83CXXX Preliminary CMOS IC

4-PIN µP VOLTAGE MONITORS WITH MANUAL RESET INPUT

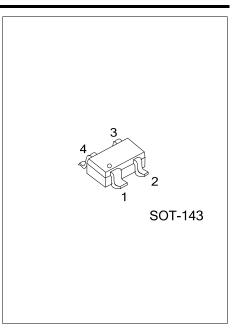
■ DESCRIPTION

The UTC 83CXXX is a microprocessor supervisory circuit. It has an active-low $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and push-pull outputs. The circuit can assert a reset signal as long as the V_{CC} power supplies voltage dropping below a preset threshold and it keep the reset signal for at least 140ms when V_{CC} has risen above the reset threshold. The reset threshold can be operated with multi-supply voltages.

The UTC **83CXXX** provides the circuit with perfect reliability and low cost through eliminating external components and adjustments when applied with +5V, +3.3V, +3.0V power supply The UTC **83CXXX** also provide a de-bounced manual reset input.

The reset comparator can work despite of fast transients on V_{CC} , and the outputs are guaranteed to be in the right logic state while V_{CC} is down to 1V.

In applications, the UTC **83CXXX** is suitable for computers, intelligent instruments, controllers, critical microprocessor and microcomputer power monitors, portable or battery-powered equipment, automotive.



QW-R502-353.c

■ FEATURES

- * +3V, +3.3V, and +5V power-supply voltages
- * Full temperature rated
- * Supply current: 5µA
- * Available in configuration: push-pull RESET output
- * 140ms minimum power-on reset pulse width
- * Guaranteed reset to V_{CC} = +1V
- * Power supply transient Immunity
- * Eliminating external components
- * Manual reset input

ORDERING INFORMATION

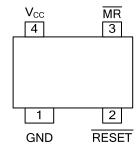
Ordering Number	Package	Packing
83CXXXG-AD4-R	SOT-143	Tape Reel
Note: XXX: Output Voltage, refer to Marking Information.		A
83CXXXG-AD4-R (1) Packing Type (2) Package Type (3) Green Package (4) Output Voltage Code	(1) R: Tape Reel (2) AD4: SOT-143 (3) G: Halogen Free and Lea (4) XXX: Refer to Marking In	

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■ MARKING INFORMATION

PACKAGE	VOLTAGE CODE	MARKING
SOT-143	B: 2.93V C: 3.08V	8XG Voltage Code 1 2

■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	GND	Ground
2	RESET	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output remains low while V_{CC} is below the reset threshold, and for at least 140ms after V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold.
3	MR	Manual reset input. A logic low on $\overline{\text{MR}}$ asserts reset. Reset remains asserted as long as $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low and for at least 140ms after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ returns high, This active-low input has an internal $20k\Omega$ pull-up resistor. It can be driven from a TTL or CMOS-logic line, or shorted to ground with a switch. Leave open if unused.
4	V _{CC}	Supply voltage (+5V, +3.3V, +3.0V)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Terminal Voltage (respect to GND)		V_{CC}	-0.3 ~ +6.0	V
RESET Voltage	Push-Pull	V _{RESET}	$-0.3 \sim (V_{CC} + 0.3)$	V
	Open Drain	▼RESET	-0.3 ~ +6.0	V
Input Current		Icc	20	mA
Output Current (RESET)		I _{OUT}	20	mA
Power Dissipation (Ta =+70°C) Derated Above 70°C		0	320	mW
		P_{D}	4	mW/°C
Operating Temperature		ng Temperature T _{OPR}		°C
Storage Temperature		T _{STG}	-65~+150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = full range, T_A =-40°C \sim +105°C. Typical values are at T_A =25°C, unless otherwise specified)

83C293 (2.93V) (V_{CC}= 3.3V)

000230 (2.30 V) (VCC- 0.0	, ,						
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC} Range		V _{CC}	T _A =0°C~+70°C	1.0		5.5	V
			T _A =-40°C~+105°C	1.2		5.5	V
MR Input Threshold		V _{IH}	V 5V	1.98			V
		V_{IL}	$V_{CC}>V_{TH(MAX)}$			0.825	V
Reset Threshold		V_{TH}	T _A =25°C	2.871	2.93	2.988	V
Supply Current		I _{CC}	V _{CC} <3.6V, T _A =-40°C~+105°C		5	8	μΑ
RESET Output Current	Low	I _{OL}	$V_{CC}=2.5V$, $V_{\overline{RESET}}=0.5V$	8			mA
(push-pull active low)	High	I _{OH}	V_{CC} = 3.3V, $V_{\overline{RESET}}$ = 2.8V	3			mA
MR Pull-up Resistance				10	20	30	kΩ
Reset Threshold Tempco					70		ppm/°C
V _{CC} to Reset Delay			V _{CC} = V _{TH} ~(V _{TH} -100mV)		15		
Reset Active Timeout Period			V _{CC} = V _{TH(MAX)}	140	310	520	ms
MR Minima Pulse Width t _{MI}		t _{MR}			10		μs
MR Glitch Immunity (Note)					100		ns
MR to Reset Propagation Delay		t _{MD}			0.5		μs

83C308 (3.08V) (V_{CC}=3.3V)

PARAMETER SYMBO		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC} Range		.,	T _A =0°C~+70°C	1.0		5.5	V
		V_{CC}	T _A =-40°C~+105°C	1.2		5.5	V
		V_{IH}	V 5V	1.98			V
MR Input Threshold		V_{IL}	$V_{CC}>V_{TH(MAX)}$			0.825	V
Reset Threshold		V_{TH}	T _A =25°C	3.018	3.08	3.141	V
Supply Current		I _{CC}	V _{CC} <3.6V, T _A =-40°C~+105°C		5	8	μA
RESET Output Current	Low	I _{OL}	V_{CC} =2.5V, $V_{\overline{RESET}}$ = 0.5V	8			mA
(push-pull active low)	High	I _{OH}	V_{CC} = 3.3V, $V_{\overline{RESET}}$ = 2.8V	3			mA
MR Pull-up Resistance			1	10	20	30	kΩ
Reset Threshold Tempco		THE.		70		ppm/°C	
V _{CC} to Reset Delay			$V_{CC} = V_{TH} \sim (V_{TH}-100 \text{mV})$	5.	15		
		$V_{CC} = V_{TH(MAX)}$	140	310	520	ms	
MR Minima Pulse Width		t_{MR}	A B4 109		10		μs
MR Glitch Immunity (Note)		7 3237 6/1/11		100		ns	
$\overline{\text{MR}}$ to Reset Propagation Delay t_{M}		t _{MD}	Jo W.		0.5		μs

Note: "Glitches" of 100ns or less typical values will not generate a reset pulse.



DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The UTC **83CXXX** have a push-pull output stage. A microprocessor's (μ P's) reset input initiates the microprocessor in a known state. The UTC **83CXXX** assert a reset signal as long as the V_{CC} power supply voltage drops below a preset threshold. When V_{CC} has risen over the reset threshold, the devices keep the signal for at least 140ms. They have a function of preventing code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions by resetting.

See the manual reset input section if you want to see function that the manual reset input (\overline{MR}) can initiate a reset.

Manual Reset Input

Many products based on microprocessor need manual reset characteristic, allowing them to initiate a reset. Reset keeps working while $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low, and when $\overline{\text{MR}}$ returns high it is for the reset Active Timeout Period (t_{RP}). TTL or CMOS-logic levels, or with open-drain / collector outputs both can drive $\overline{\text{MR}}$ will be started by a logic low on manual reset .Because the input has a build-in 20k Ω pull-up resistor; it can be left open if it is not used. We can put a 0.1 μ F capacitor from $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to ground if $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is driven from long cables or the device is used in a noisy environment strengthening additional noise capacity. Connecting a normally open momentary switch from $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to ground to create a manual-reset function, and external debounce circuitry is not required.

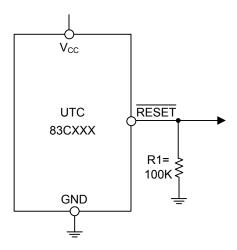


Figure 1. \overline{RESET} Valid to V_{CC} = Ground Circuit



APPLICATION INFORMATION

1. Ensuring a Valid Reset Output Down to Vcc = 0

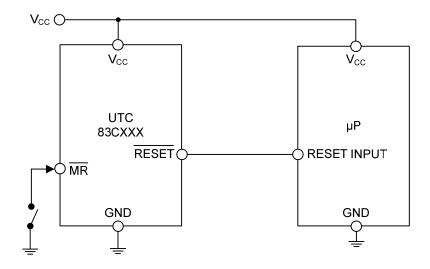
The UTC 83CXXX $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output no more sinks current when V_{CC} drops below 1V—it becomes an open circuit. Therefore, high-impedance CMOS logic input connected to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problem in most applications since most microprocessors and other circuitry can't be operated when V_{CC} is under 1V. In figure 1, however, in applications where $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ must be valid down to 0V. In order to causes any stray leakage currents to flow to ground, adding a pull-down resistor to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, that holding $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low. (R1's value is not critical and the value 100k Ω is large enough not to load $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and small enough to pull $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ to ground).

2. Benefits of Highly Accurate Reset Threshold

Most microprocessor supervisor ICs has reset threshold voltages between 5% and 10% below the value of nominal supply voltages. If using ICs rated at only the nominal supply ±5%, this leaves an uncertainty zone where the supply is between 5% and 10% low and where the reset may or may not be asserted.

The UTC 83C308 with high accuracy ensure that the reset is asserted closely to 5% limit and long before the supply has declined to 10% below nominal.

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



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