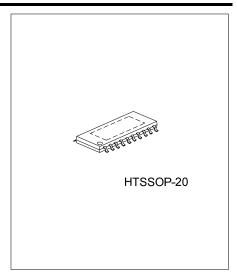
PA3431 **CMOS IC** 

# **2W STEREO AUDIO AMPLIFIER**

#### DESCRIPTION

As a stereo audio speaker which is operating on a single 5V supply, the UTC PA3431 is capable of delivering 2W of output power per channel into 4Ω loads in Bridge-Tied Load (BTL) mode with less than 1% THD+N. Way of two terminals (GAIN0 and GAIN1) can configured and control the amplifier gain. It also provided BTL gain settings of 6 dB, 10 dB, 15.6 dB, and 21.6 dB (inverting). Other features: the SHDN mode is supported to disable UTC PA3431 for the low current consumption applications; the current consumption can be reduced to typically 110µA.

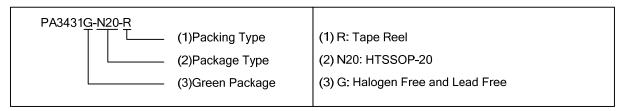


#### **FEATURES**

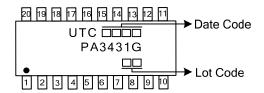
- \* 2W Output power into  $4\Omega$  load from 5V supply each channel
- \* Gain control internally
- \* Differential input fully
- \* Depop circuitry
- \* Shutdown protection thermally

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering Number	Package	Packing
PA3431G-N20-R	HTSSOP-20	Tape Reel



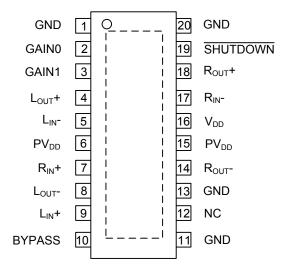
### **MARKING**



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### **■ PIN CONFIGURATION**



### **■ PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	I/O	DESCRIPTION	
1,11 13,20	GND		Ground	
2	GAIN0		Bit 0 of gain control	
3	GAIN1		Bit 1 of gain control	
4	L <sub>OUT</sub> +	0	Positive output for left channel	
5	L <sub>IN</sub> -	I	Negative differential input for left channel	
6,15	$PV_{DD}$	I	Supply voltage	
7	R <sub>IN</sub> +	I	Positive differential input for right channel	
8	L <sub>OUT</sub> -	0	Negative output for left channel	
9	L <sub>IN</sub> +		Positive differential input for left channel	
10	BYPASS		Tap to voltage divider for internal mid supply bias generator	
12	NC		Nothing connection	
14	R <sub>OUT</sub> -	0	Negative output for right channel	
16	$V_{DD}$		Supply voltage	
17	R <sub>IN</sub> -	I	Negative differential input for right channel	
18	R <sub>OUT</sub> +	0	Positive output for right channel	
19	SHUTDOWN	ı	In shutdown mode when held low	

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	6	V
Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> ≤25°C)	P <sub>D</sub>	2.7	W
Junction Temperature	TJ	+150	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 ~ <b>+</b> 150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

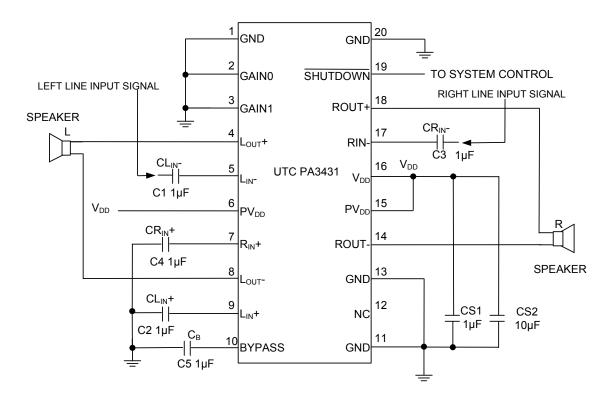
## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>A</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$		4.5	5	5.5	V	
High-Level Input Voltage	$V_{IH}$	SHUTDOWN, GAIN0, GAIN1	2			V	
Low-Level Input Voltage	$V_{IL}$	SHUTDOWN, GAIN0, GAIN1			0.8	V	
DC Differential Output Voltage	$V_{O(DIFF)}$	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5V,Gain = 2		5	50	mV	
Supply Current in Mute Mode	$I_{DD}$	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5V, Stereo BTL		4	11	mA	
Supply Current, Shutdown Mode	I <sub>DD(SD)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5V		110	300	μA	
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC	CS (V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0V	$V, R_L = 4\Omega$ )					
	Роит	THD =1%, BTL, $R_L$ = $4\Omega$ , G=- $2V/V$		2		W	
Output Bower		THD =1%, BTL, $R_L$ = $8\Omega$ , $G$ =- $2V/V$		1.2			
Output Power		THD =10%, BTL, $R_L$ = $4\Omega$ , G=- $2V/V$		2.5			
		THD = 10%, BTL, $R_L$ = 8 $\Omega$ , G=-2V/V		1.6			
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	$P_{OUT}$ = 1.6W, BTL, $R_L$ = 4 $\Omega$ , G=-2V/V		100		m%	
		$P_{OUT}$ = 1W, BTL, $R_L$ = 8 $\Omega$ , G=-2V/V		60		11170	
Max Output Power Bandwidth	Вом	THD = 5%		15		kHz	
Power Supply Ripple Rejection	PSRR	F=1kHz,BTL,G=-2V/V, C <sub>BYP</sub> =1µF		68		dB	
Channel-to-Channel		f = 41/11=		80		dB	
Output Separation		f = 1kHz		80		иь	
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	P <sub>OUT</sub> = 500mW, BTL, G=-2V/V		90		dB	
Output Noise Voltage	V <sub>N</sub>	DTI C= 2\/\/ \ \ \\/\oightad filter		45		μV	
Output Noise Voltage		BTL, G=-2V/V, A Weighted filter		40		(rms)	

Note: Output power is measured at the output terminals of the IC at 1kHz.



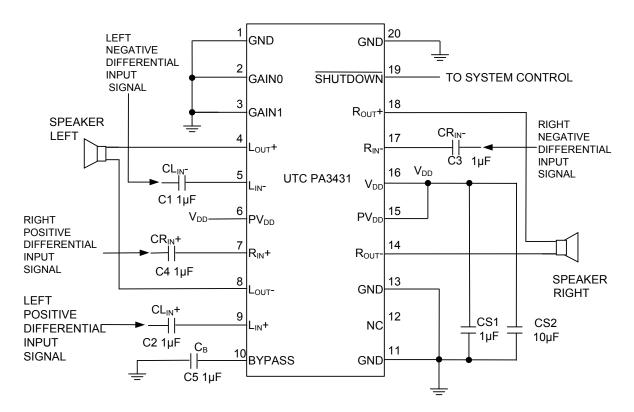
### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



Typical Application Circuit Using Single-Ended Inputs



### **TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT(Cont.)**



Typical Application Circuit Using Differential Inputs



PA3431

### APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### **Shutdown Mode Operating**

SHUTDOWN PIN INPUT	THE AMPLIFIER'S OUTPUT
LOW	MUTE(the current of this device will be reduced to 110μA)
HIGH	BTL
OTHERS	Don't Care

#### C<sub>I</sub>(Input Capacitor)

The value of  $C_1$  is important to consider as it directly affects the bass performance of the application circuit. When  $C_1$  is required to allow the amplifier to bias the input signal to the proper dc level for optimum operation, it's value can be calculate by this equation:

CI=1/(2πR<sub>I</sub>F<sub>C</sub>) R<sub>I</sub>:Input Impedance F<sub>C</sub>:High-pass Filter's Frequency

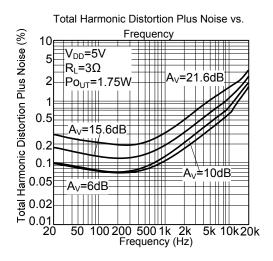
The low leakage tantalum or ceramic capacitors are suggested to be used as the input coupling capacitors, because of the small leakage current of the input ca-pacitors will cause the dc offset voltage at the input to the amplifier that reduces the operation headroom, especially at the high gain applications. It is important to let the positive side connecting to the higher dc level of the application when using the polarized capacitors.

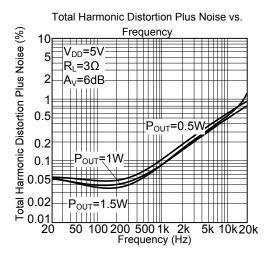
#### Gain setting (VS GAIN0, GAIN1 and R<sub>I</sub>)

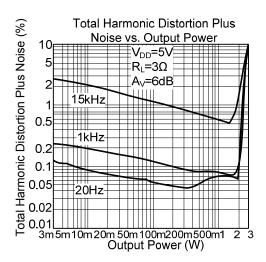
Gain setting is determined by GAIN0 and GAIN1. The gains listed in the next table are realized by changing the taps on the input resistors inside the amplifier which will cause the internal input impedance( $R_1$ ) to be dependent on the gain setting as we can see listed in the next table.

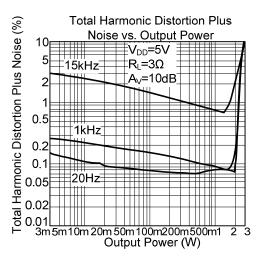
A <sub>V</sub> (dB)	GAIN0	GAIN1	$R_l(k\Omega)$
6	0	0	90
10	0	1	70
15.6	1	0	45
21.6	1	1	30

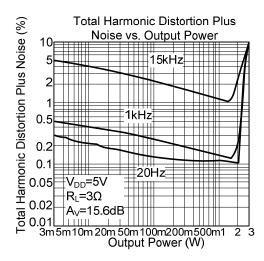
### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

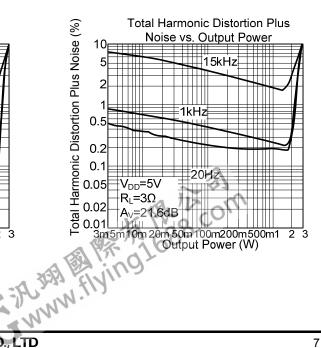




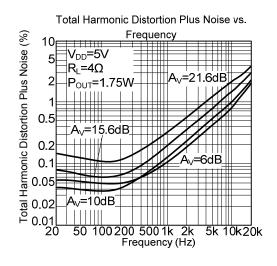


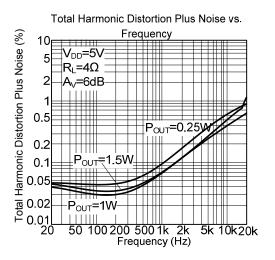


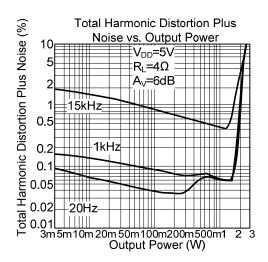


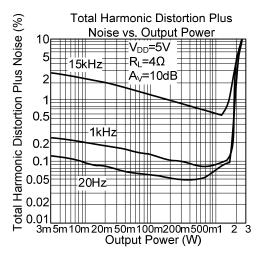


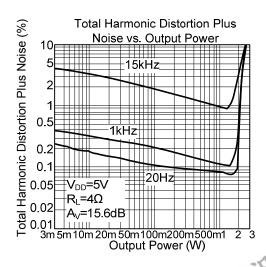
## **■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Cont.)**

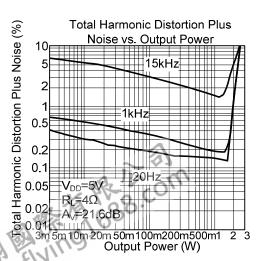




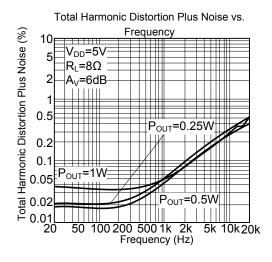


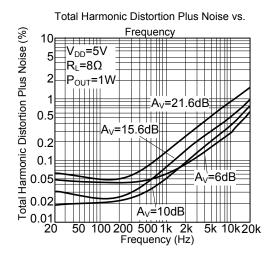


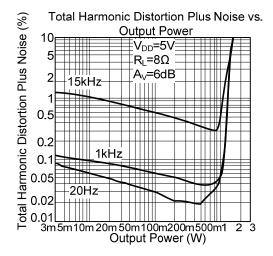


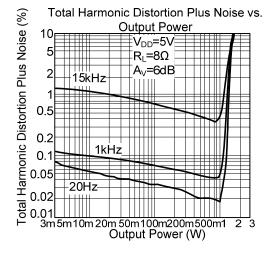


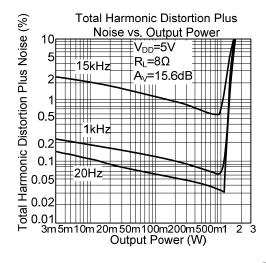
## **■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Cont.)**

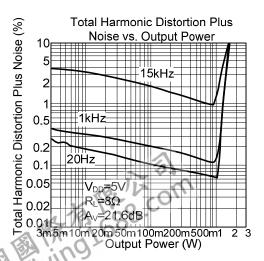




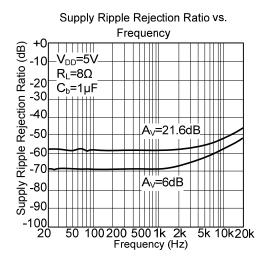


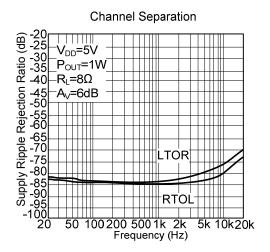


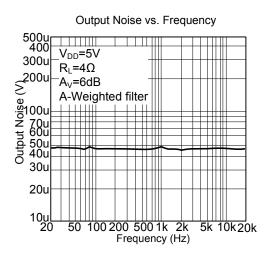


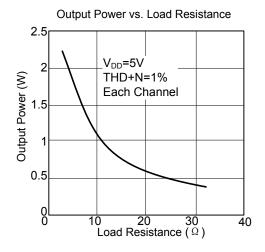


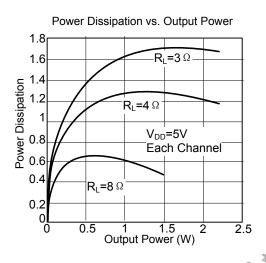
## **■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Cont.)**











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