>±0.</sup>	<sup>03</sup> 0.	45 <sup>±0.03</sup>								0.31 <sup>±0.05</sup>
ERJ1R□ ERJU01	0603 (0201)	0.38 <sup>±0.</sup>	<sup>05</sup> 0.	68 <sup>±0.05</sup>	8.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.50 <sup>±0.05</sup>	1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.50+0.10	0.42 <sup>±0.05</sup>
	1005(0402) 1005(0402)	0.68 <sup>±0.</sup>		20 <sup>±0.10</sup>								0.60 <sup>±0.05</sup> 0.61 <sup>±0.05</sup>
Puncheo					Pitch)							0.01
Chip Resistor	rs / Precision	_			-	Low Resista	nce / Anti-S	urge / Anti-S	ulfur / Metal	Foil Type		(Unit : mm)
Part No.	Size mm (inch)	А		В	W	F	E	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	Po	φDo	Т
ERJ2□ ERJPA2 ERJ□□2 ERA2□	1005 (0402)	0.67 <sup>±0.</sup>	<sup>05</sup> 1.	17 <sup>±0.05</sup>	8.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.50 <sup>±0.05</sup>	1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup>	0.52 <sup>±0.05</sup>
ERJMFBA     Ohip Resi	istor Arrav	/ Anti-										$0.60^{\pm 0.05}$
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ount	irated (	UNID Res	istor Arra	v / Chip A	Attenuator				(Unit · mm)
Part No.	Size mm	Α		B	W W	F	y / Chip A E	Attenuator P1	P <sub>2</sub>	Po	φDo	(Unit : mm) T
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302)		10 10	B .95 <sup>+0.05</sup> -0.10	-					P <sub>0</sub>	φDo	
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT EXB18V EXB24V	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302) 1406(0502)	А	10 05 1.	B 95 <sup>+0.05</sup> -0.10 60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	W	F	E	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>			Т
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT EXB18V EXB24V EXBU24 EXB24AT	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302) 1406(0502) 1010 (0404)	А	0. 05 1.	B .95 <sup>+0.05</sup> -0.10	-					P <sub>0</sub> 4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	¢Do 1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup>	
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT EXB18V EXB24V EXBU24	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302) 1406(0502) 1010	A 0.70 <sup>+0</sup> .	10 10 10 11 11 10	B 95 <sup>+0.05</sup> -0.10 60 <sup>±0.10</sup>	W	F	E	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>			Т
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT EXB18V EXB24V EXB24V EXB24AT EXB28V EXB28V EXBU28	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302) 1406(0502) 1010 (0404) 2010 (0804)	A 0.70 <sup>+0.</sup> -0. 1.20 <sup>±0.</sup>	10 05 1. 1. 10 2.	B 95 <sup>+0.05</sup> 60 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	W 8.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	F	E	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>			Т
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT EXB18V EXB24V EXBU24 EXB24AT EXB28V EXB28V EXBU28 EXBN8V	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302) 1406(0502) 1010 (0404) 2010 (0804) 2010 (0804)	A 0.70 <sup>±0</sup> . 1.20 <sup>±0.</sup> <b>Tapir</b> / Metal Filn	10 10 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	B 95 <sup>+0.05</sup> 60 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	W 8.00 <sup>±0.20</sup> Pitch)	F 3.50 <sup>±0.05</sup>	E 1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup>	P <sub>1</sub> 2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	P2	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>		Т
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT EXB18V EXB24V EXB24V EXB24AT EXB28V EXB28V EXBU28 EXBN8V Punched • Chip Resistors / Part No.	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302) 1406(0502) 1010 (0404) 2010 (0804) d Carrier	A 0.70 <sup>+0</sup> , 1.20 <sup>±0.</sup> <b>Tapir</b> / Metal Filn n	10 10 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	B 95 <sup>+0.05</sup> 60 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup>	W 8.00 <sup>±0.20</sup> Pitch)	F 3.50 <sup>±0.05</sup>	E 1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup>	P <sub>1</sub> 2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	P2	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>		T 0.52 <sup>±0.05</sup>
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT EXB18V EXB24V EXB24V EXB24AT EXB28V EXBU28 EXBU28 EXBN8V Punched ● Chip Resistors / Part No. ERJ3□ ERJ3□ ERJ3BW ERJ3BW ERJ3□ ERA3□	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302) 1406(0502) 1010 (0404) 2010 (0804) <b>Carrier</b> (Precision Chip, Size mr (inch) 1608 (0603)	A 0.70 <sup>+0</sup> . 1.20 <sup>±0.</sup> <b>Tapir</b> / Metal Film	10 10 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 10 2. (4) (1) (1) (1) (2) (4) (1) (1) (1) (2) (4) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	B 95 <sup>+0.05</sup> 60 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> mm I ilm)Chip /	W 8.00 <sup>±0.20</sup> Pitch) Low Resistant W	F 3.50 <sup>±0.05</sup> ce / High Powe	E 1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup>	P1 2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	P2 2.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup>	T 0.52 <sup>±0.05</sup> (Unit : mm)
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT EXB18V EXB24V EXB24V EXB24AT EXB28V EXBU28 EXBN8V Punched ● Chip Resistors / Part No. ERJ3□ ERJ3□ ERJ3UW(10 mΩ ERJ3BW ERJ3BW ERJ3BW ERJ3□ ERJ3C ERJ3□ ERJ3□ ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ30 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700 ERJ700	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302) 1406(0502) 1010 (0404) 2010 (0804) 0 Carrier (inch) 0 Size mr (inch) 0 1608 (0603) 1 2012 0 2012 0 2012	A 0.70 <sup>±0</sup> . 1.20 <sup>±0.</sup> <b>Tapir</b> / Metal Filn n , 1.1	0. 10 1. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	B 95 <sup>+0.05</sup> 60 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> mm I ilm)Chip / B	W       8.00±0.20       Pitch)       Low Resistant       W       .10       .20	F 3.50 <sup>±0.05</sup> ce / High Powe F	E 1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup>	P1           2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup> on / Anti-Surge           P1	P2           2.00±0.05           / Anti-Pulse / A           P2	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup> <i>\$\phi\_D_0\$</i>	T 0.52 <sup>±0.05</sup> (Unit : mm) T
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT EXB18V EXB24V EXB24V EXB24AT EXB28V EXBU28 EXBN8V Punched ● Chip Resistors / Part No. ERJ3□ ERJ3LW(10 mΩ ERJ3BW ERJ3LW(10 mΩ ERJ3BW ERJ3LW(5 mΩ) ERJ6□ ERJ6□ ERJ065, U60 ERJ63 ERJ065, U60 ERJ63	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302) 1406(0502) 1010 (0404) 2010 (0804) <b>d Carrier</b> Precision Chip (inch) 0 1608 (0603) 1200 2012 (0805) 1220(050	A 0.70 <sup>±0.</sup> 1.20 <sup>±0.</sup> <b>Tapir</b> / Metal Filn n 1.1	0.00 1.00 1.00 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	B 95 <sup>+0.05</sup> 60 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> mm l ilm)Chip / B 1.90 <sup>±0</sup>	W           8.00±0.20           Pitch)           Low Resistant           W           .10	F 3.50 <sup>±0.05</sup> ce / High Powe F	E 1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup> r / High Precisi	P1           2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup> on / Anti-Surge           P1	P2 2.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup> <i>\$\phi\_D_0\$</i>	T 0.52 <sup>±0.05</sup> (Unit : mm) T 0.70 <sup>±0.05</sup>
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT EXB18V EXB24V EXB24V EXB24AT EXB28V EXB28V EXBU28 EXBN8V Punched ● Chip Resistors / Part No. ERJ3□ ERJ3□W(10 mΩ ERJ3BW ERJ3BW ERJ3BW ERJ3□ ERJ3B(5 mΩ) ERJ6□ ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 ERJ60 E	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302) 1406(0502) 1010 (0404) 2010 (0804) 0 Carrier (inch) 0 Size mr (inch) 0 1608 (0603) 1 2012 0 2012 0 2012	A 0.70 <sup>+0</sup> . 1.20 <sup>±0.</sup> <b>Tapir</b> / Metal Film n 1.1 0 1.1 0 1.6	10 10 1. 10 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 2. 1. (Thin F A 0±0.10	B 95 <sup>+0.05</sup> 60 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> mm l ilm)Chip / B 1.90 <sup>±0</sup>	W       8.00±0.20       Pitch)       Low Resistant       .10       .20       8.00±0	F 3.50 <sup>±0.05</sup> ce / High Powe F	E 1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup>	P1           2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup> on / Anti-Surge           P1	P2           2.00±0.05           / Anti-Pulse / A           P2	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup> <i>\$\phi\_D_0\$</i>	T 0.52 <sup>±0.05</sup> (Unit : mm) T 0.70 <sup>±0.05</sup>
Part No. EXB14V EXB14AT EXB18V EXB24V EXB24V EXB24AT EXB28V EXBU28 EXBN8V Punched ● Chip Resistors / Part No. ERJ3□ ERJ3□ ERJ3LW(10 mΩ ERJ3BW ERJ3LW(5 mΩ) ERJ6□ ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ06 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ07 ERJ	Size mm (inch) 0806 (0302) 1406(0502) 1010 (0404) 2010 (0804) <b>d Carrier</b> (Precision Chip) (0603) 1608 (0603) 1220(050) 1220(050) 2012	A 0.70 <sup>±0</sup> . 1.20 <sup>±0.</sup> 7 Tapir 7 Metal Filn 9 1.1 9 1.6 008) 1.5	0.00 1.00 1.00 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	B 95 <sup>+0.05</sup> 60 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> 20 <sup>±0.10</sup> mm l ilm)Chip / B 1.90 <sup>±0</sup>	W           8.00±0.20           Pitch)           Low Resistant           .10           .20           .20	F 3.50 <sup>±0.05</sup> ce / High Powe F	E 1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup>	P1           2.00 <sup>±0.10</sup> on / Anti-Surge           P1	P2           2.00±0.05           / Anti-Pulse / A           P2	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup> <i>\$\phi\_D_0\$</i>	T 0.52 <sup>±0.05</sup> (Unit : mm) T 0.70 <sup>±0.05</sup> 0.84 <sup>±0.05</sup>

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Chip Re	sistor Array	Chip Re	/ Anti-Sulf	furated Cl	nip Resist	or Array /	Chip Res	sistor Net	works			(Unit : mm)
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Part No.	Size mm (inch)	Part No.	А	В	W	F	E	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	Po	φDo	Т
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	-	1616(0606)	-		1.95 <sup>±0.20</sup>								
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		3216(1206)			3.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>								0.70 <sup>±0.05</sup>
<b>EXBV4V</b> 1616(0606) 195 <sup>±0.20</sup>		3816(1506)		1.95 <sup>±0.15</sup>	4.10 <sup>±0.15</sup>	8.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.50 <sup>±0.05</sup>	1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup>	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	00 <sup>±0.10</sup> 2.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>		
$( ) \circ 0 A^{\pm 0}$	EXBV4V	1616(0606)	EXBV4V		1.95 <sup>±0.20</sup>	0.00	0.00						0.84 <sup>±0.05</sup>
EXBV8V 3216(1206) 3.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	EXBV8V	3216(1206)	EXBV8V		3.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>								0.04
EXBD 3216(1206) 2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup> 3.60 <sup>±0.20</sup> 0.84 <sup>±0</sup>	EXBD	3216(1206)	EXBD	2.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>								0.84 <sup>±0.10</sup>
EXBQ         3816(1506)         1.90 <sup>±0.20</sup> 4.10 <sup>±0.20</sup> 0.64 <sup>±0</sup>	EXBQ	3816(1506)	EXBQ	1.90 <sup>±0.20</sup>	4.10 <sup>±0.20</sup>								0.64 <sup>±0.05</sup>

### **Embossed Carrier Taping (1 mm Pitch)**

<ul> <li>Chip Re</li> </ul>	sistors										(Unit : mm)
Part No.	Size mm (inch)	A	В	W	F	E	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>0</sub>	φDo	Т
ERJXGN	0402(01005)	0.25 <sup>±0.05</sup>	$0.45^{\pm 0.05}$	4.00 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$1.80^{\pm 0.05}$	$0.90^{\pm 0.10}$	$1.00^{\pm 0.10}$	$1.00^{\pm 0.10}$	$2.00^{\pm 0.10}$	$0.80^{\pm 0.10}$	0.5 max.

### Embossed Carrier Taping (4 mm Pitch)

• Chip Resistors / Precision Chip / Low Resistance / High Power / Anti-Surge / Anti-Pulse / Anti-Sulfur Pulse / Anti-Sulfur

W Part No. Size mm (inch) А В F Е  $P_1$  $P_2$  $\mathsf{P}_0$  $\phi D_0$ φD1 Т ERJ14□ 3225 2.80<sup>±0.20</sup> 8.00<sup>±0.30</sup> 3.50<sup>±0.05</sup>  $3.50^{\pm 0.20}$ 1.00+8.10 ERJ□14 (1210)ERJ12 4532  $3.50^{\pm 0.20}$ 4.80<sup>±0.20</sup> ERJ[]12 (1812)ERJ12Z 5025 ERJ12S  $1.00^{\pm 0.10}$ (2010)ERJ[]1D 2.80<sup>±0.20</sup> 5.30<sup>±0.20</sup> 1.75<sup>±0.10</sup> 4.00<sup>±0.10</sup> 2.00<sup>±0.05</sup> 4.00<sup>±0.10</sup> 1.50<sup>+</sup>8<sup>.10</sup> ERJB1 2550 12.00<sup>±0.30</sup> 5.50<sup>±0.20</sup> ERJC1 1.5 min. (1020)ERJD1 ERJ1T 6432 ERJ[]1T 6.90<sup>±0.20</sup>  $3.60^{\pm0.20}$ (2512)1.60<sup>±0.10</sup> ERJL1W 1.10<sup>±0.20</sup> 3264(1225) 3.50<sup>±0.20</sup> 6.80<sup>±0.20</sup> ERJA1

• Current S	Sensing	Resistors	s, Metal I	Plate Typ	be							(Unit : mm)
Part No.	Size mm (inch)	А	В	W	F	E	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	Po	φDo	Т	φD1
$\frac{\text{ERJMP2}}{(1m \ \Omega)}$	3216(1206)										1.55 <sup>±0.20</sup>	-
$\begin{array}{c} \text{ERJMP2} \\ (2m \ \Omega) \end{array}$	3216(1206)	1.90 <sup>±0.20</sup>	3.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	8.00 <sup>±0.30</sup>	3.50 <sup>±0.10</sup>						1.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	-
ERJMP2 (3 to 50m Ω)	3216(1206)										1.10 <sup>±0.20</sup>	-
<b>ERJMP3</b> (1 to 2m Ω)	5025(2010)										1.55 <sup>±0.20</sup>	_
<b>ERJMP3</b> (3 to 50m Ω)	5025(2010)	2.90 <sup>±0.20</sup>	5.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	12.00 <sup>±0.30</sup>	5.50 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.75 <sup>±0.10</sup>	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	1.50+0.10	1.15 <sup>±0.20</sup>	-
ERJMB1	2550(1020)										$1.55^{\pm 0.20}$	_
<b>ERJMP4</b> (1 to 2m Ω)	6432(2512)										1.60 <sup>±0.20</sup>	1.5 min.
<b>ERJMP4</b> (3 to 50m Ω)	6432(2512)	3.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	6.90 <sup>±0.20</sup>	12.00 <sup>±0.30</sup>	5.50 <sup>±0.10</sup>						1.20 <sup>±0.20</sup>	_
ERJMS4	6432(2512)										$1.60^{\pm 0.20}$	1.5 min.
ERJM1W	6432(2512)										$1.80^{\pm 0.20}$	1.5 min.

### • Chip Resistor Array / Chip Resistor Networks

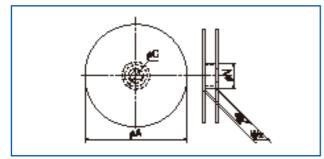
	Size mm (inch)		В	W	F	E	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	Po	φDo	Т	φD1
EXBS8V											1.6 max.	
EXBE	4021(1608)	$2.50^{\pm 0.20}$	4.40 <sup>±0.20</sup>	12.00 <sup>±0.30</sup>	5.50 <sup>±0.20</sup>	$1.75^{\pm 0.10}$	4.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	$4.00^{\pm0.10}$	1.50+0.10	1 1∩±0.20	1.5 min.
EXBA	6431(2512)	$3.50^{\pm 0.20}$	$6.80^{\pm 0.20}$								1.10	

Design and specifications are each subject to change without notice. Ask factory for the current technical specifications before purchase and/or use Should a safety concern arise regarding this product, please be sure to contact us immediately. (Unit : mm)

(Unit : mm)

Embos	Embossed Carrier Taping (8 mm Pitch)											
Current Sensing Resistors, Metal Plate Type     (Unit : mm)												
Part No.	Size mm (inch)	А	В	W	F	E	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	Po	<i>φ</i> D <sub>0</sub>	Т	φD1
ERJMS6	6468(2526)	$6.90^{\pm0.20}$	$7.50^{\pm0.20}$	12.00 <sup>±0.30</sup>	$5.50^{\pm0.05}$	$1.75^{\pm 0.10}$	8.00 <sup>±0.10</sup>	2.00 <sup>±0.05</sup>	$4.00^{\pm0.10}$	1.50+0.10	$2.45^{\pm 0.20}$	1.5 min.

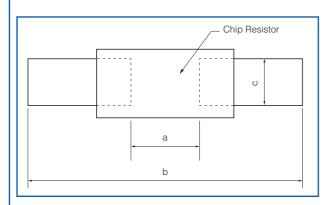
### **Taping Reel**



					(Unit : mm)
Tape Width (W)	φA	φN	φC	$W_1$	$W_2$
4mm Width	180.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>			4.5 <sup>±0.5</sup>	7.0 <sup>±0.5</sup>
8mm Width	180.0 0	60.0 <sup>+1.0</sup>	13.0 <sup>±0.2</sup>	9.0+1.0	11.4 <sup>±1.0</sup>
12mm Width	100.0 -1.5		13.0	13.0 <sup>+1.0</sup>	15.4 <sup>±1.0</sup>
24mm Width	380.0 <sup>±2.0</sup>	80.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>		25.4 <sup>±1.0</sup>	29.4 <sup>±1.0</sup>

### **Recommended Land Pattern**

• An example of a land pattern for the Rectangular Type is shown below.



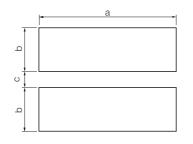
High power (double-sided resis	stive elements structure) type
--------------------------------	--------------------------------

Part No.	Size	Dimensions (mm)				
Fait NO.	mm/inch	а	b	С		
ERJ2LW/2BW	1005/0402	0.52	1.4 to 1.6	0.4 to 0.6		
ERJ3LW/3BW	1608/0603	0.5 to 0.8	2.5 to 2.7	0.9 to 1.1		
ERJ6LW	2012/0805	0.6 to 0.8	3.2 to 3.8	1.1 to 1.4		
ERJ6BW	2012/0805	0.9	3.2 to 3.8	1.1 to 1.4		
ERJ6CW (10 to 13 mΩ)	2012/0805	0.7 to 0.9	3.2 to 3.8	1.1 to 1.4		
ERJ6CW (15 to 30 mΩ)	2012/0805	0.9 to 1.1	3.2 to 3.8	1.1 to 1.4		
ERJ8BW						
ERJ8CW (10 to 16 mΩ)	3216/1206	1.2	4.4 to 5.0	1.3 to 1.8		
ERJ8CW (18 to 50 mΩ)	3216/1206	2.0 to 2.6	4.4 to 5.0	1.2 to 1.8		

Size	Dimensions (mm)					
mm/inch	а	b	С			
0402/01005	0.15 to 0.20	0.5 to 0.7	0.20 to 0.25			
0603/0201	0.3 to 0.4	0.8 to 0.9	0.25 to 0.35			
1005/0402	0.5 to 0.6	1.4 to 1.6	0.4 to 0.6			
1608/0603	0.7 to 0.9	2.0 to 2.2	0.8 to 1.0			
2012/0805	1.0 to 1.4	3.2 to 3.8	0.9 to 1.4			
3216/1206	2.0 to 2.4	4.4 to 5.0	1.2 to 1.8			
3225/1210	2.0 to 2.4	4.4 to 5.0	1.8 to 2.8			
4532/1812	3.3 to 3.7	5.7 to 6.5	2.3 to 3.5			
5025/2010	3.6 to 4.0	6.2 to 7.0	1.8 to 2.8			
6432/2512	5.0 to 5.4	7.6 to 8.6	2.3 to 3.5			
6432/2512*	3.6 to 4.0	7.6 to 8.6	2.3 to 3.5			

\* ERJL1W

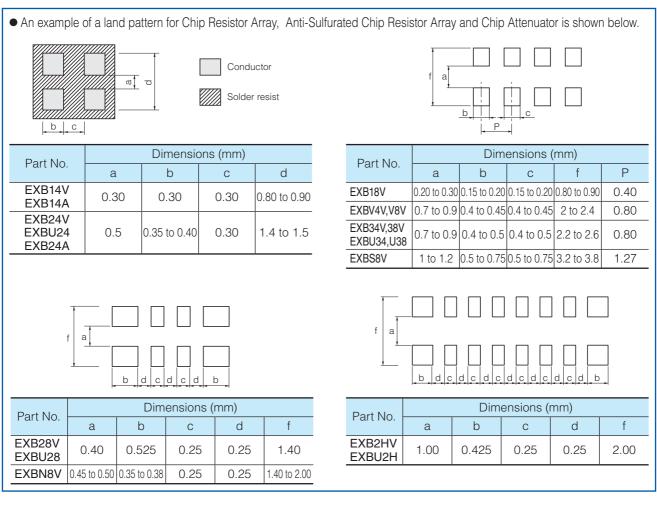
• An example of a land pattern for High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type is shown below.



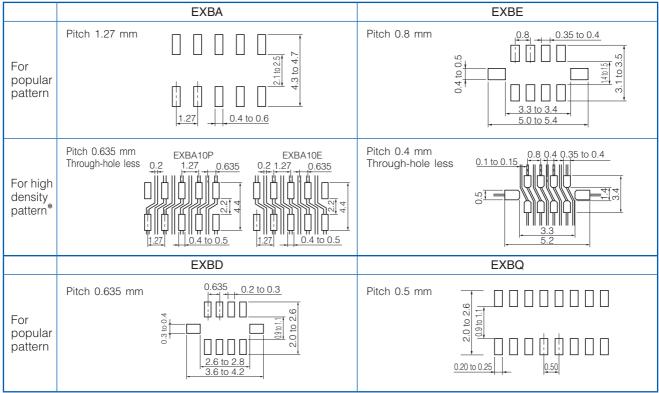
Part No.	Dimensions (mm)				
Fart NO.	a b		С		
ERJA1	6.4	1.70	0.60		
ERJB1 ERJC1 <sup>(1)</sup> ERJD1 <sup>(2)</sup>	5.0	1.30	0.75		
ERJB2 ERJD2 <sup>(2)</sup>	3.2	0.95	0.70		
ERJB3	2.0	0.80	0.60		
<ol> <li>Anti-Sulfurated High Power Chip Resistors / Wide Terminal Type</li> <li>Low TCR High Power Chip Resistors /</li> </ol>					

Wide Terminal Type

### **Surface Mount Resistors Land Pattern**



• An example of a land pattern for Chip Resistor Networks is shown below.



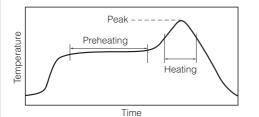
\* When designing high density land patterns, examine the reliability of isolation among the lines and adopt the chip resistor networks.

### **Recommended Soldering Conditions**

Recommendations and precautions are described below.

### Rectagular Type

- Recommended soldering conditions for reflow
- $\cdot$  Reflow soldering shall be performed a maximum of two times.
- Please contact us for additional information when used in conditions other than those specified.
- Please measure the temperature of the terminals and study every kind of solder and printed circuit board for solderability before actual use.



For soldering (Example : Sn/Pb)						
Temperature Time						
Preheating	140 °C to 160 °C	60 s to 120 s				
Main heating	Above 200 °C	30 s to 40 s				
Peak	235 ± 5 °C	max. 10 s				

For lead-free soldering (Example : Sn/Ag/Cu)

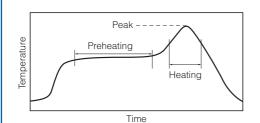
	Temperature	Time
Preheating	150 °C to 180 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 230 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	max. 260 °C	max. 10 s

• Recommended soldering conditions for flow

	For sol	dering	For lead-free soldering		
	Temperature Time		Temperature	Time	
Preheating	140 °C to 180 °C	60 s to 120 s	150 °C to 180 °C	60 s to 120 s	
Soldering	245 ± 5 °C	20 s to 30 s	max. 260 °C	max. 10 s	

• Chip Resistor Array, Chip Resistor Networks and Chip Attenuator

- Recommended soldering conditions for reflow
- · Reflow soldering shall be performed a maximum of two times.
- · Please contact us for additional information when used in conditions other than those specified.
- Please measure the temperature of the terminals and study every kind of solder and printed circuit board for solderability before actual use.



For soldering (Example : Sn/Pb)

	Temperature	Time
Preheating	140 °C to 160 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 200 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	235 ± 5 °C	max. 10 s

For lead-free soldering (Example : Sn/Ag/Cu)

	Temperature	Time
Preheating	150 °C to 180 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 230 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	max. 260 °C	max. 10 s

 Flow soldering We do not recommend flow soldering, because a solder bridge may form. Please contact us regarding flow soldering of EXBA series.

### △ Safety Precautions (Common precautions for Surface Mount Resistors)

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for Fixed Resistors in this catalog.

- 1. Take measures against mechanical stress during and after mounting of Surface Mount Resistors (hereafter called the resistors) so as not to damage their electrodes and protective coatings.
- Be careful not to misplace the resistors on the land patterns. Otherwise, solder bridging may occur.
- 2. Keep the rated power and ambient temperature within the specified derating curve. Some circuit boards, wiring patterns, temperatures of heat generated by adjacent components, or ambient temperatures can become factors in the rise of the temperature of the resistors, regardless of the level of power applied. Therefore, check the conditions before use and optimize them so as not to damage the boards and peripheral components.

Make sure to contact us before using the resistors under special conditions.

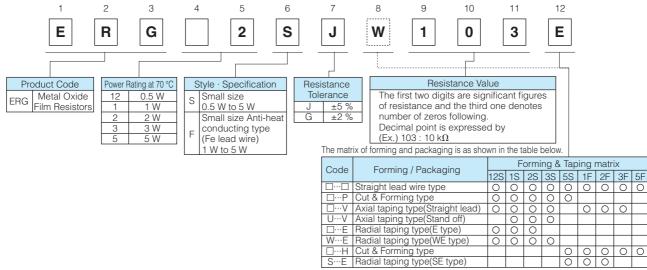
- 3. If a transient load (heavy load in a short time) like a pulse is expected to be applied, check and evaluate the operations of the resistors when installed in your products before use.
- Never exceed the rated power. Otherwise, the performance and/or reliability of the resistors may be impaired.
- 4. Before using halogen-based or other high-activity flux, check the possible effects of the flux residues on the performance and reliability of the resistors.
- 5. When soldering with a soldering iron, never touch the resistors'bodies with the tip of the soldering iron. When using a soldering iron with a high temperature tip, finish soldering as quickly as possible (within three seconds at 350 °C max.).
- 6. As the amount of applied solder becomes larger, the mechanical stress applied to the resistors increases, causing problems such as cracks and faulty characteristics. Avoid applying an excessive amounts of solder.
- 7. When the resistors' protective coatings are chipped, flawed, or removed, the characteristics of the resistors may be impaired. Take special care not to apply mechanical shock during automatic mounting or cause damage during handling of the boards with the resistors mounted.
- 8. Do not apply shock to the resistors or pinch them with a hard tool (e.g. pliers and tweezers). Otherwise, the resistors' protective coatings and bodies may be chipped, affecting their performance.
- 9. Avoid excessive bending of printed circuit boards in order to protect the resistors from abnormal stress.
- Do not immerse the resistors in solvent for a long time. Before using solvent, carefully check the effects of immersion.
   Transient voltage

If there is a possibility that the transient phenomenon (significantly high voltage applied in a short time) may occur or that a high voltage pulse may be applied, make sure to evaluate and check the characteristics of Fixed Metal (Oxide) Film Resistors mounted on your product rather than only depending on the calculated power limit or steady-state conditions to complete the design or decide to use the resistors.

12. Do not apply excessive tension to the terminals.

### Metal (Oxide) Film Resistors

#### Metal (Oxide) Film Resistors CH D Type: ERG(X)S (Small size) (0.5 W, 1 W, 2 W, 3 W, 5 W) **ERG(X)F** (Anti-heat conducting for PCB) (1 W, 2 W, 3 W, 5 W) Features Miniaturized 50 % smaller compared to existing models Non-flammable High Reliability Automatic Insertion Reference Standards IEC 60115-2, IEC 60115-4, JIS C 5201-4, EIAJ RC-2138 RoHS compliant **Explanation of Part Numbers** Ex.1 : ERX type 2 3 5 6 8 9 4 7 10 11 12 1 Ε R Х 2 S Ζ J W 1 R 0 Ε Resistance Power Rating at 70 °C Product Code Style · Specification Resistance Value Tolerance Metal Film Resistors 12 0.5 W Small size The first two digits are significant figures ERX S 1 W 0.5 W to 5 W ±5 % of resistance and the third one denotes 2 2 W G ±2 % Small size Anti-heat number of zeros following 3 W conducting type Decimal point is expressed by F 5 W (Fe lead wire) (Ex.) 1R0 : 1.0 Ω 1 W to 5 W "Z" is added according to resistance The matrix of forming and packaging is as shown in the table below. Resistance Resistance Value Range $(\Omega)$ Forming & Taping matrix Part No. Code Forming / Packaging Tolerance ERX 1S 2S 3S 5S 1F 2F 3F 5F ERX □···□ Straight lead wire type ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 0 ±5 % 0.10 to 0.18 0.20 to 9.1 Ο Ο Ο FRX12S ±2 % 0.10 to 0.91 1.0 to 9.1 00 FRX1S 0 ±5 % 0 10 to 0 18 0 20 to 9 1 ERX1F ±2 % 0.10 to 0.91 1.0 to 9.1 □···E Radial taping type (E type) W···E Radial taping type (WE type) 000 ERX2S 0.22 to 9.1 ±5 % ±2 % 0.10 to 0.20 ERX2F 0.10 to 0.91 1.0 to 9.1 0 0 0 0 □··H Cut & Forming type S···E Radial taping type (SE type) ERX3S 0.10 to 0.20 0.22 to 9.1 0 0 Ο ±5 % 0 ERX3F ±2 % 0 0 0 0.10 to 0.91 1.0 to 9.1 FRX5S ±5 % 0.33 to 9.1 FRX5F ±2 % 1.0 to 9.1 The above example 1 shows a small metal film resistor, 2 W power rating, resistance value of 1.0 Ω, tolerance ±5 %, and package of radial taping Ex.2 : ERG type

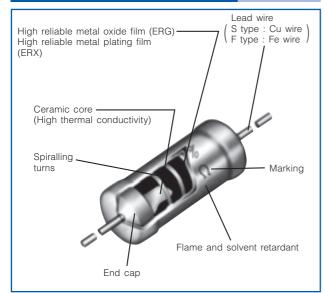


The above example 2 shows a small metal oxide film resistor, 2 W power rating, resistance value of 10 kΩ, tolerance ±5 %, and package of radial taping.

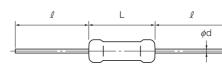
## Metal (Oxide) Film Resistors

øD

#### Construction



### Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Part No.		Mass (Weight)					
Tart NO.	L ØD l		l	<i>ø</i> d	[g/pc.]		
ERG(X)12S	6.35 <sup>+0.65</sup>	2.3 <sup>+0.5</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.26		
ERG(X)1S	9.00+1.50	+1.50 -1.00 2.8 <sup>±0.5</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	$0.65^{\pm 0.05}$	0.33		
ERG(X)1F	9.00-1.00	2.0	30.0	0.80 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.33		
ERG(X)2S ERG(X)2F	12.00+1.50	4.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.66		
ERG(X)3S ERG(X)3F	15.00 <sup>±1.50</sup>	5.5 <sup>±1.0</sup>	38.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.05</sup>	1.47		
ERG(X)5S ERG(X)5F	24.00 <sup>±1.50</sup>	8.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>	38.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.05</sup>	3.54		

### Ratings

Part No.	Power Rating at 70 °C	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	Maximum Intermittent Overload Voltage <sup>(3)</sup>	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Res. Tol. (%) <sup>(4)</sup>	Resis Range	$ ance {(\Omega)}^{^{(5)}}$	T.C.R. (×10 <sup>-6</sup> /⁰C)	Standard Resistance Value
	(W)	(V)	(V)	(V)	(VAC)	(/0)	min. <sup>(6)</sup>	max.		Value
ERG(X)12S	0.5	300	600	600	350	G (±2)	1	22 k	±350	E24
	0.5	300	000	000	330	J (±5)	0.2	47 k	±330	LZ4
ERG(X)1S	1	350	600	600	350	G (±2)	1	68 k	±350	E24
ERG(X)1F	I	550	000	000	330	J (±5)	0.2	100 k	±330	
ERG(X)2S	2	350	700	1000	600	G (±2)	1	100 k	±350	E24
ERG(X)2F	2	330	700	1000	000	J (±5)	0.22	100 k	±330	LZ4
ERG(X)3S	3	350	700	1000	1000	G (±2)	1	100 k	±300	E24
ERG(X)3F	5	550	700	1000	1000	J (±5)	0.22	100 k	±300	LZ4
ERG(X)5S	5	500	1000	1500	1000	G (±2)	1	100 k	±200	E24
ERG(X)5F	5	500	1000	1300	1000	J (±5)	0.33	100 k	±200	

(1) Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV= $\sqrt{Power}$  Rating x Resistance Value or Limiting Element Voltage listed above whichever less.

(2) Overload (Short-time Overload) Test Voltage (SOTV) shall be determined from SOTV=2.5×Power Rating or max. Overload Voltage listed above whichever less.

(3) Intermittent Overload Test Voltage (IOTV) shall be determined from IOTV=4.0×Power Rating or max. Intermittent Overload Voltage listed above whichever less

(4) Resistance tolerance is of use besides range listed, please inquire. (5) Resistance Range Type ERG : ≥10 Ω Type ERX : ≤9.1 Ω

(6) As for the low resistance value range, "Z" is given to the part number. (Refer to the explanation of part numbers.)

\* Z type is non standard resistance values

_								
С	ode	Part No.	Res.Tol.	Res. Value Range	Code	Part No.	Res.Tol.	Res. Value Range
		12S	±2 %	0.1 to 0.91 Ω		2S	±2 %	0.1 to 0.91 Ω
	7	123	±5 %	0.1 to 0.18 Ω	7	2F	±5 %	0.1 to 0.2 Ω
	2	1S	±2 %	0.1 to 0.91 Ω		3S	±2 %	0.1 to 0.91 Ω
		1F	±5 %	0.1 to 0.18 Ω		ЗF	±5 %	0.1 to 0.2 Ω

#### 120 -55 °C żo ∘ċ 100 Rated Load (%) 80 ERG(X)1S, 1F ERG(X)2S, 2F 60 ERG(X)12 ERG(X)3S, 3F 40 ERG(X)5S 20 235 130 °C 0∟ —60 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160 180 200 220 240 -40 -20 0 Ambient Temperature (°C)

#### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.

Design and specifications are each subject to change without notice. Ask factory for the current technical specifications before purchase and/or use Should a safety concern arise regarding this product, please be sure to contact us immediately

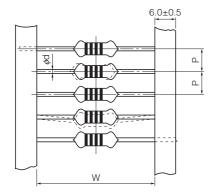
5F

°C

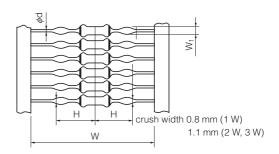
# Panasonic Metal (Oxide) Film Resistors Packaging Methods

### Taped & Box

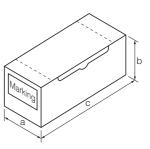
 $ERG(X) \square S \square \square U V$ 



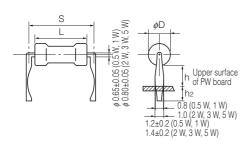
### Stand-off Taped & Box



Part Number	Standard Quantity	Taping (mm)							Box (mm)		
	(pcs./box)	Р	50×P	W	Н	W1	<i>ø</i> d	а	b	С	
ERG(X) 12S	2,000	5.0 <sup>±0.3</sup>	250 <sup>±2</sup>	52.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	_	_	0.65 <sup>±0.05</sup>	85	80	255	
ERG(X) 1SDDDDV	2,000	5.0 <sup>±0.3</sup>	250 <sup>±2</sup>	52.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	—	_	0.65 <sup>±0.05</sup>	85	80	255	
ERG(X) 1SDUDDDV					12.0-0.0	1.20+0.15					
ERG(X) 2SDDDDV	1.000	5.0 <sup>±0.3</sup>	250 <sup>±2</sup>	52.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	_	_	0.80 <sup>±0.05</sup>	85	80	255	
ERG(X) 2SDUDDDV	1,000				15.5-0	1.40+0.15					
ERG(X) 3SDDDDV	1,000	10.0 <sup>±0.5</sup>	500 <sup>±2</sup>	74.0 <sup>±2.0</sup>	_	_	0.80 <sup>±0.05</sup>	105 10		325	
ERG(X) 3S□U□□□V					23.0-2.0	1.4 <sup>+0.15</sup>			100		

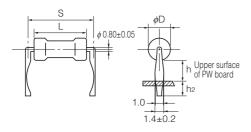


### Cut & Formed Type



Part Number	Standard Quantity	Dimensions (mm)							
	(pcs./box)	L	$\phi$ D	S	h	h2			
ERG(X)12S	1,000	6.35 <sup>+0.65</sup>	2.3 <sup>+0.5</sup> <sub>-0.3</sub>	10.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>			
ERG(X) 1SDDDP	1,000	9.00+1.50	2.8 <sup>±0.5</sup>	12.5 <sup>±1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>			
ERG(X) 2SDDDDP	1,000	12.00+1.50	4.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>	15.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	6.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>			
ERG(X) 3SDDDP	1,000	15.00 <sup>±1.50</sup>	5.5 <sup>±1.0</sup>	20.0 <sup>±2.0</sup>	6.5 <sup>±1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>			
ERG(X) 5SDDDDP	500	24.00 <sup>±1.50</sup>	8.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>	30.0 <sup>±2.0</sup>	7.5 <sup>±1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>			

### $ERG(X) \square F \square \square \square H$

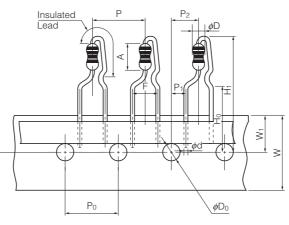


Part Number	Standard Quantity	Dimensions (mm)								
	(pcs./box)	L	φD	S	h	h2				
ERG(X)1F	1,000	9.0 <sup>+1.5</sup>	2.8 <sup>±0.5</sup>	12.5 <sup>±1.5</sup>	8 <sup>±2</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>				
ERG(X)2F□□□H	1,000	12.0 <sup>+1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>	15.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	6 <sup>±2</sup>	5.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>				
ERG(X)3F□□□H	1,000	15.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	5.5 <sup>±1.0</sup>	20.0 <sup>±2.0</sup>	10 <sup>±2</sup>	5.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>				
ERG(X)5F□□□□H	500	24.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	8.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>	30.0 <sup>±2.0</sup>	10 <sup>±2</sup>	5.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>				

## Panasonic Metal (Oxide) Film Resistors Packaging Methods

### For Panasert Automatic Insertion Machine Radial Taped & Box

ERG(X)



D	Dimensions (mm) Dimensions (mm)		Dimensions (mm)			Dimensions (mm)			Dimensions (mm)			
Р	12.7±1.0	W	18.0±0.5		12S	32 max.		12S	6.35+0.65		12S	2.3 <sup>+0.5</sup>
Po	12.7±0.3	W1	9.0±0.5	H1	1S	32 max.	A	1S	9.0+1.5	φD	1S	2.8±0.5
P1	3.85±0.70				2S	38 max.	]	2S	12.0+1.5		2S	4.0±1.0
P <sub>2</sub>	6.35±1.00			H∘	Ho 16.0±0.5		<i>ø</i> d	0.6	5±0.05			
F	5.0±0.8			¢D₀	φD <sub>0</sub> 4.0±0.2							

• Radial Tape Package Specifications



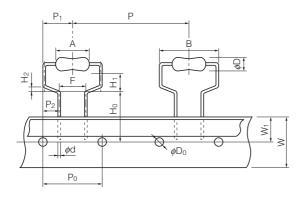
Part Number	Dim	ensions (	Standard Quantity	
i art i annoor	а	b	С	(pcs./box)
ERG(X) 12SDDDE	46	130	335	2,000
ERG(X) 1SDDDE	46	130	335	2,000
ERG(X) 2SDDDE	49	100	335	1,000

#### For Panasert Automatic Insertion Machine Radial Taped & Box ERG(X) S W E (12S, 1S, 2S, 3S) Dimensions (mm) Dimensions (mm) 12S 12.7±1.0 *φ*D<sub>0</sub> 12S, 1S, 2S, 3S 4.0±0.2 Ρ 30.0±1.0 1S, 2S, 3S 6.35+0.65 12S Ρ 9.0+1.5 12S 12.7±0.3 1S Po А 1S, 2S, 3S 15.0±0.3 2S 12.0+1.5 12S 6.35±1.00 ЗS 15.0±1.5 P<sub>1</sub> 1S, 2S, 3S 7.5±1.0 12S 11.2 max 3.85±0.70 1S 12S 14.0 max P<sub>2</sub> В 1S, 2S, 3S 3.75±0.50 2S 17.0 max 12S 5.0±0.5 3S 21.0 max P, F f 1S, 2S, 3S 7.5±0.8 12S 2.3+0.5 12S, 1S, 2S, 3S W 18.0±0.5 1S 2.8±0.5 φD Š W1 12S, 1S, 2S, 3S 9.0±0.5 2S 4.0±1.0 12S 16.0±0.5 3S 5.5±1.0 2 1S, 2S 18.0±1.0 12S \$\$\phi\_0.65 \pm 0.05\$\$ Ho ød Ød 3S 19.0±1.0 1S, 2S, 3S \$\$\phi\_0.80 \pm 0.05\$ 12S 6.5+0.6 P<sub>0</sub> 1S, 2S 6.5+1.0 Hı φD0 3S 8.0+1.0

# Panasonic Metal (Oxide) Film Resistors Packaging Methods

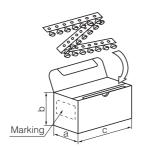
## For Panasert Automatic Insertion Machine Radial Taped & Box

ERG(X)□F□S□□□E (1F, 2F, 3F)



	Dimensions	s (mm)		Dimensions (mm)		
Р	30	).0±1.0	H2	1.0±0.3		
Po	15	5.0±0.3	¢D₀	4.0±0.2		
P1	7.	.5±1.0		1F 9.0 <sup>+1.5</sup>		
P <sub>2</sub>	3.7	′5±0.50	A	A 2F 12.		
F	7.	.5±0.8	3F		15.0±1.5	
W	18	3.0±0.5		1F	14 max.	
W <sub>1</sub>	9.	.0±0.5	В	2F	17 max.	
H₀	1	6.0 <sup>+1.0</sup>		3F	21 max.	
	1F	7.0+1.0		1F	2.8±0.5	
Ηı	2F	8.0+1.0	φD	2F	4.0±1.0	
	3F	9.0 <sup>+1.0</sup>		ЗF	5.5±1.0	
			<i>ø</i> d	0.80±0.05		

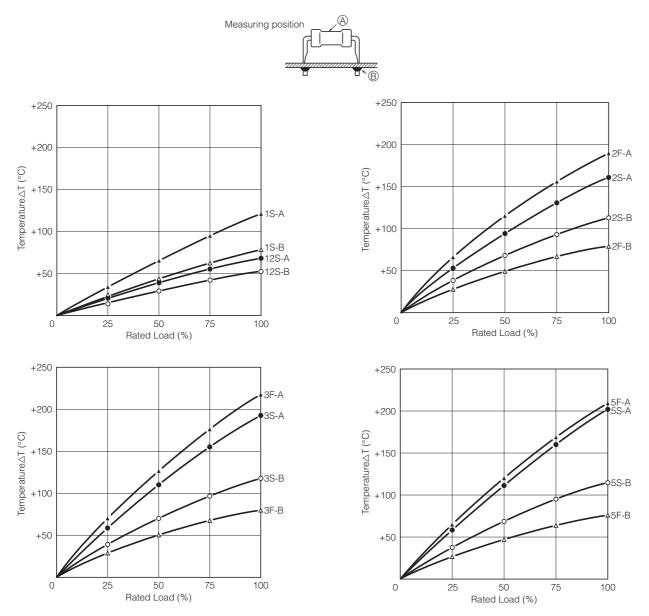
Radial Tape Package Specifications



Part No.	Dim	ensions (	Standard Quantity		
	а	b	С	(pcs./box)	
ERG(X)12SDWDDDE	46	145	325	2,000	
ERG(X) 1SDWDDDE	49	150	317	1.000	
ERG(X) 1F S	49		517	1,000	
ERG(X) 2SDWDDDE	49	150	317	500	
ERG(X) 2F SDDE	49	130	517	500	
ERG(X) 3F SDDE	49	190	315	500	

#### Hot-spot Temperature (for Reference)

The temperature of the resistor body increases with the curve below. A touching vinyl wire may cause damages to resistor element. Do not place vinyl wires around resistors and be sure to consider where the resistors will be placed.



## ▲ Safety Precautions

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for Fixed Resistors in this catalog.

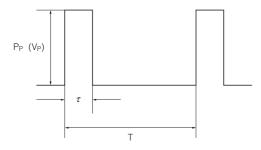
1. Transient voltage

If there is a possibility that the transient phenomenon (significantly high voltage applied in a short time) may occur or that a high voltage pulse may be applied, make sure to evaluate and check the characteristics of Metal(Oxide) Film Resistors (hereafter called the resistors) mounted on your product rather than only depending on the calculated power limit or steady-state conditions to complete the design or decide to use the resistors.

- 2. The resistors are covered with a special coating. Do not apply shock or vibration to them, or pinch them with long-nose pliers. Otherwise, the resistors may be damaged.
- 3. Do not apply excessive tension to the lead-connected sections. When bending the lead wire, do not apply excessive stress to the resistors and provide the wire with a natural curvature.
- 4. Do not brush the resistors during or after the cleaning process, which may be conducted after soldering. Otherwise, the coating film may be damaged.

## (Data for Reference)

## **Pulse Characteristics (Usual)**



$P_{P}$	: F	Pulse limit power (W)
$V_{P}$	: F	Pulse limit voltage (V)
τ	: F	Pulse continuous time (s)
Т	: F	Period (s)
$V_{R}$	: F	Rated voltage (V)
Р	: F	Rated power (W)
R	: F	Resistance value ( $\Omega$ )
V <sub>p max</sub>	: N	Max. pulse limit voltage (V)

Withstand pulse limit power is calculated by the next method.

 $P_{P} = K \cdot P \cdot T / \tau$ 

 $V_{P} = \sqrt{K \cdot P \cdot R \cdot T / \tau}$ 

Reference to the right about a fixed number of  $V_{\text{P}\,\text{max.}}$ 

- T>1(s)  $\rightarrow$  T=1(s)
- $\begin{array}{l} T/\tau > 100 \rightarrow T/\tau = 100 \\ P_P < P \rightarrow P \text{ stands for } P_P \\ (V_P < V_R \rightarrow V_R \text{ stands for } V_P) \end{array}$
- Added voltage≦V<sub>p max.</sub>
- $P_P$  or  $V_P$  is referent value
- Conditions: Pulse added time=1000 h Resistance change=±5 % Room temperature

Part No.	К	Vpmax. (V)
ERG(X) 12S	0.5	600
ERG(X) 1S	0.5	600
ERG(X) 2S	0.5	700
ERG(X) 3S	0.5	700
ERG(X) 5S	0.5	1000

## **Anti-Pulse Power Resistors**

## **Anti-Pulse Power Resistors**

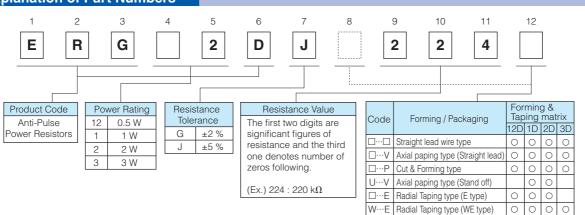
Type: **ERGD** (0.5 W, 1 W, 2 W, 3 W)



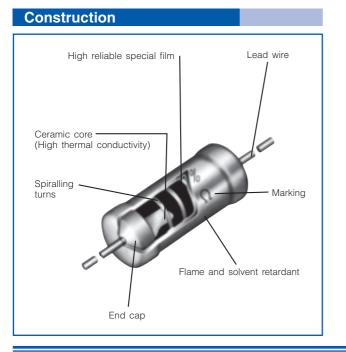
## Features

- Miniaturized
- Non-flammable
- Anti-Pulse Characteristic
- Automatic Insertion
- RoHS compliant

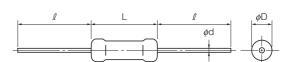
## **Explanation of Part Numbers**



The above example shows an anti-pulse resistor, 2 W power rating, resistance value of 220 k ohms, tolerance ±5 %, and package of standard bulk packing.



## Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Part No.		Mass			
Fart NO.	L	$\phi$ D	l	Ød	(Weight) [g/pc.]
ERG12D	$6.35^{+0.65}_{-0.35}$	2.3 <sup>+0.5</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.26
ERG1D	9.00 <sup>+1.50</sup>	2.8 <sup>±0.5</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.33
ERG2D	12.00+1.50	4.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.66
ERG3D	15.00 <sup>±1.50</sup>	5.5 <sup>±1.0</sup>	38.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.05</sup>	1.47

## **Anti-Pulse Power Resistors**

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		<b>U</b>

hanigo												
Part No.	Power Rating at 70 °C	Limiting Element Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	Maximum Overload Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	Maximum Intermittent Overload Voltage <sup>(3)</sup>	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Res. Tol. (%)	Resis Range	tance $\left(\Omega ight)^{^{(4)}}$	Standard Resistance Value			
	(W)	(V)	(V)	(V)	(VAC)		min.	max.				
ERG12D	0.5	400	800	800	500	J (±5) G (±2)	51 k	240 k	E24			
ERG1D	1	500	1000	1000	500	J (±5) G (±2)	110 k	330 k	E24			
ERG2D	2	500	1000	1000	700	J (±5) G (±2)	110 k	510 k	E24			
ERG3D	3	500	1000	1000	700	J (±5) G (±2)	110 k	750 k	E24			

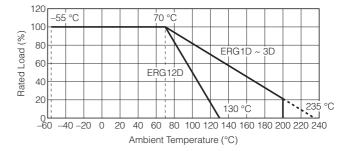
Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=√Power Rating×Resistance Value or Limiting Element Voltage listed above whichever less.
 Overload (Short-time Overload) Test Voltage (SOTV) shall be determined from SOTV=2.5×Power Rating or max. Overload Voltage listed above

(a) Intermittent Overload Test Voltage (IOTV) shall be determined from IOTV=2.5×10wer Rating or max. Intermittent Overload Voltage listed above
 (b) Intermittent Overload Test Voltage (IOTV) shall be determined from IOTV=4.0×Power Rating or max. Intermittent Overload Voltage listed above

whichever less.(4) Resistance tolerance and resistance range is of use besides range listed, please inquire.

#### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.



## ■ As for Packaging Methods and / or cut formed leads,

Please see Metal (Oxide) Film Resistors Packaging Methods

## ▲ Safety Precautions

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for Fixed Resistors in this catalog.

1. Transient voltage

If there is a possibility that the transient phenomenon (significantly high voltage applied in a short time) may occur or that a high voltage pulse may be applied, make sure to evaluate and check the characteristics of Anti-Pulse Power Resistors (hereafter called the resistors) mounted on your product rather than only depending on

- the calculated power limit or steady-state conditions to complete the design or decide to use the resistors.
- 2. The resistors are covered with a special coating. Do not apply shock or vibration to them, or pinch them with long-nose pliers. Otherwise, the resistors may be damaged.
- 3. Do not apply excessive tension to the lead-connected sections. When bending the lead wire, do not apply excessive stress to the resistors and provide the wire with a natural curvature.
- 4. Do not brush the resistors during or after the cleaning process, which may be conducted after soldering. Otherwise, the coating film may be damaged.

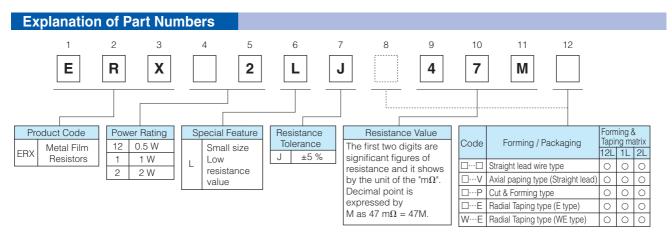
## **Metal Film Resistors**

Type: **ERXL (Low Resistance Value)** (0.5 W, 1 W, 2 W)

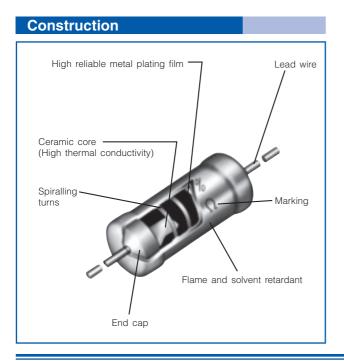


## Features

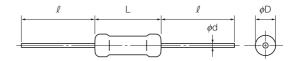
- Miniaturized
- Non-flammable
- Automatic Insertion
- RoHS compliant



The above example shows a small size and low resistance value metal film resistor, 2 W power rating, resistance value of 47 m ohms, tolerance ±5 %, and package of standard bulk packing.



## Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Part No.		Dimensions (mm)							
Fart NO.	L	$\phi D$	l	<i>ø</i> d	(Weight) [g/pc.]				
ERX12L	6.35 <sup>+0.65</sup> -0.35	2.3 <sup>+0.5</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.26				
ERX1L	9.00 <sup>+1.50</sup>	2.8 <sup>±0.5</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.33				
ERX2L	12.00 <sup>+1.50</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.05</sup>	0.66				

# Panasonic Metal Film Resistors, Low Resistance Value

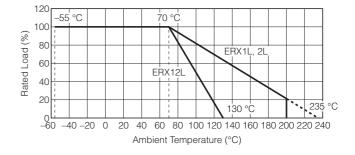
Ratings							
Part No.	Power Rating at 70 °C <sup>(1)</sup>	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Res. Tol. (%) <sup>(2)</sup>	Resistance Range ( $\Omega$ ) <sup>(2)</sup>		T.C.R. (×10 <sup>−6</sup> /°C)	Standard Resistance Value
	(W)	(VAC)		min.	max.		
ERX12L	0.5	350	J (±5)	22 m	82 m		E12
ERX1L	1	350	J (±5)	22 m	82 m	22 to 39 m $\Omega$ =±1000 47 to 82 m $\Omega$ =± 500	E12
ERX2L	2	600	J (±5)	22 m	82 m		E12

(1) Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=\/Power Rating×Resistance Value.

(2) Resistance tolerance and resistance range is of use besides range listed, please inquire.

#### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.



## ■ As for Packaging Methods and / or cut formed leads,

Please see Metal (Oxide) Film Resistors Packaging Methods

#### ▲ Safety Precautions

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for Fixed Resistors in this catalog.

1. Transient voltage

If there is a possibility that the transient phenomenon (significantly high voltage applied in a short time) may occur or that a high voltage pulse may be applied, make sure to evaluate and check the characteristics of Metal Film Resistors (hereafter called the resistors) mounted on your product rather than only depending on the calculated power limit or steady-state conditions to complete the design or decide to use the resistors.

- 2. The resistors are covered with a special coating. Do not apply shock or vibration to them, or pinch them with long-nose pliers. Otherwise, the resistors may be damaged.
- 3. Do not apply excessive tension to the lead-connected sections. When bending the lead wire, do not apply excessive stress to the resistors and provide the wire with a natural curvature.
- 4. Do not brush the resistors during or after the cleaning process, which may be conducted after soldering. Otherwise, the coating film may be damaged.

## **Metal Film Fusing Resistors**

## **Metal Film Fusing Resistors**

## Type: ERQA

ERQZ

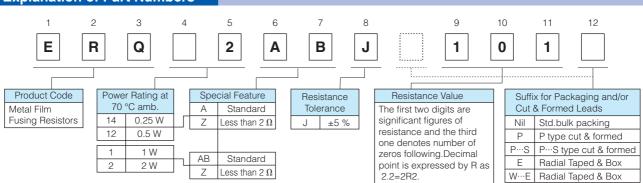
(0.25 W, 0.5 W, 1 W, 2 W coating type )



## Features

- Accurate fusing
- Small size and lightweight
- Uniform quality, consistent performance and reliability
- Flame retardant, utilizing exclusive silicon insulation material
- Reference Standard EIAJ RC-2125
- RoHS compliant





The above example shows a standard Metal Film Fusing Resistors, 2 W power rating, resistance value of 100  $\Omega$ , tolerance of ±5 %, and package of standard bulk packing.

# Construction

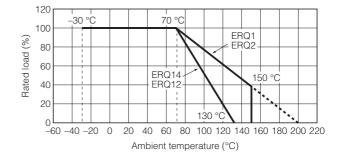
## **Metal Film Fusing Resistors**

Rating	Ratings															
Part No Rating	Power Rating	Maximum Open Circuit	Maximum Overload		Resistance Tolerance	Resistance Range ( $\Omega$ )		T.C.R.	Standard Resistance	Marking Method	Mass					
	at 70°C (W)	Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (V)	Voltage	Voltage (V)	(%)	min.	max.	(×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C)	Values	on Body	(Weight) [g/pc.]					
ERQ14Z	0.25	200				AC 350	J (± 5)	1.0	1.8	±350	E24	Color	0.24			
ERQ14A	0.23	200		AC 330	0 (± 0)	2.0	470	±330	LZ4	code	0.24					
ERQ12Z	0.5	250							AC 350	1(1.5)	1.0	1.8	±350	E24 Stamp	Stamp	0.32
ERQ12A	0.5	230	3 times of rated	AC 350	J (± 5)	2.0	560	±300	C24	Color code	0.32					
ERQ1Z	1	250	voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	AC 600	1(15)	1.0	1.8	±350	E24	Stomp	0.64					
ERQ1AB		230	Vollage	AC 600	J (± 5)	2.0	560	±350	⊏24	Stamp	0.04					
ERQ2Z	ERQ2Z 250	250	050	AC 1000	J (± 5) -	1.0	1.8	±350	E24	Stamp	1 5 /					
ERQ2AB		230		AC 1000		2.0	560	±350		Stamp	1.54					

Maximum Open Circuit Voltage: Referring to the maximum value of the voltage applied between terminals of the resistor when the resistor is opened in an electric circuit 1000 times power rating or voltage specified above <u>whichever less is regarded as the maximum open circuit voltage</u>.
 Rated Continuous Working Voltage (RCWV) shall be determined from RCWV=\/Power Rating × Resistance Value

#### Power Derating Curve

For resistors operated in ambient temperatures above 70 °C, power rating shall be derated in accordance with the figure on the right.

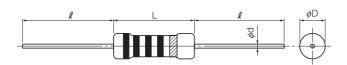


Performance S	specifica	tions				
Characteristics		Specificati	ons	Test Methods		
	Rated	Res. Value				
	Power	$(\Omega)$	Limit			
	0.25 W 0.5 W		Open within 30 seconds at 30 times the rated power	The test potential shall be preadjusted using a dummy resistor and then be subjected to the test specimens.		
Fusing Characteristics	1 W 2 W	- 1 to 1.8	Open within 30 seconds at 25 times the rated power	The potential shall be readjusted within two seconds to reach the exact value of specified current. This tes shall be made under the conditions at 20 °C and 65 % RH (or at a temperature of 5 °C to 35 °C and 45 to 85 % RH, only when any doubt may not be caused)		
	0.25 W 0.5 W 1 W 2 W	2 to 9.1	Open within 30 seconds at 16 times the rated power	and the use of stabilized power source is suggested. Fusing time shall be measured as the duration until the circuit current is decreased to a 1/50 the initial test current or less.		
	0.25 W	10 to 470	Open within			
	0.5 W 1 W 2 W	10 to 560	30 seconds at 12 times the rated power			

## **Performance Specifications**

## **Metal Film Fusing Resistors**

## Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Part No.	Dimensions (mm)							
Fall NO.	L	$\phi$ D	l	<i>ø</i> d				
ERQ14	6.3 <sup>+1.5</sup>	2.3 <sup>±0.5</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.05</sup>				
ERQ12	9.0 <sup>+1.5</sup>	2.8 <sup>±0.5</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.65 <sup>±0.05</sup>				
ERQ1	12.0 <sup>+1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>	30.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.05</sup>				
ERQ2	15.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	5.5 <sup>±1.0</sup>	38.0 <sup>±3.0</sup>	0.80 <sup>±0.05</sup>				

Symbol

<u>م</u> د

( )1W 100ΩJ

71

Power rating

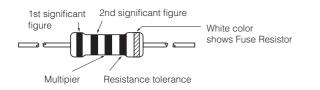
Manufacturing

Date code
 (Year, Month, Week)

Series No.

## **Explanation of Marking**

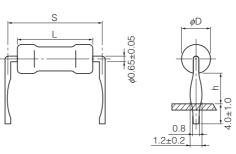
Type ERQ14, ERQ12 (0.25 W, 0.5 W)



## Cut & Formed Type

ERQOOAJOOP ERQOOZJOOOP





Type ERQ1, ERQ2 (1W, 2W)

Q

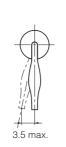
Resistance value and tolerance

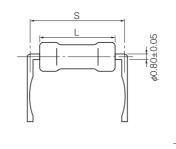
Q Shows Fuse Resistor

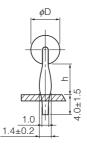
2 8

		Standard	Dimonologio (mm)				
Part NO.	(W)	Q'ty/Packing (pcs.)	L	$\phi$ D	S	h	
ERQ14□J□□□P	0.25	2,000	6.3 <sup>+1.5</sup>	2.3 <sup>±0.5</sup>	10.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	
ERQ12	0.5	2,000	9.0 <sup>+1.5</sup>	2.8 <sup>±0.5</sup>	12.5 <sup>±1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	

#### ERQ ABJP S ERQ ZJP S

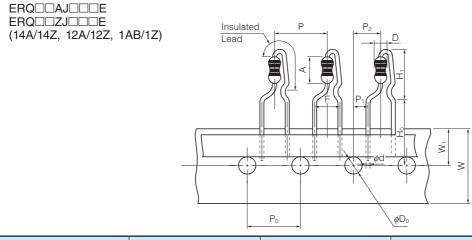






Part No.	Power Rating at 70 °C	Standard	Dimensions (mm)				
Part No.	(W)	Q'ty/Packing (pcs.)	L	$\phi$ D	S	h	
ERQ100JP000S	1	1,000	12.0 <sup>+1.5</sup>	4.0 <sup>±1.0</sup>	15.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	6.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	
ERQ200JP000S	2	1,000	15.0 <sup>±1.5</sup>	5.5 <sup>±1.0</sup>	20.0 <sup>±2.0</sup>	6.5 <sup>±1.5</sup>	

## For Panasert Automatic Insertion Machine Radial Taped & Box



Dir	mensions (mm)	Dir	nensions (mm)	Dimensions (mm)		Dimensions (mm)		Dimensions (mm)				
P	12.7±1.0	W	18.0±0.5		14A/14Z	12 max.		14A/14Z	$6.35^{+0.65}_{-0.35}$		14A/14Z	2.3±0.5
Po	12.7±0.3	W1	9.0±0.5	H <sub>1</sub>	12A/12Z	15.5 max.	А	12A/12Z	9.0+1.5	D	12A/12Z	2.8±0.5
P <sub>1</sub>	3.85±0.70			1	1AB/1Z	19 max.		1AB/1Z	12.0+1.5	1	1AB/1Z	4.0±1.0
P <sub>2</sub>	6.35±1.00			H <sub>0</sub>	16.0	±0.5	<i>ø</i> d	0.65=	±0.05			
F	5.0±0.8			$\phi D_0$	4.0:	±0.2						

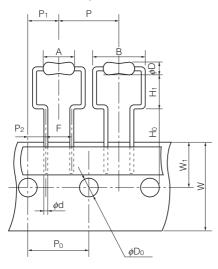
• Radial Tape Packaging Methods



Part Number	Dime	ensions	Standard Quantity		
	а	b	С	(pcs./box)	
ERQ14AJ	46	130	335	2,000 pcs./box	
ERQ14ZJDDE	40	130	333	2,000 pc3./00x	
ERQ12AJ	46	130	335	2,000 pag /bay	
ERQ12ZJDDE	40	130	335	2,000 pcs./box	
ERQ1ABJ	49	100	335	1,000 pcs./box	
ERQ1ZJDDE	49	100	- 555		

## For Panasert Automatic Insertion Machine Radial Taped & Box

ERQ A/ZJW E (14A/14Z, 12A/12Z, 1AB/1Z)

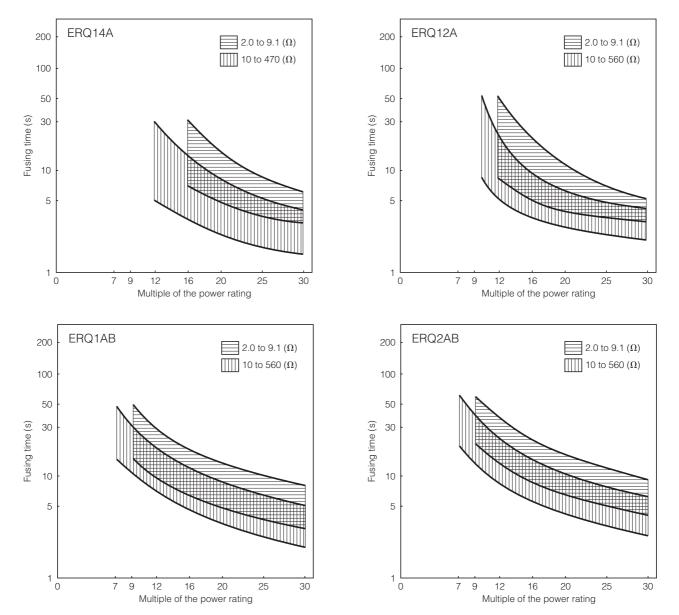


	Dimensions (	mm)	Dimensions (mm)			
Р	14A/14Z	12.7±1.0		14A/14Z	6.5+0.6	
Г	12A/12Z, 1AB/1Z	30.0±1.0	H₁	12A/12Z	6.5+1.0	
Po	14A/14Z	12.7±0.3		1AB/1Z	6.5+1.0	
F0	12A/12Z, 1AB/1Z	15.0±0.3	$\phi D_0$	4.0±0	.2	
Pı	14A/14Z	6.35±1.00		14A/14Z	$6.35^{+0.65}_{-0.35}$	
Γ1	12A/12Z, 1AB/1Z	7.5±1.0	A	12A/12Z	9.0+1.5	
P <sub>2</sub>	14A/14Z	3.85±0.70		1AB/1Z	12.0+1.5	
Γ2	12A/12Z, 1AB/1Z	3.75±0.50		14A/14Z	11.2 max.	
F	14A/14Z	5.0 <sup>+0.6</sup>	В	12A/12Z	14 max.	
Г	12A/12Z, 1AB/1Z	7.5+0.6		1AB/1Z	17 max.	
W	18.0±0	).5		14A/14Z	2.3+0.5	
$W_1$	9.0±0	.5	$\phi$ D	12A/12Z	2.8±0.5	
	14A/14Z	16.0±0.5		1AB/1Z	4.0±1.0	
$H_{0}$	12A/12Z	18.0±1.0	ød	14A/14Z	0.65±0.05	
	1AB/1Z	18.0±1.0	Ψu	12A/12Z, 1AB/1Z	0.80±0.05	

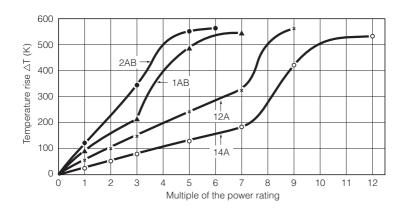
## **Metal Film Fusing Resistors**

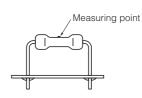
## Fusing Characteristics (Constant Voltage Circuit)

This data is for reference only, specifications should be verified in written form with the engineering division.



## Hot Spot Temperature (for reference)





## ▲ Safety Precautions

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for Fixed Resistors in this catalog.

## 1. Checking the fusing conditions

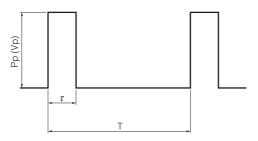
- 1) Fusing characteristics differ depending on the type, shape, and resistance. Check the fusing conditions before selecting the type of Metal Film Fusing Resistors (hereafter called the fusing resistor) to be used.
- 2) Use the fusing resistors under the maximum open circuit voltage. Otherwise, arcing may occur when a voltage much higher than the rated one is applied in the event of an abnormality in the circuit, or when a high voltage is applied after fusing.
- 3) Under abnormal conditions of a constant voltage circuit, a current of about 2 or 3 times the initial abnormal current passes through, accelerating the speed at which the fusing resistors blows. When using a constant current circuit, carefully check the conditions because the fusing resistors may not blow in a constant current circuit.

2. Checking for pulse voltage, impact voltage, and transient voltage Make sure to evaluate and check the fusing resistors mounted on your product if they are to be mounted on a circuit that generates an impact voltage, or if there is a possibility that the transient phenomenon (significantly high voltage applied in a short time) may occur or that a pulse voltage with a high peak voltage may be applied. Make sure to consult our sales staff before using the fusing resistors under special conditions.

- 3. Conditions of use in a steady state Make sure that the load conditions have a sufficient allowance for the power derating curve. The characteristics of the fusing resistors are set by using a constant voltage circuit.
- 4. The solvent resistance of the fusing resistors is not assured. If you use a solvent for cleaning after soldering or other processes, make sure to consult our sales staff before use and perform a prior test and evaluation to ensure that the solvent will not affect the reliability of the fusing resistors.

## (Data for Reference)

## **Pulse Characteristics (Usual)**



- P<sub>P</sub> : Pulse limit power (W)
- $V_P$  : Pulse limit voltage (V)
- au : Pulse continuous time (s)
- T : Period (s)
- V<sub>R</sub> : Rated voltage (V)
- P : Rated power (W)
- R : Resistance value  $(\Omega)$
- V<sub>pmax.</sub> : Max. pulse limit voltage (V)

Withstand pulse limit power is calculated by the next method.

- $\mathsf{P}_\mathsf{P} = \mathsf{K} \cdot \mathsf{P} \cdot \mathsf{T} / \tau$
- $V_{P} = \sqrt{K \cdot P \cdot R \cdot T/\tau}$

Reference to the right about a fixed number of  $V_{\text{Pmax.}}$ 

Part No.	К	Vp max. (V)
ERQ14A	0.6	200
ERQ12A	0.6	250
ERQ1AB	0.6	250
ERQ2AB	0.4	250

- T>1(s)  $\rightarrow$  T=1(s)
- T/ $\tau$ >100  $\rightarrow$  T/ $\tau$ =100
- $P_P < P \rightarrow P$  stands for  $P_P$
- $(V_P < V_R \rightarrow V_R \text{ stands for } V_P)$ • Added voltage  $\leq V_{p \text{ max}}$
- Point Voltage  $v_{p \text{ max.}}$ • Pp or Vp is reference value
- Conditions : Pulse added time=1000 h, Resistance change=±5 % Room temperature

Standard for Resistance Value, Resistance Tolerance and Color Code

## **Basis Standard**

IEC Publication 60062 : Marking codes for resistors and capacitors.
 IEC Publication 60063 : Preferred number series for resistors and capacitors.
 JIS C 5062 : Marking codes for resistors and capacitors.
 JIS C 5063 : Preferred number series for resistors and capacitors.

## Resistance Values

The resistance values are notched by "Ratio" below in each series.

Series	Resistance Tolerance (Standard)	Ratio	Remarks
E6	±20 %	<sup>6</sup> √10≒1.46	
E12	±10 %	<sup>12</sup> √10≒1.21	
E24	± 5%	<sup>24</sup> √10≒1.10	Please refer to standard resistance values shown on this catalog.
E48	± 2 %	<sup>48</sup> √10≒1.05	shown on this datalog.
E96	± 1%	<sup>96</sup> √10≒1.02	

#### How to express the resistance value with a Panasonic part number

The resistance value expressed in ohms is identified by a three digit number or a four digit number. The last digit specifies the number of zeroes to follow.

The letter "R" shall be used as the decimal point for less than 10  $\Omega$ .

#### The examples of a three digit number

Resistance Code	Value in ohms	Resistance Code	Value in ohms
R56	0.56	R562	0.562
5R6	5.6	5R62	5.62
100	10	56R2	56.2
271	270	1000	100
102	1 k	2711	2.71 k
273	27 k	1002	10 k
104	100 k	2713	271 k
275	2.7 M	1004	1 M
106	10 M	2715	27.1 M
107	100 M	1006	100 M

The examples of a four digit number

## How to express the resistance tolerance with a Panasonic part number

The resistance tolerance is identified by a single letter in accordance with the following table and the code is placed just before the resistance code in the following examples.

Tolerance Code	Tolerance (%)	Examples
УвСDғGЈКΣ		$\begin{array}{c} W1001 : 1000 \ \Omega\pm0.05 \ \% \\ B1001 : 1000 \ \Omega\pm0.1 \ \% \\ C1001 : 1000 \ \Omega\pm0.25 \ \% \\ D1001 : 1000 \ \Omega\pm0.5 \ \% \\ F1001 : 1000 \ \Omega\pm1 \ \% \\ G1001 : 1000 \ \Omega\pm2 \ \% \\ J101 : 100 \ \Omega\pm5 \ \% \\ K101 : 100 \ \Omega\pm10 \ \% \\ M101 : 100 \ \Omega\pm20 \ \% \end{array}$

#### Color code indication for the resistance value and the tolerance

Fixed resistors whose resistance value and tolerance are indicated by color code follow the standard below.

Color	First digit	Second digit	Third digit	Multiplier	Resistance tolerance	
00101	i not digit		i initia digit		%	Code
Black	0	0	0	1		
Brown	1	1	1	10	±1	F
Red	2	2	2	10 <sup>2</sup>	±2	G
Orange	3	3	3	10 <sup>3</sup>	±0.05	W
Yellow	4	4	4	10 <sup>4</sup>		
Green	5	5	5	10 <sup>5</sup>	±0.5	D
Blue	6	6	6	10 <sup>6</sup>	±0.25	С
Violet	7	7	7	10 <sup>7</sup>	±0.1	В
Gray	8	8	8			
White	9	9	9			
Gold				10 <sup>-1</sup>	±5	J
Silver				10 <sup>-2</sup>	±10	K
None					±20	М

#### Indication example

Color code of 5 color bands

When the standard resistance value follows E48 series or 96 series, color code of the resistors are indicated by five color bands. Example below is 154 k $\Omega$ .

#### Example 1 1st Color 2nd Color 3rd Color 4th Color 5th Color Brown Green Yellow Orange Brown (1) (5)(4) (1000)(±1%)

Color code of 4 color bands

When the standard resistance value follows E6 series, 12 series or 24 series, color code of the resistors are indicated by four color bands. Example below is 15 k $\Omega$ .

Example 2

1st Color	2nd Color	3rd Color	4th Color				
Brown (1)	Green (5)	Orange (1000)	Gold (±5 %)				

## **Fixed Resistors Appendix**

Sta	ndarc	l Resi	istanc	e Values										
E6	E12	E24	E48	E96	E6	E12	E24	E48	E96	E6	E12	E24	E48	E96
10	10	10	100	100	22	22	22	215	215	47	47	47	464	464
				102					221	11		-11		475
			105	105				226	226				487	487
				107					232					499
		11	110	110			24	237	237			51	511	511
				113			24		243					523
			115	115				249	249				536	536
	12	12		118					255					549
	12	12	121	121				261	261		56	56	562	562
				124		27	27	-	267					576
			127	127		21	21	274	274				590	590
		13	-	130					280					604
			133	133				287	287			62	619	619
				137					294					634
			140	140			30	301	301				649	649
				143					309					665
			147	147				316	316	68	68	68	681	681
15	15	15		150	33	33	33	-	324					698
			154	154	00		00	332	332				715	715
		16		158					340					732
		10	162	162				348	348			75	750	750
				165			36		357					768
			169	169				365	365				787	787
				174					374		82	82	-	806
	18	18	178	178		39	39	383	383				825	825
				182					392					845
			187	187				402	402				866	866
				191					412					887
			196	196			43	422	422			91	909	909
		20		200			_		432					931
			205	205				442	442				953	953
				210					453					976
		I		·					<u> </u>					<u> </u>

#### **CAUTION AND WARNING**

- The electronic components contained in this catalog are designed and produced for use in home electric appliances, office equipment, information equipment, communications equipment, and other general purpose electronic devices. Before use of any of these components for equipment that requires a high degree of safety, such as medical instruments, aerospace equipment, disaster-prevention equipment, security equipment, vehicles (automobile, train, vessel),
- please be sure to contact our sales representative.
- When applying one of these components for equipment requiring a high degree of safety, no matter what sort of application it might be, be sure to install a protective circuit or redundancy arrangement to enhance the safety of your equipment. In addition, please carry out the safety test on your own responsibility.
   When using our products, no matter what sort of equipment they might be used for, be sure to make a written agreement on the specifications with us in advance.
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The information in this catalog is valid as of September. 2018.