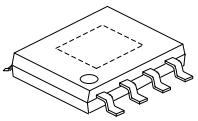
UD38252

CMOS IC

38V SYNCHRONOUS BUCK CONVERTER WITH CC/CV



HSOP-8

■ DESCRIPTION

UTC **UD38252** is a wide input voltage, high efficiency Active CC step-down DC/DC converter that operates in either CV (Constant Output Voltage) mode or CC (Constant Output Current) mode. UTC **UD38252** provides up to 2.5A output current at 160kHz switching frequency. Current mode control provides fast transient response and cycle-by-cycle current limit.

An internal soft-start prevents inrush current at turn-on, provides a very compact solution with minimal external components.

■ FEATURES

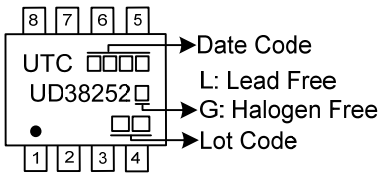
* Wide 8V to 38V Operating Input Range
* Integrated 140mΩ Power MOSFET Switches
* Output Adjustable from V_{FB}(1.00V±2%) to 5.5V
* Up to 92% Efficiency
* Internal Soft-Start.
* Stable with Low ESR Ceramic Output Capacitors
* Fixed 160KHz Frequency
* Cycle-by-Cycle Over Current Protection
* Input Under/Over Voltage Lockout

■ ORDERING INFORMATION

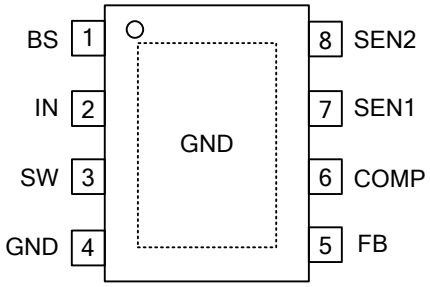
Ordering Number		Package	Packing
Lead Free	Halogen Free		
UD38252L-SH2-R	UD38252G-SH2-R	HSOP-8	Tape Reel

UD38252G-SH2-R (1)Packing Type (2)Package Type (3)Green Package	(1) R: Tape Reel (2) SH2: HSOP-8 (3) G: Halogen Free and Lead Free, L: Lead Free

■ MARKING



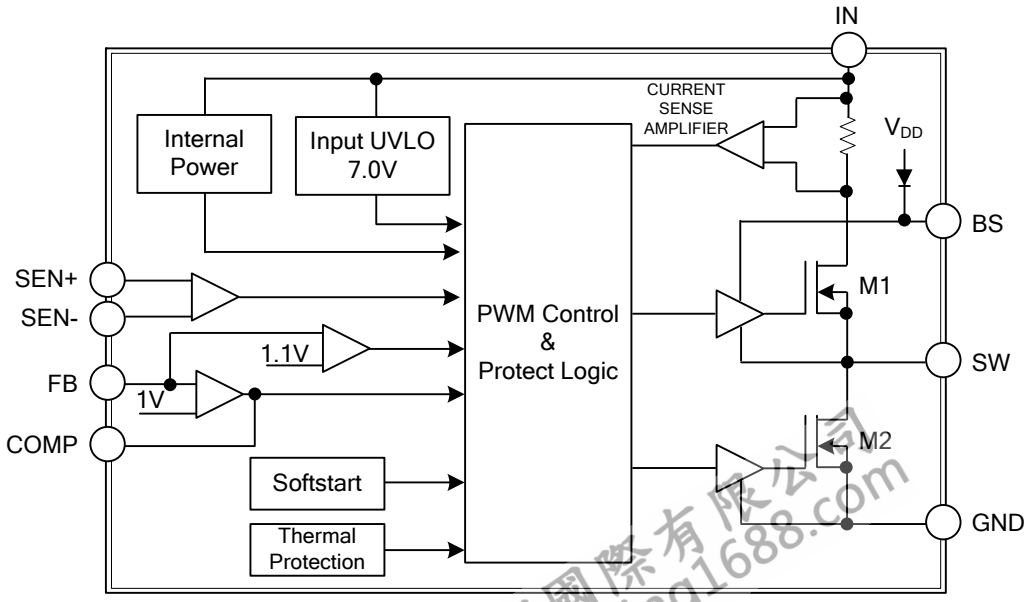
■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	BS	Boot-Strap Pin. Supply high side gate driver. Decouple this pin to LX pin with 24ohm + 0.1uF ceramic cap.
2	IN	Power Input pin. Bypass IN to GND with a suitably large capacitor to eliminate noise on the input to the IC.
3	SW	Power Switching Output. SW is the switching node that supplies power to the output. Connect the output LC filter from SW to the output load.
4	GND	Ground.
	PAD	Ground (Connect to GND).
5	FB	Feedback Input. FB senses the output voltage to regulate that voltage. Drive FB with a resistive voltage divider from the output voltage.
6	COMP	Compensation Node. COMP is used to compensate the regulation control loop. Connect a series RC network from COMP to GND to compensate the regulation control loop.
7	SEN1	The Current Sense Input (-) pin.
8	SEN2	The Current Sense Input (+) pin = V_{OUT}.

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V_{IN}	-0.3 ~ +42	V
Switch Node Voltage	V_{SW}	-0.3 ~ V_{IN}+0.3	V
Boost Voltage	V_{BS}	V_{SW}-0.3 ~ V_{SW}+ 6	V
All Other Pins Voltage		-0.3 ~ +6	V
Lead Temperature	T_L	260	°C
Junction Temperature	T_J	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-65 ~ +150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Input Supply Voltage	V_{IN}	8 ~ 38	V
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	V_{FB} ~ 6	V
Ambient Temperature	T_A	-40 ~ +85	°C

■ THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Junction To Ambient	θ_{JA}	40	°C/W
Junction to Case	θ_{JC}	15	°C/W

Note: θ_{JA} is measured with the PCB copper area of approximately 1 in^2(Multi-layer). That need connect to exposed pad.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{IN}=12V, T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Voltage Range	V_{IN}		8		38	V
Quiescent Current	I_{CCQ}	V_{FB}=1.05V		1	1.5	mA
Feedback Voltage	V_{FB}	8V≤V_{IN}≤38V	0.98	1.00	1.02	V
Feedback Overvoltage Threshold	$OVP_{(FB)}$			1.1X		V_{FB}
High-Side Switch On Resistance (Note)	$R_{DS(ON)1}$		110	150	190	mΩ
Low-Side Switch On Resistance (Note)	$R_{DS(ON)2}$		105	140	175	mΩ
High-Side Switch Leakage Current		V_{FB}=1.05V, V_{SW}=0V			10	μA
Upper Switch Current Limit		Minimum Duty Cycle	2.9	3.5		A
Lower Switch Current Limit		From Drain to Source		0.9		A
Oscillation Frequency (Note)	F_{OSC1}		110	160	210	KHz
Short Circuit Oscillation Frequency (Note)	F_{OSC2}	V_{FB}=<0.5V	35	60	85	KHz
Maximum Duty Cycle (Note)	D_{MAX}		82	87	92	%
Minimum On Time (Note)	$T_{ON(min)}$			220		ns
Sense Voltage	$\triangle V_{SEN}$	(V_{SEN2})-(V_{SEN1})	114	120	126	mV
V_{IN} OVP Turn-Off Voltage		Input voltage rising		40		V
V_{IN} OVP Hysteresis		Input voltage falling		5		V
Input Under Voltage Lockout Threshold	UVLO	V_{IN} Rising	6.5	7.0	7.9	V
Input Under Voltage Lockout Threshold Hysteresis	UVLO-Hys			800		mV
Soft-Start Period				3		ms
Thermal Shutdown (Note)	T_{SD}		140	150	170	°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysterisis (Note)	T_{SH}		25	35	50	°C

Note: Guaranteed by design.

■ FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

The UTC **UD38252** is a synchronous rectified, current-mode, step-down regulator. It regulates input voltages from 8V to 38V down to an output voltage as low as V_{FB}, and supplies up to 2.5A of load current.

The UTC **UD38252** uses current-mode control to regulate the output voltage. The output voltage is measured at FB through a resistive voltage divider and amplified through the internal Tran conductance error amplifier.

The converter uses internal N-Channel MOSFET switches to step-down the input voltage to the regulated output voltage. Since the high side MOSFET requires a gate voltage greater than the input voltage, a boost capacitor connected between SW and BS is needed to drive the high side gate. The boost capacitor is charged from the internal 5V rail when SW is low.

When the UTC **UD38252** FB pin exceeds 10% of the nominal regulation voltage of V_{FB}, the over voltage comparator is tripped and the COMP pin is discharged to GND, forcing the high-side switch off.

■ APPLICATION INFORMATION

Setting the Output Voltage

The output voltage is set using a resistive voltage divider from the output voltage to FB pin. The voltage divider divides the output voltage down to the feedback voltage by the ratio.

Thus the output voltage is:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FB} \times \frac{R1+R2}{R2}$$

For example, V_{FB} =1.00V for a 5.0V output voltage, R2 is 10kΩ, and R1 is 40kΩ.

Inductor Selection

The inductor is required to supply constant current to the output load while being driven by the switched input voltage. A larger value inductor will result in less ripple current that will result in lower output ripple voltage. However, the larger value inductor will have a larger physical size, higher series resistance, and/or lower saturation current. A good rule for determining the inductance to use is to allow the peak-to-peak ripple current in the inductor to be approximately 30% of the maximum switch current limit.

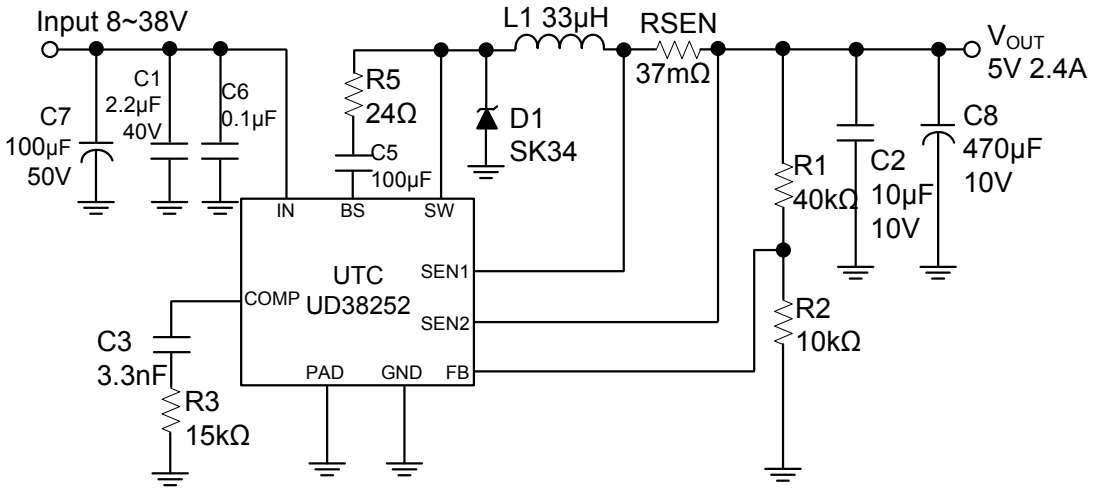
V_{IN}	<28V	<35V
Inductor	33uH	22uH

The choice of which style inductor to use mainly depends on the price vs. size requirements and any EMI requirements.

CC Measurement (L=33uH)

RSEN	100mΩ	50mΩ	40mΩ	37mΩ
IOUT	900mA	2000mA	2500mA	2700mA

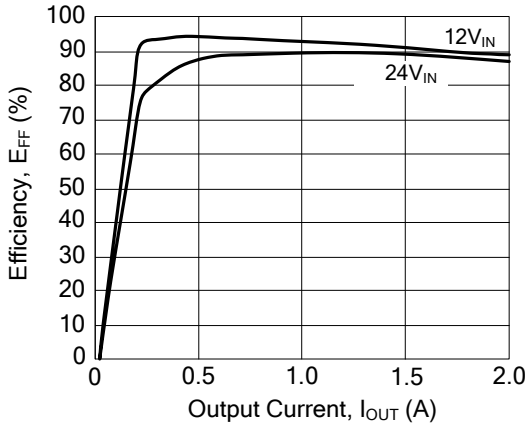
■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



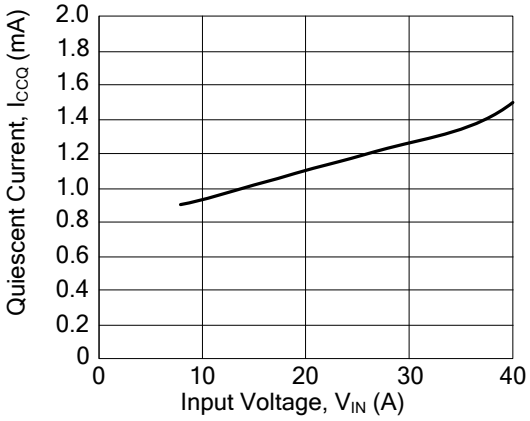
$V_{OUT}=V_{FB} \times (1+R1/R2)$, V_{FB} = 1.00V, R2 suggest 1K~30KΩ
I_{SEN} = 2.7A ($I_{SEN} \fallingdotseq V_{SEN}$(0.1V) / RSEN(37mΩ))

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

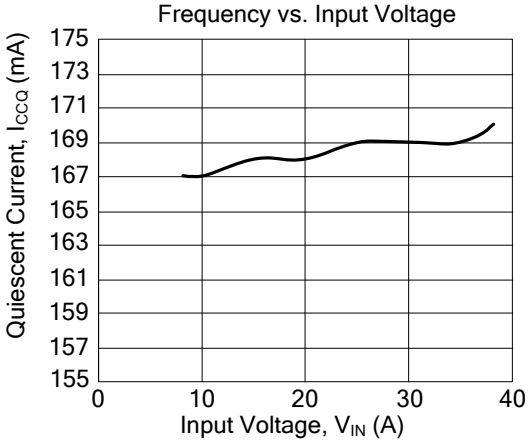
Efficiency Test (V_{OUT}=5V)



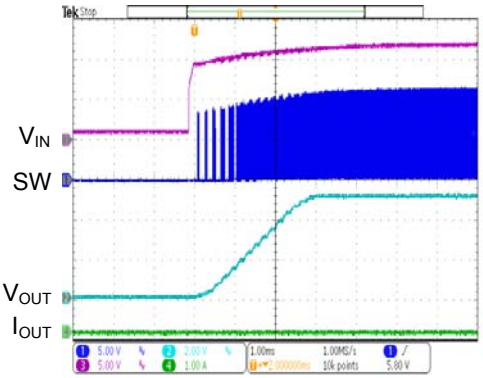
Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage



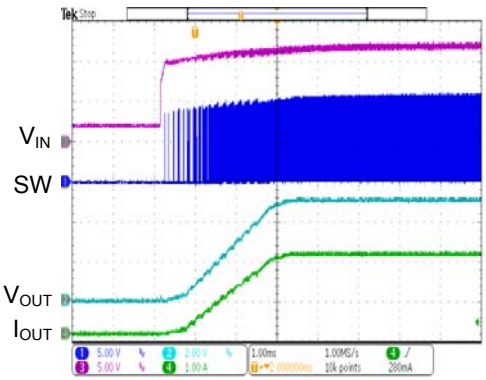
Frequency vs. Input Voltage



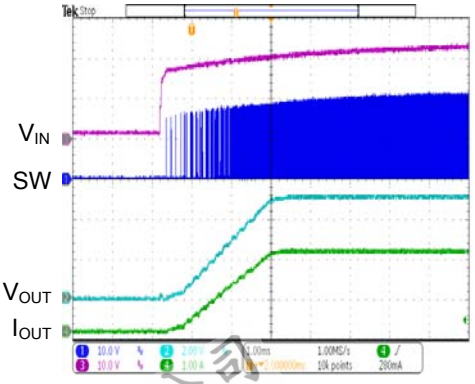
Power On
V_{IN}=12V, V_{OUT}=5V, I_{OUT}=0A



Power On
V_{IN}=12V, V_{OUT}=5V, I_{LOAD}=2A



Power On
V_{IN}=24V, V_{OUT}=5V, I_{LOAD}=2A



■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

Steady state
V_{IN}=12V, V_{OUT}=5V, I_{LOAD}=2A