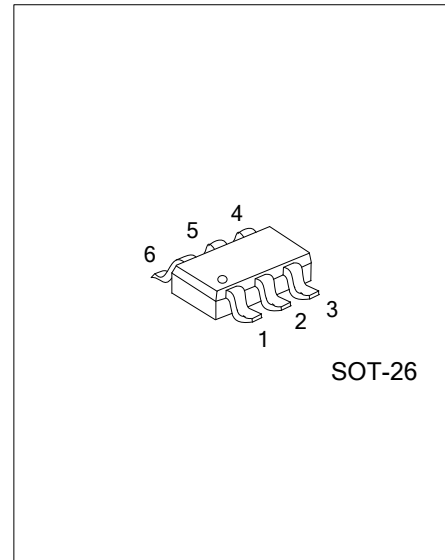




## UCS221

CMOS IC

### 1-CH DIFFERENTIAL SENSITIVITY CALIBRATION CAPACITIVE TOUCH SENSOR



#### FEATURES

- \* 1-Channel capacitive touch sensor with differential sensitivity calibration
- \* Low power consumption
- \* Uniformly adjustable sensitivity
- \* Sync function for parallel operation
- \* Three steps sensitivity available without external component
- \* Open-drain digital output
- \* Internal power on reset
- \* Embedded common and normal noise elimination circuit

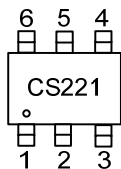
#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering Number		Package	Packing
Lead Free	Halogen Free		
UCS221L-AG6-R	UCS221G-AG6-R	SOT-26	Tape Reel

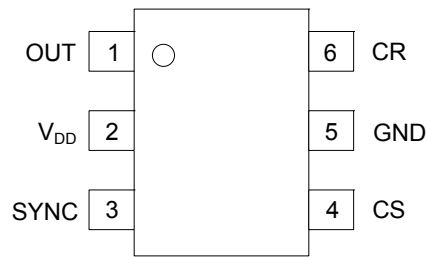
Note: Pin Assignment: G: Gate D: Drain S: Source

UCS221G-AG6-R	(1)Packing Type	(1) R: Tape Reel
	(2)Package Type	(2) AG6: SOT-26
	(3)Green Package	(3) G: Halogen Free and Lead Free, L: Lead Free

#### MARKING



■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN No.	PIN NAME	Description
1	OUTPUT	Touch detect output.
2	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power (2.5V ~ 5.0V).
3	SYNC	Self operation signal output Peripheral operation signal input Sensitivity selection input.
4	CS	Capacitive sensor input.
5	GND	Supply ground.
6	CR	Reference capacitive sensor input for differential sensitivity calibration.

### ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	5.5	V
Maximum Voltage On Any Pin	$V_{IN}$	$V_{DD}+0.3$	V
Maximum Current On Any PAD	$V_{SHDN}$	100	mA
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	200	mW
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	150	°C
Operating Temperature	$T_{OPR}$	-20 ~ +75	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$	-50 ~ +150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

### ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ , $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Operating Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$		2.5	3.3	5	V
Current Consumption	$I_{DD}$	$V_{DD}=3.3V$		25	40	$\mu A$
		$V_{DD}=5.0V$		40	70	$\mu A$
Sense Input Capacitance Range (Note3)	$C_S$			10		pF
Reference Input Capacitance Range (Note4)	$C_R$			12		pF
Sense Input Resistance Range	$R_S$			200		$\Omega$
Minimum Detectable Capacitance Variation	$\Delta C_S$	$C_S=10pF$		0.2		pF
Output Impedance (Open Drain)	$Z_O$	$\Delta C_S > 0.2pF$		12		$\Omega$
		$\Delta C_S < 0.2pF$		30		$M\Omega$
Self Calibration Time After $V_{DD}$ Setting	$T_{CAL}$			200		ms
Maximum Supply Voltage Rising Time	$T_{R\_VDD}$			100		ms
Recommended Sync Resistance Range	$R_{SYNC}$			2		$M\Omega$

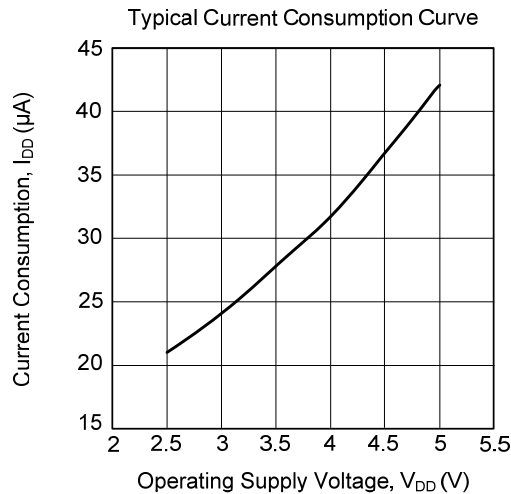
Notes: 1. The sensitivity can be increased with lower  $C_S$  value. The recommended value of  $C_S$  is 10pF when using 3T PC(Poly Carbonate) cover and 10mm x 7mm touch pattern and middle sensitivity selection.

2.  $C_R$  value is recommended as same that of  $C_{S\_TOT}$  as possible for effective differential sensitivity calibration.  $C_{S\_TOT} = C_S + C_{PARA}$  ( $C_{PARA}$  is parasitic capacitance of CS pin) If proper CR capacitor value is used, CR pin has almost same frequency as that of CS pin.

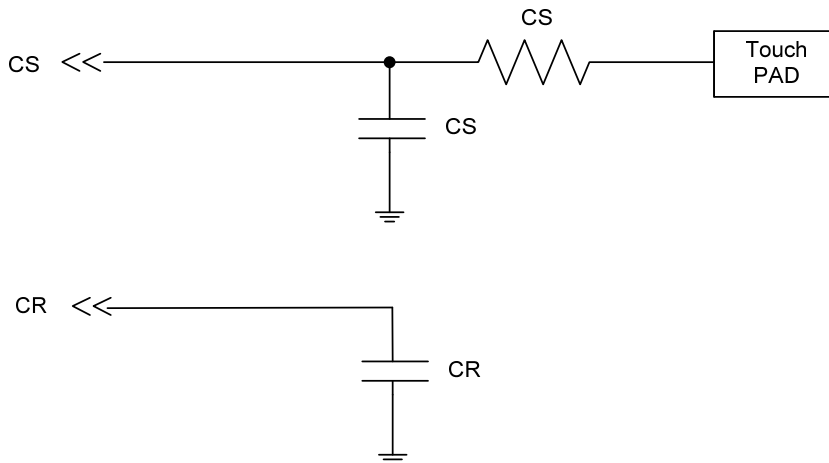
## ■ DETAILED DESCRIPTION

### Current consumption

UCS221 uses internal bias circuit, so internal clock frequency and current consumption is not adjusted. The typical current consumption curve of UCS221 is represented in accordance with  $V_{DD}$  voltage as below. The higher  $V_{DD}$  requires more current consumption. Internal bias circuit can make the circuit design simple and reduce external components.



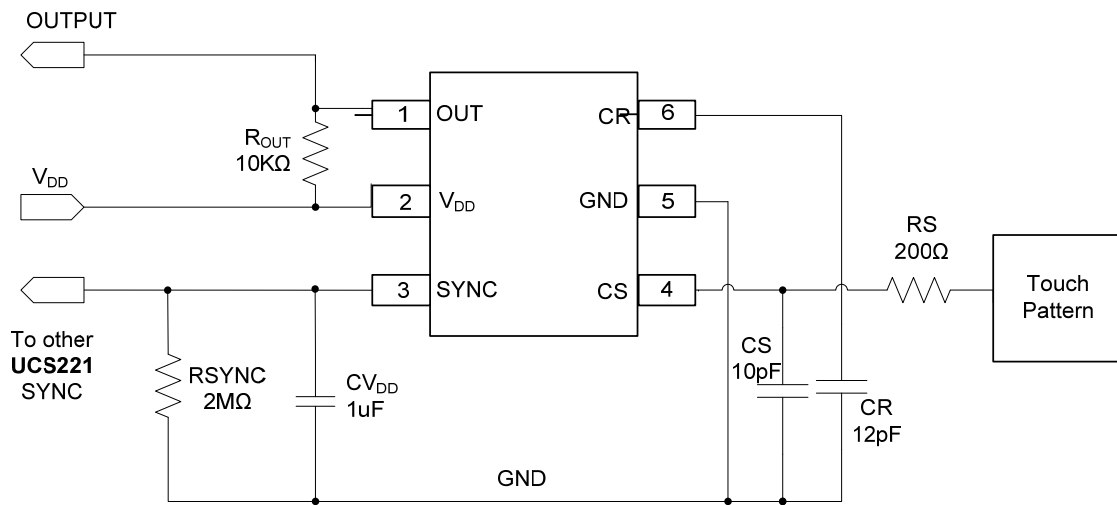
### CS and CR implementation



The parallel capacitor  $C_S$  is added to CS and  $C_R$  to CR to adjust fine sensitivity. The major factor of the sensitivity is  $C_S$ . The sensitivity would be increased when smaller  $C_S$  value is used. (Ref. below Sensitivity Example Figure) The  $C_R$  value should be almost the same as the total  $C_S$  capacitance ( $C_{S\_TOT}$ ) for effective differential sensitivity calibration. The total  $C_S$  capacitance is composed of  $C_S$  which is set for optimal sensitivity and parasitic capacitance of CS pattern ( $C_{PARA}$ ). The parasitic capacitance of CS pattern is about 2pF if normal touch pattern size is used. But in the case of using larger touch pattern,  $C_{PARA}$  is bigger than normal value.

The  $R_S$  is serial connection resistor to avoid malfunction from external surge and ESD. (It might be optional.) From 200 $\Omega$  to 1k $\Omega$  is recommended for  $R_S$ . The size and shape of touch PAD might have influence on the sensitivity. The sensitivity will be optimal when the size of PAD is approximately an half of the first knuckle (it's about 10mm $\times$ 7mm). The connection line of CS to the touch PAD is recommended to be routed as short as possible to prevent from abnormal touch detection caused by connection line.

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



The capacitor and resistor might be connected with CS (pin4) for getting a stable sensitivity.

The capacitor value which is connected to CR pin ( $C_R$ ) should be almost the same as the total CS capacitance (include parasitic capacitance) for an effective differential sensitivity calibration.

**UCS221** is reset by internal reset circuit.  $V_{DD}$  voltage rising time should be shorter than 100msec for proper operation.

The sensitivity can be adjusted through a connection of SYNC pin.

From two **UCS221** to ten **UCS221** (or other TS series touch sensor) can work on the one application at the same time thanks to SYNC function.

**UCS221** OUT port has an open drain structure. The pull-up resistor should therefore be needed as above figure.

$V_{DD}$  periodic voltage ripples over 50mV or the ripple frequency which is lower than 10 kHz it can cause wrong sensitivity calibration. To prevent above problem, power ( $V_{DD}$ , GND) line of touch circuit should be separated from the other circuit. Especially the LED driver power line or digital switching circuit power line should be certainly treated to be separated from touch circuit.

The  $C_S$  pattern should be routed as short as possible and the width of the line should be around 0.25mm.

The  $C_S$  pattern routing should be formed by bottom metal (opposite metal of touch PAD).

The capacitor which is between  $V_{DD}$  and GND is an obligation. It should be placed as close as possible from **UCS221**.

The empty space of PCB must be filled with GND pattern to strengthen GND pattern and to prevent external noise that causes interference with the sensing frequency.

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