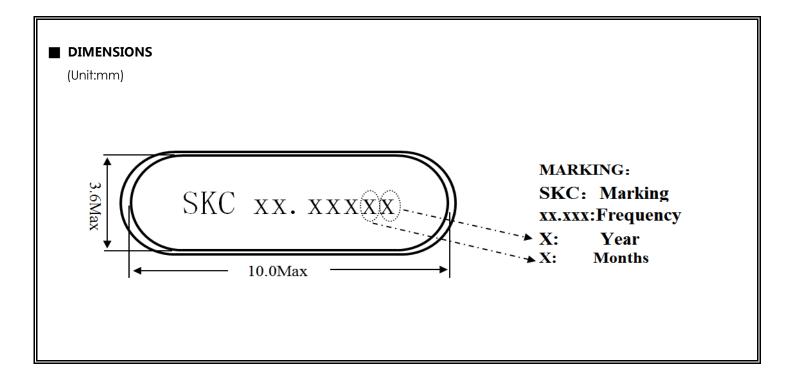
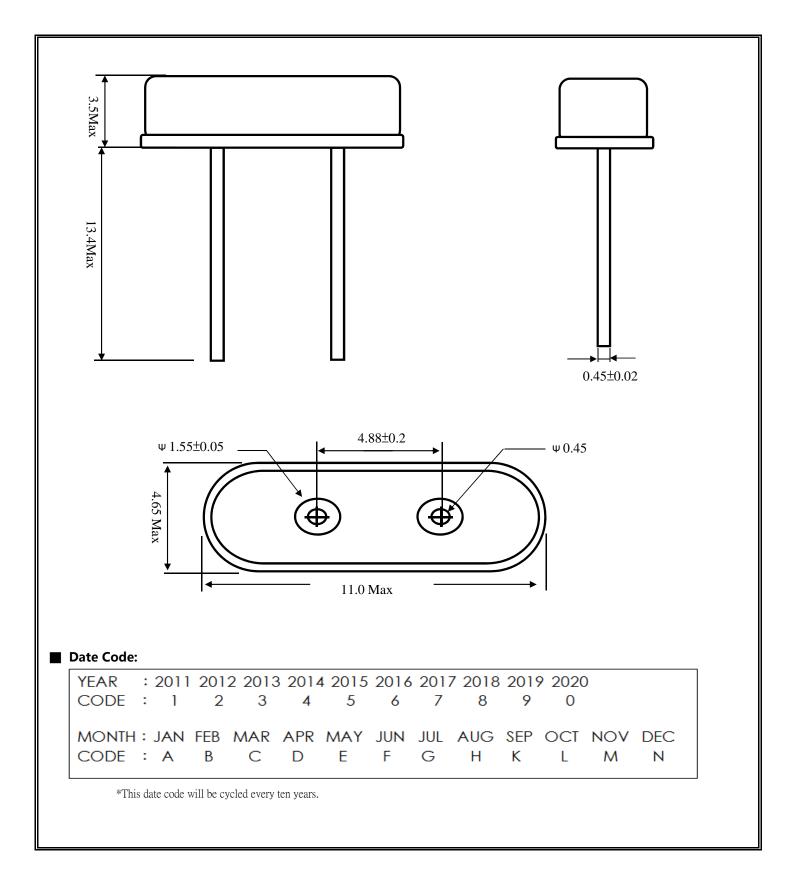
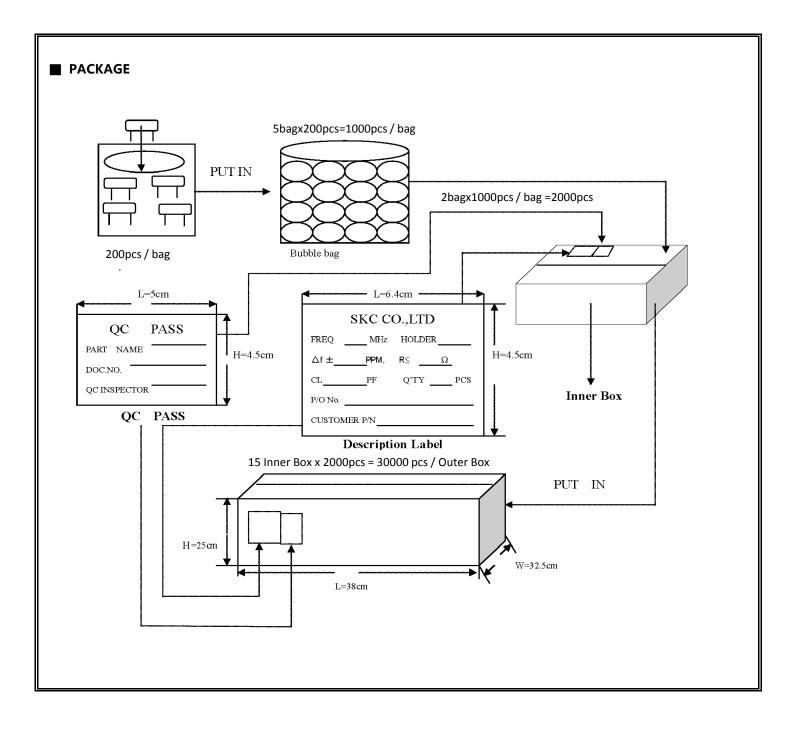
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS					
1	Holder type		HC - 49US		
2	Oscillation mode		Fundamental 🗌 3rd Overtone 🗌 5th Overtone		
3	Crystal cutting type		AT CUT		
4	Nominal frequency	FL	27.000MHz		
5	Frequency stability	Tol	$\pm30$ ppm ( ref at 25 $^\circ\!\!\!{}^\circ\!\!\!{}^\circ$ )		
6	Operating temperature range	Topr	-20°C to +70°C		
7	Storage temperature range		-40°C to +85°C		
8	Temperature characteristic		±30 ppm in item 6		
9	Load capacitance	CL	20 PF ± 0.2PF		
10	Equivalent series resistance	ESR	35 Ohms max.		
11	Drive level	DL	300 UW MAX		
12	Shunt capacitance	C0	5.0 PF max.		
13	Aging rate per year		Less than ±5ppm / year		
14	Insulation resistance		500M Ohms min. at DC 100V ± 10V		
15	Test circuit		Measured in S&A 250B / 350B		
16	Marking		SKC		









M	ECHANICAL ENDURANCE : Provide that	measurement shall be carried out after letting			
it alone in the room temperature for 1 hour.					
	ENVIRONMENTAL STABILITY	SPECIFICATION			
1	Shock test	Dropping from 75 cm height 3 times on firm wood			
		variation frequency less than $\pm$ 5ppm $\cdot$ and resistance less			
		than ± 10%.			
2	Sealing test	Less than 2.0x10 <sup>-9</sup> Pa-m <sup>3</sup> /sec.			
3	Soldering heat resistance	Method : Put lead wire through $260^{\circ}$ C for 10 seconds.			
		95% be covered with solder.			
		Judging : Test $\triangle$ F/F $\leq$ ±5ppm			
		$\triangle$ F/Rr $\leq \pm 10\%$ or $\pm 2\Omega$			
4	Solderability	At 235°C $\pm$ 5°C for 5 sec. must more than			
		95% be covered with solder.			
5	Humidity	Temperature : $40 \pm 2^{\circ}C$			
		Length of Test : 96 Hrs			
		Relative Humidity : 83% - 88%			
6	Frequency drift	Method : Place crystal in a -20 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ to 70 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ constant			
		temperature trough for 5 minutes then use 250B testing			
		instrument to its is frequency tolerance variation.			
		Judging reference : In accordance with			
		customer specification.			
7	Air tightness test	Sock crystal in alcohol. Place it in a compression room and			
		compress at 0.4 $\sim$ 0.45Mpa for 30 minutes. Then take it out			
		and put it at room temperature to blow dry for 5 minutes.			
		Judging : Insulation resistance > 500M $\Omega$			
8	Mechanical test	a. Lead pull			
		Method : Fix the crystal. Add 1KG heavy weight no			
		the lead-in axle for $10 \pm 1$ seconds.			
		Judging : There should be on loosening < break < and poor			
		contact of lead-in axle.			

ENVIRONMENTAL STABILITY		SPECIFICATION
9	Mechanical test	b. Lead bend
		Method : Fix the crystal. Add 1KG weight at 2.5 ± 0.5mm
		from the crystal and bend the lead wire to 90°.
		Repeat this method 3 times.
		Judging : There should be on loosening < break < and poor
		contact of lead-in axle.
10	Insulation resistance	Method : Use a megavar (Dc100 ± 15V) to measure
		insulation resistance between lead wire and metal
		case for 1 minute ± 5 seconds.
		Judging : Insulation resistance > 500M $\Omega$
11	Aging	Method : Place crystal at $85^{\circ}$ C ± 2°C for 1000 hours.
		Conduct the test twice a week, 2 days < interval < 4 days.
		Conduct the first test after the first 24 hours.
		Conduct final measuring (measure under testing
		temperature) when the test is concluded.
		Judging : Test △f/f < ±5ppm
12	Temperature & Humidity cycling	Cycle : 5 cycles
		Temp : High Temp. +85℃
		Low Temp40°C
		HUM : 93% ± 3%
		Judging : Test $\triangle$ F/F < ±5ppm
		Freq. Drift ± 5ppm Max.
		Resistance Drift ± 10% Max. or ± 2Ω +85°C±5°C
		+25°C±5°C 30min 2min -40°C±5°C 1 CYCLE

# **FLYING** INTERNATIONAL