

UNISONIC TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD

# DPA5V3F

Preliminary

CMOS IC

# 2.8W FILTER-FREE MONO CLASS D AUDIO POWER AMPLIFIER

#### DESCRIPTION

The UTC **DPA5V3F** is a differential class-D BTL power amplifier. It can drive up to 2.2W into a 4 $\Omega$  load and 1.4W into an 8 $\Omega$  load at 5V. It achieves outstanding efficiency (88% typ.) compared to standard AB-class audio amps.

The gain of the device can be controlled via two external gain setting resistors. Pop & click reduction circuitry provides low on/off switch noise while allowing the device to start within 5ms. A standby function (active low) enables the current consumption to be reduced to 10nA typical.

### FEATURES

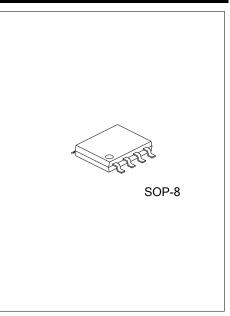
- \* Operating from  $V_{CC}$ =2.4V~5.5V
- \* Standby mode active low
- \* Low current consumption 2mA at 3V
- \* Adjustable gain via external resistors
- \* Output power: 2.8W into  $4\Omega$  and 1.7W into  $8\Omega$  with 10% THD+N maximum and 5 V power supply
- $^{\ast}$  Output power: 2.2W at 5V or 0.7W at 3.0V into 4 $\Omega$  with 1% THD+N maximum
- \* Output power: 1.4W at 5V or 0.5W at 3.0V into  $8\Omega$  with 1% THD+N maximum
- \* PWM base frequency: 280kHz
- \* Efficiency: 88% typical
- \* Signal to noise ratio: 85dB typical
- \* PSRR: 63dB typical at 217Hz with 6dB gain
- \* Low pop & click noise

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering Number	Package	Packing
DPA5V3FG-S08-R	SOP-8	Tape Reel

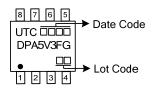
DPA5V3FG- <u>S08</u> -R (1)Packing Type (2)Package Type (3)Green Package	(1) R: Tape Reel (2) S08: SOP-8 (3) G: Halogen Free and Lead Free
EE ST.	W.Flying



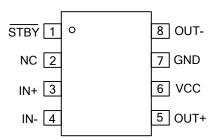


# DPA5V3F

# MARKING



# PIN CONFIGURATION



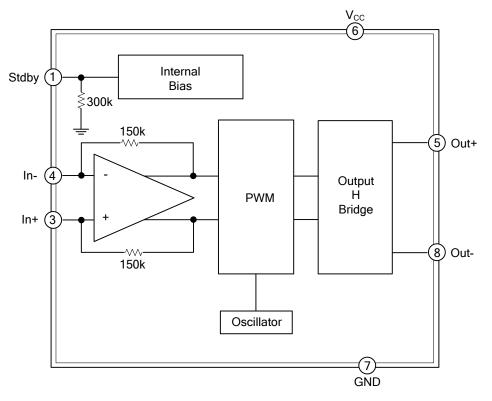
### PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	STBY	Standby input pin (active low)
2	NC	No internal connection pin
3	IN+	Positive input pin
4	IN-	Negative input pin
5	OUT+	Positive output pin
6	V <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply input pin
7	GND	Ground input pin
8	OUT-	Negative output pin



# DPA5V3F

# BLOCK DIAGRAM





#### ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage (Note 2, 3)	V <sub>CC</sub>	6	V
Input Voltage (Note 4)	V <sub>IN</sub>	GND~V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Power Dissipation	PD	Internally Limited (Note 4)	
Standby Pin Maximum Voltage (Note 6)	V <sub>STBY</sub>	GND~V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	TJ	150	°C
Operating Free Air Temperature Range	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65~+150	°C

Notes: 1. Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

 Caution: this device is not protected in the event of abnormal operating conditions such as short-circuiting between any one output pin and ground or between any one output pin and V<sub>CC</sub>, and between individual output pins.

- 3. All voltage values are measured with respect to the ground pin.
- 4. The magnitude of the input signal must never exceed V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V/GND 0.3V.
- 5. Exceeding the power derating curves during a long period will provoke abnormal operation.
- 6. The magnitude of the standby signal must never exceed  $V_{CC}$ + 0.3V/GND -0.3V.

#### OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage (Note 1)		V <sub>CC</sub>	2.4~5.5	V
Common Mode Input Voltage Range (Note 2)		VIC	0.5~V <sub>CC</sub> -0.8	V
Standby Voltage Input	age Input Device ON		1.4≤V <sub>STBY</sub> ≤V <sub>CC</sub>	V
(Note 3)	Device OFF	V <sub>STBY</sub>	GND≤V <sub>STBY</sub> ≤0.4 (Note 4)	V
Load Resistor		RL	≥4	Ω

Notes: 1. For V<sub>CC</sub> between 2.4V and 2.5V, the operating temperature range is reduced to  $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ .

2. For V<sub>CC</sub> between 2.4V and 2.5V, the common mode input range must be set at V<sub>CC</sub>/2.

3. Without any signal on  $V_{\text{STBY}}$ , the device will be in standby.

4. Minimum current consumption is obtained when  $V_{STBY}$ =GND.



# Preliminary

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>CC</sub>=+5V, with GND=0V,  $V_{icm}$ =2.5V, and T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	OTMIDUL			+5V		2.3	3.3	mA
			+4.2V		2.1	3	mA	
Supply Current		No Input Signal, No Load		+3.6V		2	2.8	mA
	Icc			+3.0V		1.9	2.0	mA
				+2.5V		1.7	2.4	mA
					1.7	2.4	mA	
Standby Current (Note 1)		+2.4V No Input Signal, V <sub>STBY</sub> =GND				1.7	1000	nA
Output Offset Voltage	I <sub>STBY</sub> V <sub>OO</sub>	No Input Signal				3	25	mV
	<b>V</b> 00	No input Signal	, NL-012	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V		2.2	20	W
			$V_{CC}=3V$ $V_{CC}=4.2V$		1.5		W	
				V <sub>CC</sub> =4.2V V <sub>CC</sub> =3.6V		1.0		W
		THD=1% max, f =1kHz, R <sub>L</sub> =4Ω				0.7		W
		$1 - 1 \times 12, 1 \times -452$		$V_{CC}=3.0V$		0.7		W
				V <sub>CC</sub> =2.5V				W
				$V_{CC}=2.4V$		0.42		W
				$V_{CC}=5V$		2.8		
				$V_{CC}=4.2V$		1.95		W
		THD=10% max	, G=60B	V <sub>CC</sub> =3.6V		1.4		W
		f=1kHz, $R_L$ =4 $\Omega$		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$		1		W
				$V_{CC}=2.5V$		0.65		W
Output Power	Pout		V <sub>CC</sub> =2.			0.61		W
						1.4		W
				V <sub>CC</sub> =4.2V V <sub>CC</sub> =3.6V		0.9		W
						0.7		W
		V <sub>cc</sub> =		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$		0.5		W
				V <sub>CC</sub> =2.5V V <sub>CC</sub> =2.4V		0.33		W
						0.3		W
				V <sub>CC</sub> =5V V <sub>CC</sub> =4.2V		1.7		W
						1.1		W
		THD=10% max	,	V <sub>CC</sub> =3.6V		0.85		W
				$V_{CC}=3.0V$		0.6		W
			V <sub>CC</sub> =2.5V		0.41		W	
			D = 0.50  m/M	$V_{CC}=2.4V$		0.38		W
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise		G=6dB,	P <sub>OUT</sub> =850mW <sub>RMS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V		2		%
			$P_{OUT}=600 \text{mW}_{RMS}$	$V_{CC}=4.2V$		2		%
		20Hz <f<20khz< td=""><td><math>P_{OUT}</math>=450m<math>W_{RMS}</math></td><td>V<sub>CC</sub>=3.6V</td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td>%</td></f<20khz<>	$P_{OUT}$ =450m $W_{RMS}$	V <sub>CC</sub> =3.6V		2		%
		R <sub>L</sub> =8Ω+15µH, BW<30kHz	$P_{OUT}$ =300m $W_{RMS}$	$V_{CC}=3.0V$		2		%
			$P_{OUT}$ =180m $W_{RMS}$	$V_{CC}=2.5V$		1		%
	THD+N		$P_{OUT}=150 \text{mW}_{RMS}$	$V_{CC}=2.4V$		1		%
		G=6dB, f=1kHz	$P_{OUT}=1W_{RMS}$	$V_{CC}=5V$		0.4		%
				$V_{CC}=4.2V$		0.35		%
		R <sub>L</sub> =8Ω+15µH, BW<30kHz	$P_{OUT}=500 \text{mW}_{RMS}$	$V_{CC}=3.6V$		0.1		%
			$P_{OUT}=350 \text{mW}_{RMS}$	$V_{cc}=3.0V$	2	0.1		%
			POUT=200mW <sub>RMS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =2.5V	<u> </u>	0.05		%
Efficiency	η	P <sub>OUT</sub> =2W <sub>RMS</sub> , R		12 28	).	78		%
		POUT=1.2VVRMS,	<u>R</u> <sub>L</sub> =8Ω+≥15μH	200		88		%



# ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

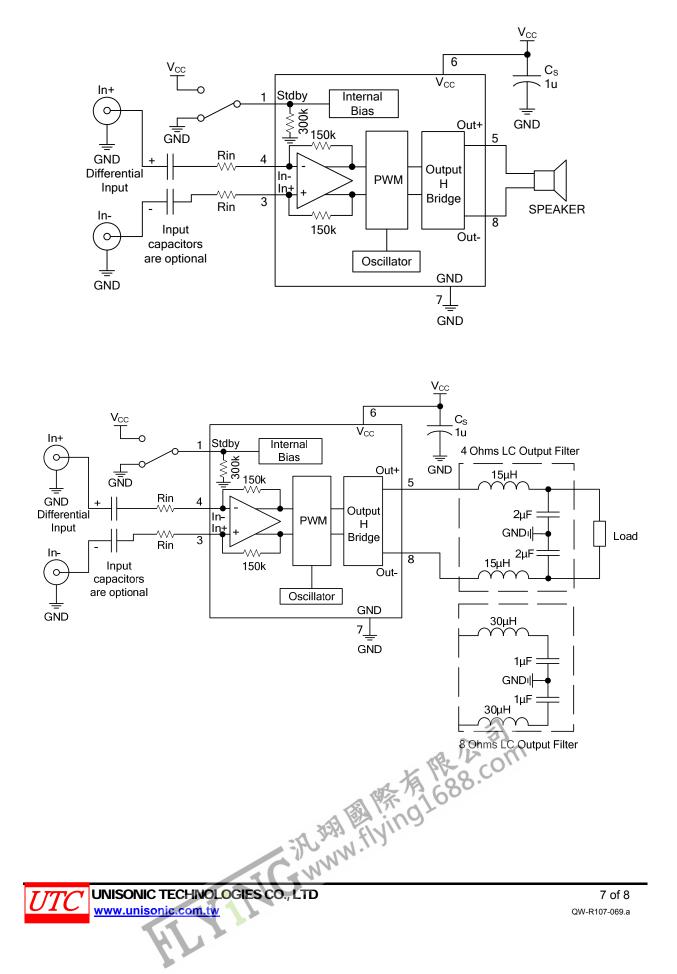
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TES	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio with Inputs Grounded (Note 2)	PSRR	f=217Hz, R <sub>L</sub> =8Ω, G=6dB, V <sub>ripple</sub> =200mV <sub>pp</sub>			63		dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	f=217Hz, R <sub>L</sub> =8 $\Omega$ , G=6dB, $\Delta V_{ic}$ =200mV <sub>pp</sub>			57		dB
Gain Value (R <sub>in</sub> in kΩ)	Gain	Gain value (Rin ir	ι kΩ)	$\frac{273 k\Omega}{R_{in}}$	$\frac{300 k\Omega}{R_{in}}$	$\frac{327k\Omega}{R_{in}}$	V/V
Internal Resistance from Standby to GND	R <sub>STBY</sub>	Internal resistance	e from standby to GND	273	300	327	kΩ
Pulse Width Modulator Base Frequency	F <sub>PWM</sub>	Pulse width modu	lator base frequency	200	280	360	kHz
Signal to Noise Ratio (A Weighting)	SNR	P <sub>OUT</sub> =1.2W, R <sub>L</sub> =8		85		dB	
Wake-Up Time	t <sub>wu</sub>	Wake-up time		5	10	ms	
Standby Time	t <sub>STBY</sub>	Standby time			5	10	ms
		f=20Hz~20kHz,	Unweighted $R_L=4\Omega$		85		$\mu V_{\text{RMS}}$
			A-weighted $R_L=4\Omega$		60		$\mu V_{\text{RMS}}$
			Unweighted $R_L=8\Omega$		86		$\mu V_{\text{RMS}}$
			A-weighted $R_L = 8\Omega$		62		$\mu V_{\text{RMS}}$
			Unweighted $R_L=4\Omega+15\mu H$		83		$\mu V_{\text{RMS}}$
			A-weighted $R_L = 4\Omega + 15\mu H$		60		$\mu V_{\text{RMS}}$
	V <sub>N</sub>		Unweighted $R_L = 4\Omega + 30\mu H$		88		$\mu V_{\text{RMS}}$
Output Voltage Noise	۷N	G=6dB	A-weighted $R_L = 4\Omega + 30\mu H$		64		$\mu V_{\text{RMS}}$
			Unweighted $R_L = 8\Omega + 30\mu H$		78		$\mu V_{RMS}$
			A-weighted $R_L=8\Omega+30\mu H$		57		$\mu V_{RMS}$
			Unweighted $R_L=4\Omega$ +filter		87		$\mu V_{RMS}$
			A-weighted $R_L=4\Omega$ +filter		65		$\mu V_{RMS}$
			Unweighted R <sub>L</sub> =4 $\Omega$ +filter		82		$\mu V_{RMS}$
			A-weighted $R_L=4\Omega$ +filter		59		μV <sub>RMS</sub>

Notes: 1. Standby mode is active when  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize STBY}}$  is tied to GND.

2. Dynamic measurements -20×log ( $R_{MS}(V_{OUT}) / R_{MS} (V_{ripple})$ ).  $V_{ripple}$  is the superimposed sinusoidal signal to  $V_{CC}$  at f=217Hz.

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### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT (See Table 1)



#### **TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT (Cont.)**

COMPONENT	FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION		
Cs	Bypass supply capacitor. Install as close as possible to the DPA5V3F to minimize high-frequency ripple. A 100 nF ceramic capacitor should be added to enhance the power supply filtering at high frequencies.		
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input resistor used to program the DPA5V3F's differential gain (gain = 300 k $\Omega$ / R <sub>IN</sub> with R <sub>IN</sub> in k $\Omega$ ).		
Input Capacitor	Because of common-mode feedback, these input capacitors are optional. However, they can be added to form with Rin a 1st order high-pass filter with -3 dB cut-off frequency = $1/(2 \times \pi \times R_{IN} \times C_{IN})$ .		

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